

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1877.—Plans and an estimate, amounting to Rs. 86,705, for constructing a jute godown at Ruth Ghât having been submitted by the Port Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with their Vice-Chairman's letter No. 503, of the 10th May 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the execution of the work under the provisions of Section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 21st July 1877.—The following Notification, issued by the Government of India, is republished for general information:—

No. 150.—Simla, the 12th July 1877.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1875, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt from the whole of the duties of customs to which it is liable under that Act or any other law for the time-being in force all salt imported into the port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal to manufacturers of glazed stone-ware.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 24th July 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following Notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 12.)

HINDOSTAN—WEST COAST.

Position of Cochin Light-house, etc.

NOTICE is hereby given that the light exhibited at Cochin is incorrectly placed on the present Admiralty Charts.

The light-house is situated on a raised mound which formed a bastion of the old fort, and bears south-west from the Flagstaff and Cochin Church, distant 5·4 cables from the former and 2·8 cables from the latter.

The shallow water at the entrance to this river has shifted about a cable to the E.S.E.; the mark now for leading vessels over the bar is the central or largest of the three churches at Ernakolum in line with Builder's (Vypeen) Point.

The buoys marking the shoal water have been moved—the north buoy 2 cables and the south buoy nearly 3 cables in the same direction.

Note.—During the south-west monsoon these buoys are removed, as vessels anchor at Narrakel, about 5 miles to the northward of Cochin, at which place a small light is exhibited from the Flagstaff.

Position of light-house—lat. 9° 57' 47" N., long. 76° 13' 45" E.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr., (Late I. N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 14th July 1877.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Cochin river, No. 65; India West Coast, Sheet 11, No. 749, and Sheet 3, Cochin to Cape Comorin, No. 2738: also Admiralty West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, page 81; the List of Lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., 1877, page 12, and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. 1, page 408.

If this notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

The 16th July 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 10.)

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE STRAIT.

Coral Patch near Sultan Shoal.

The Colonial Secretary, Singapore, has given notice of the existence of a coral patch not marked on the Admiralty Charts, on which the S. S. *Ajax* touched on the 30th April 1877.

The result of a careful examination by Commander Willcox, Commanding H. M.'s Ship *Growler*, places this danger one mile S. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. from the Sultan beacon; its length is half a cable N. E. and S. W., and the least water found was 19 feet at low-water spring tides.

A large iron nun buoy, painted red, has been placed on the centre of the patch, and the following bearings are given:—

Sultan Shoal beacon	...	N. W. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.
Raffles light-house (Cony Island)	...	S. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E.
Tanjong Bolus	...	W. by N.

By direction of the Government of India,

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, }
The 2nd July 1877.

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR,
Supdt., Marine Survey of India.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Singapore Strait, No. 2403; Singapore Main Strait, No. 2404; Malacca Strait, No. 1355; China Sea, Sheet 1, No. 2660a; Banks to Singapore, No. 2757; and Eastern Archipelago, No. 941a; also China Sea Directory, Vol. I, page 292.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that the two declarations published in the *Calcutta Gazette* dated respectively the 15th April and 3rd September 1874, for the acquisition of land required for the first and second sections of the Tannore Feeder Road in the Rajshahye district, are cancelled.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 16th July 1877.—The following Notification is published for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 580.—The rate of conversion of Indian into sterling money for Overland Money Orders has been changed to 1s. 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per rupee. Schedule 14 of the Tariff Table is therefore in force until further notice.

W. WATERFIELD, Offg. Comptroller-General.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th July 1877.—The following programme of a visitation tour of the Lord Bishop of Calcutta through the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is hereby published for general information:—

	Arrival.	Departure.
Goalundo ... ..	...	19th July 1877.
Burrisal	21st July	23rd "
Commillah	24th "	26th "
Dacca	27th "	31st "
Cooch Behar ... ..	...	3rd October.
Buxa	5th October	8th "
Julpigoree	10th "	...
Kurseong	13th "	...
Darjeeling	15th "	29th "
Calcutta	31st "	1st November.
Hazareebagh	3rd November	6th "
Ranchi	7th "	...
Itki	12th "	...
Kachabari	14th "	...
Ramtolia	16th "	...
Tapkara	17th "	...
Dooma	20th "	...
Murhu	21st "	...
Chayabasa	24th "	...
Murhu	27th "	...
Maranghadda	29th "	...
Ranchi	1st December	6th December.
Dinapore	8th "	13th "
Jamalpore	7th February 1878.	...
Bhagulpore	10th "	...
Calcutta	12th "	...

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th July 1877.—Under Section 2 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the cesses leviable under the said Act shall take effect in the district of Chittagong from the 1st October 1877.

Under Section 70 of the aforesaid Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be August 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 28th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the completion of the Patkabari road in the villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore, pergunnahs Patkabari and Palasy, zillah Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 6 cottahs and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore:—

Plot I is situated in village Mohomedpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the new road to Patkabari; on the east by the old road; and on the west by Lalmobamed Khan's house and Lalmean's lakhiraj lands: it measures 6 cottahs.

Plot II is situated in village Shakna, and is bounded on the north, south, and east by the road to Patkabari, and on the west by Jiban Shekh's lakhiraj lands: it measures 1 cottah and 14 chittacks.

Plot III is situated in village Idrakpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the road to Patkabari, and on the east and west by the lakhiraj lands of Amulla Churn Pandey and Bishnu Chunder Tewary: it measures 18 cottahs and 5 chittacks.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 19th July 1877.—The following amended declaration is published in supersession of that which appeared at page 767, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th July 1877 :—

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for extension of Roy Bagan Street, in the Town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 12 chittacks, bounded on the north by a public drain; on the south partly by Roy Bagan Street and partly by No. 72, Cornwallis' Street, belonging to Baboo Tarriney Churn Bose; on the east and west by No. 73, Cornwallis' Street, belonging to Rajah Raj Narain Roy, is required within the aforesaid Town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening the junction of Chunam Gully and Colootollah Street, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 24 and 25, Colootollah Street, measuring 5 chittacks 29 feet, bounded on the north by Colootollah Street; on the south by a public lane; on the east partly by No. 24, Colootollah Street, belonging to Gour Mohun Doss, and partly by No. 25, Colootollah Street, belonging to Soorooop Chunder Shadkhan; and on the west by Chunam Gully, is required within the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening and improving a portion of the public thoroughfare known as Jaun Bazar Street; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 chittacks, and bounded on the north by Jaun Bazar Street; on the south and east by No. 70, Jaun Bazar Street, belonging to Juggut Chunder Naug; and west by Newgeepooker East Lane, is required within the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening the road at junction of Chitpore Road and Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 13 and 14, Upper Chitpore Road, and No. 1, Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane, measuring, more or less, 9 chittacks, the boundaries of which are as follow :—On the north by Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane and No. 14, Upper Chitpore Road, belonging to Moonshee Kuseeluddeen; on the south partly by Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane, partly by No. 1, Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane, belonging to Sreemutty Rossmoney Dossee, and partly by No. 13, Upper Chitpore Road, belonging to Hurry Doyal Pauray; on the east by Moonshee Sudderoodeen's Lane; and on the west by Upper Chitpore Road, are required within the town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 3934A.

The 17th July 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Egra Bench of Magistrates, in the district of Midnapore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Baboo Ram Coomhar Lashkar, Manager of the Tarkoa Ward's Estate.
 „ Peary Mohun Doss, Rural Sub-Registrar, Egra.

The 25th July 1877.—Baboo Rajani Kumar Datta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

In supersession of the orders of the 17th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem, Baboo Mohendra Nath Bose, Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah, is allowed leave for forty-two days, with effect from the 6th July 1877, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Barripore Bench of Magistrates, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Mr. Cowasjee Edaljee, Manager, Port Canning Company, Mutlah.
 Baboo Kaleenath Dutt, Landholder, Mozilpore.
 „ Mohendro Nath Bose, Zemindar, Barhoo.
 „ Bonomali Chatterjee, Government Pensioner, Kessubpore.

The 28th July 1877.—Baboo Hurri Narain Roy, B.L., Moonsif of Barabari, in the district of Rungpore, is appointed to be Moonsif of Sherepore, in the district of Mymensingh, *vice* Baboo Dinobundhu Roy, transferred.

Baboo Dinobundhu Roy, L.L., Moonsif of Sherepore, in the district of Mymensingh, is appointed to be Moonsif of Barabari, in the district of Rungpore, *vice* Baboo Hurri Narain Roy, transferred.

Baboo Kalinath Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakholly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Anund Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Gobind Chandra Bysakh, B.L., is appointed to officiate as Moonsif of Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, or until further orders.

Baboo Munnu Lall Chatterjee, First Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 7th August 1877, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 30th July 1877.—Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sewan and Gopalgunge divisions of the Sarun district, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 3, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor's control.

Baboo Rampershad, Second Subordinate Judge of Patna (deputed temporarily to Mozufferpore), is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Sarun.

Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdry, Officiating Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad, is appointed to officiate as Second Subordinate Judge of Patna.

Baboo Mothoor Nath Gupta, Subordinate Judge of Sarun, is appointed temporarily to be Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad.

The 31st July 1877.—Mr. Brajendranath Dé, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Durbhunga, who passed by the Higher Standard at the Half-yearly Departmental Examination held in May 1877, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The undermentioned officers, who passed by the Lower Standard at the Half-yearly Departmental Examination held in May 1877, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class:—

Mr. F. A. Slack, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dinagepore.
 „ C. J. S. Faulder, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Pubna.

Baboo Shamapudo Chowdry, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagepore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Baboo Shama Churn, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sasseram, in Shahabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 25th July 1877.* Baboo Krishna Pershad Chowdry, Third Moonsif of Panchpookhoria, in the district of Tipperah, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 9th September 1877.

The 26th July 1877.—Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, Moonsif of Bogra, is allowed leave of absence for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

S. C. BAYLEY,
 Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under the powers vested in him by Section 32 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exclude the following portions of the roads within the limits of the Rungpore Municipality from the operation of the Act, and to authorize the transfer of such roads to the charge of the Road Cess Committee of that district:—

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. The Julpigoree road. | 4. Bogra road. |
| 2. Dinagepore road. | 5. Cooch Behar road. |
| 3. Kaligunge and Mahigunge road. | 6. Kurigram road. |

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the ferry at Indupur, on the river braminee, in the district of Cuttack.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Bankoora, made at a meeting, to sanction the extension to that Municipality of the provisions of Sections 235 to 256, 271 to 274, 278 to 288, and 292 to 294 of Part VII of the Act.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th July 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Dinagepore at a meeting under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information:—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20: provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

8. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

9. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation or any place containing waste and stagnant water, or into any other receptacle.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

14. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

15. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part, Rs. 10.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of Public Roads.

16. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-work, fire-arm, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-Laws.

17. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the cost as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

18. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Commissioners, and in any such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

19. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

20. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

21. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement Rs. 4 daily.

23. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

24. No person shall let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface of the ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

26. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

29. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

30. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

31. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement Rs. 10.

32. Any person allowing cattle or animals to be at large within the limits of the Municipality without proper attendants shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—The following Notification is published in supersession of that which appeared at page 747 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877:—

It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the two ferries at Achintola and Jhalmalia, in the district of Rajshahye—the former over the river Narod, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Pubna; and the latter on the Moosakhan-ka-khall, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Nattore.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st July 1877.—It is hereby notified that such portion of the Notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th July 1877 as relates to Section 4 of the Regulations made by the Government under Section 6, Act XX, 1865, for conducting the examination of applicants for admission as pleaders and mookhtars in the mofussil courts subordinate to the High Court, has been cancelled by the Lieutenant-Governor, and that the following has been substituted:—

“The examination of candidates for pleaderships of the higher grade shall be held in Calcutta; the examination for lower grade pleaders shall be held at Calcutta and Cuttack; the examination for mooktarships shall be held at Calcutta, Patna, Dacca, and Cuttack.”

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare the ferry at Mag Bazar, in Nulchitty, in the district of Backergunge, to be a public ferry.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Takee, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality, and the levy from 1st September 1877 of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rates mentioned below.

For every cart kept within the Municipality Rs. 2 per annum, or Re. 1 per half year.

For every cart habitually used within the Municipality Rs. 3 per annum, or Re. 1-8 per half year.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd July 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Deoghur, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, at a meeting, under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information:—

For Regulating the Conduct of Business at Meetings.

1. The Office of the Sub-divisional Officer will be the Municipal Office under the provisions of the Act.

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

2. The receipts to be given under Section 110 to be signed by either the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman.

3. Every collecting officer should be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

4. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20: Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

5. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

6. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month, unless discharged at once for misconduct; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

7. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required to do so, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

8. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within six hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within four hours after daylight, remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or, if he is unable to remove the carcass, he may report the animal's death to the Municipal Secretary or overseer, who shall cause it to be removed at his expense; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass. Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

9. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

10. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

Penalty for infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 10.

11. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or to be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, or excavation, or into any other receptacle but one of the kind described in the next preceding section.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

12. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool into any drain, tank, or water-course, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

14. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

15. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

16. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under fourteen years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part not to exceed Rs. 10.

17. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights, except when in the opinion of the Magistrate there may be sufficient moonlight to render such lights unnecessary.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-works, Fire-balloons, Fire-arms, or any Missile in or near a Public Street.

18. No person shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-works, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

19. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Municipal Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; for continued infringement after notice, Re. 1 daily.

20. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence after eight days' notice, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

21. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 5; for continued infringement, Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5; for continued infringement after notice Re. 1 daily.

23. No person shall let loose, or allow to be loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, street, or public place whatever.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

For Regulating Burial and Burning Grounds.

24. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

26. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

28. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

29. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

30. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning ground, shall completely burn, or cause the same to be completely burnt, within four hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

31. No person when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

32. No person shall open any grave within six months of the burial of any body therein, or shall exhume any corpse, except with the written permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

S. O. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]
NOTIFICATION.

The 29th June 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Rungpore at a meeting under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.), 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information:—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to collect taxes of any kind and grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of such authority bearing the seal of the Municipality and signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding or receiving payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required. On the suspension or dismissal of a collecting officer, the Vice-Chairman shall take back his certificate, and so destroy it that no future use can be made of it by any one.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish, shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20: provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, unless he can bury the carcass at such depth below ground as may be determined upon hereafter by the Chairman, who shall specify certain depths for the burial of different species of animals, shall, within five hours of its death; or, if the death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove the carcass at his own expense to any of such places as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass, at such rate as the Commissioners may determine, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. In cases, if the owner of the premises is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the latter shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense. No overseer, when called upon, except at night, shall neglect to remove a carcass within three hours of receiving the information.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

7. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which night-soil, filth, or any other offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of such night-soil, filth, or other offensive matter, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

8. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and, when so required by notice, shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

9. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cesspool into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease, provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

14. No person shall carry through the streets, either on carts or on his person, long or entire bamboos after one hour after sunset.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

15. Every carriage driven by horse, pony, or mule plying on the streets one hour after sunset, except in bright moonlight nights, shall carry a light or lights.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

16. No person shall let any animal loose without sufficient guard, or picket such animal on any public road, or collect carts so as to impede general traffic on any public road.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of Public Roads

17. No one shall let off any fire-balloons, fire-work, fire-arm, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

18. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

19. No person shall construct or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 3 daily.

20. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall move it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 5 daily.

21. No person shall prepare any channel or convey water by any channel across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch within municipal limits, any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 2 daily.

23. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 4 daily.

24. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 5 daily.

25. No person shall bury any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

26. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

27. Every owner of a well shall cause such well to be properly fenced to the height of three feet above ground.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 2, and not to exceed eight annas for every day until such fence is put up.

28. No person shall ease himself by the side of a public road or on any place exposed to public view.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

29. No person shall slaughter, or cause to be slaughtered, excepting for *bond fide* religious purposes, any animal, or skin, or cause to be skinned, any carcass of an animal, or tan, or cause to be tanned, any hide on or near a public road or in any place exposed to public view.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 18th July 1877.

No. 207A.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. Richard Craig, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Dacca Division, for two years on medical certificate in India and Europe, under the Civil Leave Code, Supplement F, Section 3, with effect from the 11th February 1877. The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr. Craig is cancelled.

The 19th July 1877.

No. 207B.—*Transfers.*—Baboo Buskshi Ram Sing, Apprentice Engineer, from the Circular and Eastern Canals to the Darjeeling Division, in the interests of the public service.
No. 207C.—Baboo Mutty Lall Roy, Overseer, Third Grade, from the Patna to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division, in the interests of the public service.

The 24th July 1877.

No. 211.—*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Kristo Chunder Banerjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Patna Division, is allowed furlough for one year, under the Civil Leave Code, Supplement F, Section 7.

The 25th July 1877.

No. 212.—Baboo Haran Chunder Banerjee, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under the above Code, Supplement F, Section 12, with effect from the 21st June 1877.

No. 213.—*Notification.*—Baboo Heera Lall Banerjee, Overseer, First Grade, rejoined the Third Calcutta Division, on return from privilege leave, on the 18th current, before noon.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Fort William, the 28th July 1877.

No. 214.—Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for urgent sanitary purposes and filling up of a foul tank in the village of Rampore Haut, pergunnah Kowarprotab, zillah Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas and 14 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Chora Tank and land in occupation of Baboo Baney Madhub Chuckerbutty; on the south by East Indian Railway Company's "C" class land; on the east by the village road leading to Haut; and on the west by the Railway Company's road, is required within the aforesaid village of Rampore Haut.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. A. D. ANLEY, C. E.,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the Public Works Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 26th July 1877.

No. 218.—Notifications.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the immediate abolition of the Gunduck Survey Division of the South-Western Circle.

No. 219.—Mr. J. P. Armstrong, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the late Gunduck Survey Division, to be on special duty under the Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle.

Dated 27th July 1877.

No. 220.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to vest all Zilladars in the Sone Circle *ex officio* with the powers of a Canal Officer under Sections 74 and 75 of Act III (B.C.) of 1876.

No. 221.—Leave.—Mr. H. D. Pearsall, Officiating Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, under Chapter VII, Section 32 of the Civil Leave Code.

Dated 30th July 1877.

No. 222.—Notifications.—Mr. L. A. Mendes, Supervisor, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, availed himself on the forenoon of the 18th April 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted, and returned to duty on the forenoon of the 14th July 1877.

No. 223.—Baboo Bhagiruth Dass, Overseer, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, availed himself on the forenoon of the 17th April 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted, and returned to duty on the forenoon of the 14th July 1877.

No. 224.—Transfer.—Mr. T. R. Roberts, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade (temporary rank), is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Mahanuddy to the Brahminee Division, with effect from the 10th July 1877.

Mr. Roberts will have charge of the Brahminee Division during the absence, on privilege leave, of Captain E. O. Elliston, &c., or until further orders.

No. 225.—Notifications.—Mr. G. F. Moore, probationary Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, Lower Gunduck Embankment Division, availed himself on the afternoon of the 20th July 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 226.—Baboo Rajendronath Biswas, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, joined the Upper Gunduck Embankment Division on the forenoon of the 16th July 1877.

No. 227.—Leave.—Baboo Tariny Churn Sircar, Overseer, Second Grade, Buxar Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, under Public Works Code, Chapter IV-1-4A, which he availed himself of from the afternoon of the 20th July 1877.

No. 228.—Declaration—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a retired line of embankment in the village of Bahadurpur, pergunnah Muragacha, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above

purpose a piece of land about 1,730 feet in length by 113 in breadth, containing an area of 18 beeghas 10 cottahs, more or less, bounded on the north by the lands of—

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (1) Debi Charan Purkait, | (4) Panaullah Mollah, |
| (2) Daibaki Bewah, | (5) Biswambhur and Digambar Haldar ; |
| (3) Srimunta Haldar, | |

North-east by those of—

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Dharani Mandal, | (3) Rajie Bewah, |
| (2) Biswambhur and Digambar Haldar, | (4) Durzadhan Purkait ; |

East by those of—

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Rajie Bewah, | (2) Muchiram Haldar ; |
|------------------|-----------------------|

South by—

- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| (1) Government embankment, | (5) Panaullah Mollah's land, |
| (2) Excavations, | (6) Daibaki Bewah's land, |
| (3) Biswambhur and Digambar Haldar's land, | (7) Balak Mandal's land, |
| (4) Srimanta Haldar's land, | (8) Manahar Haldar's land; |

South-west by the land of—

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) Manahar Haldar, | (4) Banshi Haldar, |
| (2) Banamali Haldar, | (5) Debnarain Purkait, |
| (3) Baidya Nath Gain, | (6) Debi Charan Purkait ; and |

West by Baidya Nath Gain's land, is required within the aforesaid village of Bahadurpur.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

The 31st July 1877.

No. 229.—*Notification.*—The following extract from Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification is republished for information :—

No. 338, dated 26th July 1877.—The following Upper Subordinates are transferred to the establishment under the Director of State Railways, Western system :—

From Bengal Irrigation Branch :

Mr. A. Sneddon, Sub-Engineer, First Grade.
Private L. Fletcher, Overseer, ditto.
Sergeant W. H. Mills, Overseer, ditto.
Jeeraj Singh, Overseer, Second Grade.

No. 230.—*Leave.*—Mr. G. T. St. A. Nixon, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Eastern Sone Division, is granted leave for three months to study native languages, under Public Works Code, Chapter II-IV-28.

No. 231.—*Transfer.*—Baboo B. Kamajee, Probationary Overseer, Third Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Cuttack Workshop to the Brahminee Division.

No. 232.—*Notification.*—Baboo K. V. Sreeramloo Naidoo, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, Brahminee Division, availed himself on the afternoon of the 16th July 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 207, dated 23rd June 1877.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

RAILWAY.

Darjeeling, the 27th July 1877.

No. 23.—*Notification.*—The five weeks' privilege leave granted to Mr. T. W. Lilley, temporary Supervisor, Second Grade, Tirhoot State Railway, in Joint-Secretary's notification No. 9, of the 29th June 1877, is commuted to sick leave for two months and fifteen days.

F. S. STANTON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5475, dated 25th July 1877.—Dr. F. V. B. Webber received charge of the Maldah Jail from Mr. F. W. J. Rees on the afternoon of the 21st July 1877.

H. BEVERLEY,
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

Sheriff's Office, the 18th July 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস, সম ১৮৭৭ সাল ১৮ই জুলাই।

সকলকে সমাগার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম হুগের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার বিশেষত্ব জন্য আগামি সম ১৮৭৭ সালের ৬ই আগষ্ট সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগল আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৭৭ সালের সপ্তম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম করেনীর বিকল্পে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিরা মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER section 14, Act XI of 1865, it is hereby notified that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes of Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah will, subject to the orders of the Government, hold extraordinary sittings in the Howrah Small Cause Court on the dates mentioned below :—

Tuesday, the 7th August 1877.

Wednesday, „ 8th „ „

Thursday, „ 9th „ „

POWESHNATH BANERJEE, Offg. Judge.

HOOGHLY COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, the 26th July 1877.

TREASURY NOTICES.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO UMRICA CHURN ROY CHOWDHURY has been placed in charge of the Jessore Treasury from the 18th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

R. L. MANGLES, Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, PRESV. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 21st July 1877.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO JADUNATH BOSE has been placed in charge of the Shahabad Treasury, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

PATNA COMMR.'s OFFICE, the 20th July 1877.

E. W. MOLONY, Commissioner.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The under-mentioned Students have passed the Examination in Engineering :—

B. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

1	Mukhopadhyay, Atulkrishna	...	...	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
2	{ Biswas, Gaganohandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.
	{ Bajak, Bihariál	...	...	Ditto ditto.

L. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

1	Pal, Binadvihari	...	...	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
2	„ Haricharan	...	...	Ditto ditto.
3	Ghosh, Jogendranath	...	...	Ditto ditto.
4	Sen, Prasannakumar	...	...	Ditto ditto.
5	Mukhopadhyay, Binaykrishna	...	...	Ditto ditto.
6	Chattopadhyay, Purnachandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.
7	Basu, Kunjavihari	...	...	Ditto ditto.
8	Ray, Jagadischandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.

SENATE HOUSE, the 26th July 1877.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, Registrar.

No. 101PI.

JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIP NOTICE FOR ORISSA DIVISION FOR 1877.

It is hereby notified that of the ten junior scholarships allotted to this division, four second grade scholarships of Rs. 15 a month for two years will be awarded, irrespective of district, to those candidates who obtain the highest total of marks in the examination to be held in December, and the remaining six third grade scholarships of Rs. 10 per month will be distributed among the three districts of the division as follows:—

To Cuttack	...	...	...	...	2
„ Pooree	...	...	...	...	2
„ Balasore	...	...	...	...	2

Scholarships not taken up by the district to which they are allotted, will be awarded to candidates from other districts standing next on the divisional list.

The above scholarships will be tenable only in Cuttack college.

The 25th July 1877.

JOHN BEAMES, *Offg. Commr., Orissa Division.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 838B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 2nd August 1877, at 11 A.M. and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

Behar Opium	...	...	...	Chests
Benares „	...	...	...	2,085
				1,915
Total	...	...	...	4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 7th and 17th August 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-Room will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 7th August 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 17th August 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 5th September 1877...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October 1877 ...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November 1877 ...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December 1877 ...	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total ...	8,320	7,680	16,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secy.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 26th June 1877.

No. 986B.

Notice is hereby given that the Ninth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday the 5th September 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,080
Benares	,,	...	...	...	1,920
Total					4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th September 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th September 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th September 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.		Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 5th October 1877	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November „	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December „	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	...	6,240	5,760	12,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 31st July 1877.

SEALED tenders will be received at this office up to noon of Wednesday, the 15th August 1877, for removing all the chests of abkaree and provision opium which may be brought down to the Presidency from the Patna and Ghazipur opium factories by railway during the period of one year, from the 24th August 1877, from the East Indian Railway Company's stations at Howrah and Armenian Ghât (as may be necessary) to the Government opium godowns situated within the Custom House premises, and there stacking them as the Intendant in charge shall from time to time direct.

2. The tenders should state the rate per 100 chests, all charges to be incurred to be included. Security to the amount of one thousand rupees must be deposited by the party whose tender may be accepted.

3. The Board of Revenue does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Officiating Secretary.*

FORT WILLIAM, the 28th July 1877.

No. 983½B.

UNDER the powers conferred by Sections 32 and 133 of Act VI of 1863, the chief customs authority of the Presidency has fixed Panchparah, the southern limit of the port of Calcutta, as the station or place at which vessels arriving at or departing from the port of Calcutta shall be required to bring to for the boarding or landing of officers of customs.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

FORT WILLIAM, the 30th July 1877.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 4, ACT VI, 1863.

In order to obtain correct information as to the shipments of grain from Calcutta to Madras and other coast ports, the following Rule is issued for information and guidance:—

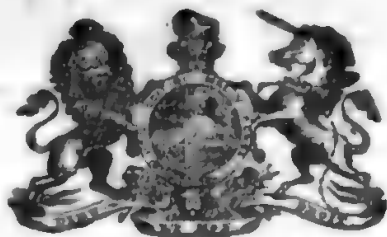
"When application is made for a port clearance for a vessel carrying grain to the Madras and coast ports, a Preventive Officer will be deputed to take an abstract copy of the total amount of each kind of grain actually shipped according to the entries in the cargo-book, which the Master or Commander is bound to keep under Section 153, Act VI, 1863. The copy should be attested by the officer of the vessel who has charge of the cargo-book."

The Master or Commander of every vessel carrying grain to the Madras and coast ports is required to comply with the provisions of Section 154, Act VI, 1863. The particulars to be stated in form G appended to that Act should show the total weight and total number of bags of each different description of grain.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

The 28th July 1877.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1877.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 616.—*Simla, the 20th July 1877.—Notification.—Appointment.*—Mr. G. H. Damant, c.s., Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of the 4th grade, *vice* Mr. Carnegie.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 479, dated the 1st ultimo.

No. 624.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Baboo Romesh Chunder Mitter to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

No. 80.—*The 20th July 1877.—Examinations.*—Mr. W. H. M. Gun, of the Bengal Civil Service, having obtained a certificate of high proficiency in Bengali, has been presented with the authorized donation of Rs. 1,000.

No. 409.—*The 20th July 1877.—Medical.*—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Tariny Churn Pal is dismissed from the service of Government with effect from the 17th April last.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

No. 381.—*Simla, the 20th July 1877.—Statistics.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the exemption from export duty of all rice exported by sea and entered outwards for either of the French ports of Pondicherry and Karikal, or passing by land into any of the French Settlements situate on the line of coast within the presidency of Fort St. George, published in Notification No. 19, dated the 19th January 1877, shall continue in force until the 21st day of October inclusive.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 1664P.—*Simla, the 13th July 1877.—Notifications.—Political.*—The following order of Her Majesty in Council is published for general information:—

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR,

The 30th day of April 1877.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-ninth and fortieth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for more effectually punishing offences against the laws relating to the Slave Trade," it is, amongst other things, enacted that—

If any person being a subject of Her Majesty, or of any Prince or State in India in alliance with Her Majesty, shall upon the High Seas or in any part of Asia or Africa which Her Majesty may from time to time think fit to specify by any Order in Council in this behalf, commit any of the offences defined in sections 367, 370, and 371 (in the Schedule to this Act respectively recited) of Act 45 of 1860 passed by the Governor-General of India in

Council and called "The Indian Penal Code," or abet within the meaning of the Fifth Chapter of the said Penal Code the commission of any such offence, such person shall be dealt with in respect of such offence or abetment as if the same had been committed in any place within British India in which he may be or may be found.

Now, therefore, in pursuance and by virtue of the said recited Act of Parliament Her Majesty is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said Act shall apply to the several parts of Asia and Africa hereinafter specified; that is to say—

- (a.) The territories of the Khan of Kelat and of the Sultan of Muscat in Mekran and Arabia.
- (b.) The coasts of Beloochistan, and of the Bunder Abbass districts, and the shores of the Persian Gulf.
- (c.) The coast of Arabia from Ras Mussédom to Cape Bab-el-Mandeb.
- (d.) The territories of the following tribes near Aden, namely—

The Abdali.	The Amir.
The Foodli.	The Subahi.
The Akrabi.	The Yafai.
The Howshabi.	The Oulaki.
The Alawi.	
- (e.) The coast of Africa from Ras Sejarne to Delagoa Bay.
- (f.) The territories of the Sultan of Zanzibar.
- (g.) The sea and islands within ten degrees of latitude or longitude from such coasts and shores respectively.

And the Right Honorable the Marquis of Salisbury and the Right Honorable the Earl of Derby and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. L. PERL.

No. 1963 G.—*The 16th July 1877.—General.*—The following list is published in continuation of the lists notified in the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated 24th June and 22nd July 1876 :—

List of officers serving under the several Local Governments and Administrations subordinate to the Government of India, including those of the Bengal, Madras, and Bombay Armies, who have passed the High Proficiency or Degree of Honor tests in the Arabic and Persian languages, or either of them, between 1st September 1875 and 31st August 1876.

Government or Administration.	Name.	Language and Examination passed.
Bengal	Mr. C. E. Buckland, c.s.	Persian H. P.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 2063.—*Simla, the 20th July 1877.—Notifications.—Pay and Allowances.*—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Corrigendum to the Acting Allowance Code of the Financial Department :—

ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE.

Section 23 (c) (page 233).

Substitute the following for the passage within parenthesis in Rule 1 :—

"(to be recorded and, unless the extra expense falls only upon Provincial or Local Resources, communicated to the Supreme Government)."

No. 2041.—*The 20th July 1877.—Separate Revenue —Stamps.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, and in supersession of the Notification in the Financial Department, No. 4366, dated 31st October 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act in respect of—

- 1st.—Copies of all documents furnished under the orders of any Court or Magistrate to any Government Advocate or Pleader or other person specially empowered in that behalf for the purpose of conducting any trial or investigation on the part of Government before any Criminal Court.
- 2nd.—Copies of all documents which any such Advocate, Pleader, or other person is required to take in connection with any such trial or investigation for the use of any Court or Magistrate, or may consider necessary for the purpose of advising the Government in connection with any criminal proceeding.
- 3rd.—Copies of judgments and depositions required by officers of the Police Department for conducting appeals on behalf of Government before any Criminal Court.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 646.—*Simla, the 20th July 1877.—Army Circulars.*—The following Clause 153 of Army Circulars, dated the 1st November 1875, is declared applicable to India, and published for general information :—

Musketry Instruction—Articles for Regiments armed with Martini-Henry Rifles.

Clause 153.—1. The following articles will be supplied for purposes of instruction to each regiment, armed with the Martini-Henry Rifle, having an Instructor of Musketry. These articles will be conveyed with the regiment as part of its equipments :—

Parts of rifles ...	{ actions, complete, with butts ..	{ skeleton	... 1
		{ wasters	... 2
	{ barrels, rifled, without action, sighted		... 1
Implements, action			... 1

2. Demands for the articles specified in the foregoing paragraph will be sent in to the Controller at the station on which the regiment is dependent for its supply of equipment.

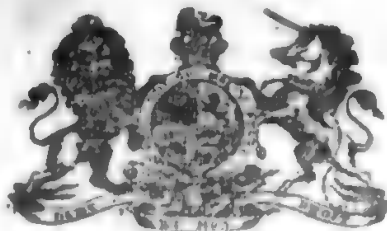
3. The above articles take the place of the following, which are laid down in Schedule 24, of Appendix to Clause 34, Army Circulars, 1874, in the case of regiments having Martini-Henry arms :—

Locks, iron, waster	...	...	...	6
Musket, rifled barrel, pattern of 1853	...	...	...	1
Wrenches, T-headed, or nipple keys with cramps	...	...	...	6

4. The schedule in question will be amended accordingly.

No. 650.—The furlough on medical certificate for two years to be spent partly in and partly out of India, granted to 1st class Apothecary H. C. Connolly, in G. G. O. No. 675 of 1876, is commuted to furlough in India for the entire period.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1877.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 4110A.

✓ **GENERAL.**—*The 17th July 1877.*—Mr. G. L. T. Harris, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 29, Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

✓ *The 1st August 1877.*—Mr. G. N. Barlow, c.s.i., Officiating Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division, is allowed leave for two months, with effect from the 1st September next, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

✓ Baboo Rakhal Das Haldar, First Special Commissioner under the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd September next.

✓ Moulvi Mahomed Subhan Hyder, Third Special Commissioner under the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the office of the First Special Commissioner during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Rakhal Das Haldar, or until further orders.

✓ Mr. T. Norman, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Balasore, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st September 1877, or from any date within one month of that date on which he may avail himself of it.

✓ Mr. W. H. M. Gun, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Balasore, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. Norman, or until further orders.

✓ The orders of the 7th July last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th idem, appointing Baboo Uma Churn Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, to have charge of the Avraresh division of the Purneah district, are cancelled.

✓ Mr. G. Toynbee, on special duty, is appointed to officiate temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of Patna until further orders.

✓ Mr. W. Wavell, Magistrate and Collector, Moorahedabad, on furlough, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of Bogra.

The 2nd August 1877.—In supersession of orders of the 18th July 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, Baboo Hem Chunder Kerr, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Shahabad.

Baboo Nobin Chunder Mitter, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is transferred to Chupra, in the district of Sarun.

The 3rd August 1877.—Mr. E. H. Winfield, Magistrate and Collector, Burdwan, is allowed furlough for fifteen months and twenty-three days, under Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 17th October next, together with subsidiary leave from the 7th idem.

Mr. B. Wood, Settlement Officer, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed subsidiary leave from the 16th to the 21st July last, under Section 24, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. J. C. Price, Officiating Settlement Officer, Midnapore, is allowed leave for forty-eight days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 14th instant.

The 4th August 1877.—Mr. F. W. Badcock, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Backergunge, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Mr. C. D. C. Winter, on leave.

Mr. F. H. Harding, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade, Dacca, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. M. Tobin, or until further orders.

The 6th August 1877.—Mr. W. S. Wells, Magistrate and Collector of Shahabad, is appointed to officiate as Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division during the absence, on leave, of Mr. G. N. Barlow, *c.s.i.*, or until further orders.

Mr. C. A. Wilkins, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Shahabad, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of that district during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. W. S. Wells, or until further orders.

Mr. C. C. Stevens, Magistrate and Collector of Nuddea, is appointed to officiate in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, *vice* Mr. W. S. Wells, on deputation.

Mr. A. P. MacDonnell, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Durbhunga, is appointed to officiate in the Second Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, *vice* Mr. C. C. Stevens.

Mr. C. M. W. Brett, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade, Serajunge, Puhna, is appointed to officiate in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Mr. C. A. Wilkins.

Mr. H. Farrer, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Jajpore, Cuttack, is appointed to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. C. M. W. Brett.

The services of Mr. S. C. Bayley, *c.s.i.*, Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Judicial and Political Departments, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.

Mr. H. A. Cockerell, Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Judicial and Political Departments, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. S. C. Bayley, *c.s.i.*, or until further orders.

Mr. A. Smith, Magistrate and Collector of Jessore, is appointed to officiate as Commissioner of the Burdwan Division during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. H. A. Cockerell, or until further orders.

Mr. W. H. Page, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Jessore during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. A. Smith, or until further orders.

Mr. D. R. Lyall, Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is appointed to officiate in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, *vice* Mr. A. Smith, on deputation.

Mr. G. J. S. Hodgkinson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Moorshedabad, is appointed to officiate in the Second Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, *vice* Mr. D. R. Lyall.

Mr. H. Savage, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rancegunge, Burdwan, is appointed to officiate in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Mr. W. H. Page.

Mr. J. D. Gael, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rampore Hat, Moorshedabad, is appointed to officiate as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. H. Savage.

Mr. H. J. Newbery, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, on leave, is appointed on special duty in Calcutta, with effect from the 2nd instant. The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Mr. Newbery under orders of the 19th June last is cancelled.

The 7th August 1877.—Baboo Mohendro Nath Bhuttacharjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagore, is transferred to Bankoora.

Baboo Juggobundhoo Khan, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankoora, is transferred to Dinagore.

The following gentlemen are appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors in the divisions mentioned opposite their respective names:—

Moulvi Bazlul Karim, Burdwan Division.

Baboo Umesh Chunder Batabyal, Presidency Division.

Moulvi Shah Mahomed Ibrahim, Bhagulpore Division.

POLICE.—*The 1st August 1877.*—Mr. W. Campbell, District Superintendent of Police, Julpigoree, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 2nd August 1877.—Mr. C. H. C. Sevenoaks is appointed to act, until further orders, as an Assistant Superintendent of Police.

The 7th August 1877.—Mr. V. W. Bertelsen, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. D. Pratt, or until further orders.

Mr. Charles Rabau, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, is appointed to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Julpigoree, during the absence on leave, of Mr. W. Campbell, or until further orders.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 4th August 1877.*—The Revd. Robert Spurgeon, a Baptist Missionary at Jessore, is authorized to solemnize marriages between persons, one or both of whom is a Christian or Christians, under Clause 3, Section 5, Act XV of 1872, and to grant certificates of marriage between persons who are Native Christians, under Clause 5, Section 5 of the said Act. The Revd. R. Spurgeon is also appointed to be a Marriage Registrar under Clause 4, Section 5 of Act XV of 1872.

EDUCATION.—*The 1st August 1877.*—Dr. C. A. Martin, Inspector of Schools, Assam, is promoted from the Third to the Second Class of the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Mr. J. A. Hopkins.

Mr. R. Perry, Professor, Presidency College, is confirmed in the Third Class of the Bengal Educational Service.

The 3rd August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee, Gya :—

- Surgeon L. Cameron, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Gya.
- Mr. C. E. S. James, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya.
- „ O. F. Wintle, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Tehta.
- „ G. A. Twidale, M.A. and B.L., Pleader.
- „ W. J. Howard, Barrister-at-Law.
- Baboo Matadin, Subordinate Judge.
- „ Protap Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be additional members of the School Committee of the district of Burdwan :—

- Mr. B. G. Geidt, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Burdwan.
- Baboo Bhooputty Roy, Subordinate Judge, Burdwan.
- „ Amirto Lall Paul, B.L., Moonaisi, Burdwan.
- „ Chundi Lall Sing, } Zemindars.
- „ Dwarkanath Mitra, }

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee of Furreedpore :—

- Baboo Gour Narain Roy, Head-Master, Zillah School.
- „ Pramatha Nath Mookerjee, Subordinate Judge.
- „ Uday Chand Dutt, Civil Medical Officer.

The 6th August 1877.—The orders of the 12th January 1877, appointing Baboo Sushu Bhusan Mookerjee to be a Deputy Inspector of Schools, Third Grade, in Julpigoree, are cancelled.

MEDICAL.—*The 4th August 1877.*—Assistant Surgeon Sree Nath Mookerjee, in charge of the Imambarah Charitable Dispensary at Hooghly, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Grish Chunder Chatterjee is appointed to have charge of the Imambarah Charitable Dispensary at Hooghly during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Sree Nath Mookerjee, or until further orders.

The 6th August 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Nemye Churn Chatterjee, attached to the outpost of Demagiri, in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave for six months, under Section 8, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Debendro Nath Gocho, a supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed to have medical charge of the outpost of Demagiri during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Nemye Churn Chatterjee, or until further orders.

The 7th August 1877.—Surgeon W. F. Murray, Officiating Civil Surgeon of Backergunge, is appointed to be Civil Surgeon of Pooree, but to continue to act as Civil Surgeon of Backergunge.

Dr. C. J. Jackson, Officiating Civil Surgeon of Mozufferpore, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Dr. R. Moir.

Mr. A. A. Fitzgibbon, Officiating Civil Medical Officer, Beerbhoom, is appointed to act as Civil Medical Officer of Bogra during the absence, on leave, of Dr. R. Sandiford, or until further orders, when relieved of his present duties.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 28th July 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for the Municipality of Howrah :—

- Mr. A. Shanks, Partner, Messrs. Burn & Co.
- „ H. Thompson, Superintendent, Sulkea Salt Golaha.
- „ W. H. Cogswell, Partner, Messrs. Haworth & Co.
- Baboo Ram Chunder Roy Chowdry, Zemindar and Merchant.
- „ Nobin Chunder Banerjee, Medical Practitioner.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for the Municipality of Rancegunge, in the district of Burdwan :—

- Rajah Biasessur Malia, Bahadoor, of Searsole.
- Mr. N. Kinny, Manager of the Bengal Coal Company.
- „ W. B. Cowham, Manager of the Pottery Works Company.

The 3rd August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for the Darjeeling Municipality :—

- Tindook Mooktar, Tehsildar of Darjeeling, *vice* Mr. A. B. L. Webb.
- Baboo Mohendro Lail Dass, Agent to the Maharajah of Burdwan at Darjeeling, *vice* Baboo Tariny Sunkur Mozoomdar.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for the Pubna Municipality :—

- Mr. J. Cockburn, District Superintendent of Police, *vice* Mr. J. B. Birch, transferred.
- Baboo Sripati Banerjee, Deputy Inspector of Schools.
- „ Boidda Nath Chaki, Pleader.

PORT TRUST.—*The 6th August 1877.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. H. A. Cockerell of his appointment as Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta from the 6th August 1877.

Mr. C. T. Buckland, c.s., is appointed to officiate as Chairman of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. B. Lane, and to officiate as a Commissioner under Section 2, Act V (B.C.) of 1870, during the absence of Mr. H. A. Cockerell on leave.

Mr. H. A. Cockerell, c.s., is allowed leave of absence for three months from his duties as a Commissioner for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

Baboo Doorga Churn Law is re-appointed to be a Commissioner for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, under Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

ROAD CESS.—*The 31st July 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Rampore Hât, in the district of Moorsshedabad :—

The Sub-Divisional Officer	Chairman.
Mr. C. J. Hampton	Vice-Chairman.
District Engineer of Moorsshedabad	Members.
Moonsif of Rampore Hât	...	...
Medical Officer, Rampore Hât	...	...
Mr. H. Rait, Manager of a Silk Factory	...	...
Baboo Bipro Churn Ghose, Zemindar	...	...
„ Bani Madhub Banerjee, ditto	...	...
„ Kristo Kinkur Singh, Naib of Moharancee Surnomoyee	...	...
Mr. J. Armstrong, Manager of a Silk Factory	...	...
„ H. J. Muston, Merchant	...	...
Syed Lutful Huck, Patnidar and Mooktear	...	...

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Jungypore, in the district of Moorsshedabad :—

The Sub-Divisional Officer	Chairman.
Moulvi Abdool Wassay Ahmed, Sub-Deputy Collector	Vice-Chairman.
District Engineer of Moorsshedabad	Members.
Mr. W. B. Johnston, Toll Collector	...	...
Baboo Krishna Ballubh Roy, Pleader	...	...
„ Gogan Chunder Chatterjee, Manager of Aurangabad Concern	...	...
Mr. A. Howard, Manager of Asaridoba Factory	...	...
„ T. Rice, Manager of Noorpore Factory	...	...
„ C. N. Argles, Manager of Boneagram Factory	...	...
Rai Jogendro Narain Roy, Zemindar	...	...
Baboo Jadoo Nath Mookerjee, Government Pleader	...	...
„ Rakhal Dass Bural, Zemindar	...	...
„ Mon Mohon Singh, ditto	...	...

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Choa, in the district of Moorshedabad :—

Mr. B. Dubus, Manager of a Silk Factory	...	Chairman.
Baboo Chunder Nath Mookerjee, Zemindar	...	Vice-Chairman.
District Engineer of Moorshedabad	...	Members.
Mr. A. Hills, Indigo Planter and Zemindar	...	
Baboo Ram Chand Banerjee, ditto	...	
" Kali Das Mookerjee, ditto	...	
" Hurriah Chunder Singh, Merchant	...	
" Ashootosh Bose, Zemindar	...	
" Mohim Chunder Mozoomdar, employed under Messrs. L. Payne & Co.	...	
" Shib Kristo Choudhry, Zemindar	...	
Mr. J. Livermore, Manager of Silk Factory	...	
Oosir Nath Mundle, Jotedar	...	

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Kande, in the district of Moorshedabad :—

Baboo Gopee Kant Roy, Rural Sub-Registrar	...	Chairman.
" Gobind Soondar Tribadi, Zemindar	...	Vice-Chairman.
District Engineer of Moorshedabad	...	Members.
Baboo Norendro Narain Roy, Zemindar	...	
" Jogendro Narain Roy, ditto	...	
Mr. J. G. Malcolm, Manager of Indigo and Silk Factory	...	
Herastullah Choudhry, Zemindar	...	
Baboo Panchanun Ghose, ditto	...	
" Shib Kristo Ghose, ditto	...	
" Chunder Kanto Roy Chowdhry, ditto	...	
Moulvi Mohiuddin Hossain, ditto	...	
Baboo Godadhur Ghose, ditto	...	
" Gobind Prosad Singh, ditto	...	
" Iswara Chunder Ghose, ditto	...	
Moulvi Khalilullah, ditto	...	

The 3rd August 1877.—Baboo Ram Chundra Banerji, Zemindar, is re-appointed to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Dacca.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Narail, in the district of Jessore :—

Mr. J. R. Savi, Indigo Planter, Nahatta.
Baboo Radha Kant Banerjee, Sub-Manager, Narail Estate.

Baboo Sree Nath Roy is appointed to be a member of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Barrackpore, vice Baboo Poorna Chunder Ghosal, deceased.

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 24th July 1877.—Privilege leave of absence for thirty-one days, under Section 29, Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr. G. J. Cawley, District Superintendent of Police, Garo Hills, with effect from the 15th August 1877, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 26th July 1877.—The undermentioned officer reported his departure for Europe on the date specified below :—

Mr. A. L. Clay, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, per steamer *Deccan*,—the 13th July 1877.

No. 25.—The 18th July 1877.—Mr. L. Hara, c.s., Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Cachar, availed himself on the afternoon of the 5th July 1877 of the privilege leave for three months granted by the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

No. 27.—Mr. H. F. Matthews, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Golaghat, made over charge of his office on the forenoon of the 4th July 1877, in order to join his appointment at Nowgong, to which district he has been transferred.

No. 28.—Mr. W. B. Savi, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who has been transferred, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, from Cachar to the Naga Hills, assumed charge of his new office on the forenoon of the 5th July 1877.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Offg. Junior-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 7th August 1877.—The following order of the Government of India in the Financial Department, Accounts, is published for general information :—

No. 2055, SIMLA, THE 25TH JULY 1877.

READ AGAIN—

The proceedings in this department for the month of January 1876, Nos. 11 to 13 (Accounts), sanctioning the investment of the sale proceeds of certain nuzool lands in the Punjab, but declining to recognise any general right on the part of local Governments to invest local fund balances.

Read—

A letter from the Accountant-General, Madras, No. 8126, dated the 20th June 1877, bringing to the notice of the Government of India certain proceedings of the Madras Government authorising the investment in Government securities of Rs. 10,77,400 out of the balance at credit of the "Village Service Fund" in that Presidency.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council confirms the proceedings of the Government of Madras in this particular instance.

2. His Excellency in Council desires, however, to remind all local Governments and Administrations that no public money should be removed from the public treasury for *investment* without the sanction of the Government of India, and that this applies to local fund balances as much as to provincial funds.

ORDERED that this resolution be communicated for information and guidance to all local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller-General, and to the several Accountants-General and Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act [Act II (B.C.) of 1869.]

The 6th August 1877.—It is hereby notified that the registers of bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named Pergunah Siri, containing 20 villages, pergunnah of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the Division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the Division on the 31st July 1877.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the Division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein, and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of bhuinhari or manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Under Section 10 of the Provincial Public Works Act II (B.O.) of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that works of the following description may be deemed provincial public works for the purposes of the Act :—

Works appertaining to provincial State railways.
Ditto to irrigation and canals.
Ditto to communications.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Durbhunga District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be September 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Patna District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be August 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF DACCA.

The 4th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Dacca have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year commencing from 1st October 1877 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pice, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
"	500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
"	1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
"	2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee. If valued at Rs. 100 or more, to pay according to the rates above shewn.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF NUDDEA.

The 6th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Nuddea have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the ensuing cess year commencing from 1st October 1877 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pice, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II.—The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
"	500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
"	1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
"	Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF CUTTACK.

The 7th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Cuttack have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act at the maximum rates for the ensuing road cess year. The cesses payable in the Cuttack district for the year beginning with the 1st of October 1877 will therefore be at the following rates:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act, and on the annual net profits of mines, &c., under Part III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops.

Dwelling houses estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.	
		Rs.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th August 1877.—Rules 3 and 4 of the Notification dated 22nd February 1869, regarding the limits within which the possession and transport of salt shall be regulated, have been modified as follows:—

Rule 3.—The whole tract of country, with the exception noted below, included between the sea-board of the Bay of Bengal, and a continuous line drawn from the southernmost point of the coast of Chittagong to the southernmost point of the coast of Cuttack, so as to include the following districts and parts of districts.

The district of Chittagong, except thanas Futtickcherry, Raojan, and Satkania, and outpost Ramgoonea.

The district of Noakholly, except thanas Ramgunge, Begumgunge, Fenny, and Chagulnaya.

The district of Backergunge, except the sudder Sub-division, the sub-division of Madareepore, and thana Sharupkati, in the Perozepore sub-division.

The sub-divisions of Khulna and Bagirhat, in the district of Jessore.

The district of the 24-Pergunnahs, except the sub-divisions of Baraset and Barrackpore, and thanas Kalara, Satkhira, Magra, and Baduria.

The thanas Bally, Golahbaree, Howrah, Seebpore, Doomjor (including Sankrail), Oolobarya, and Shampore, in the district of Howrah.

The thanas Raghunathpore, Contai, Kedgeroe, Bhugwanpore, Nundigram, Soottahatee, and Muslundpore, in the district of Midnapore.

The districts of Balasore and Cuttack (including the whole of the Cuttack Municipality), excepting those portions which lie to the west of the Grand Trunk Road.

Rule 4.—Within the above limits the tract in and about Calcutta and Howrah, lying within a ring-fence as defined below, shall not be included, and the rules prescribed under Sections 11 and 13, Act VII (B.C.) of 1864, shall not apply thereto, except in regard to such premises as are occupied by saltpetre refineries as specially defined by the Board of Revenue, and in regard to the premises occupied by the salt pass stations at the Sulkea siding platform of the East Indian Railway at Howrah, and at Ohitpore at the terminus of the Eastern Bengal Railway. The boundary of the tract thus excluded shall run from Cossipore Ghat, on the left bank of the river Hooghly, following the Gun Foundry Road and the Barrackpore Trunk Road, up to the Barrackpore Bridge over the Circular Canal; thence along the right bank of that canal to its junction with the Narkuldangah Suspension Bridge; thence along the Narkuldangah Main Road up to its junction with the Circular Road. The line shall thence follow the Circular Road to its junction with the Bhowanipore Road, and from that point shall follow the latter road to Halliday Bridge over Tolly's Canal. From that point it shall follow the Calcutta bank of the said Tolly's Canal to its mouth at Hastings' bridge, and shall thence cross the river Hooghly in a straight course to the Ramkistopore Ghat on the Howrah bank, and, proceeding westward by the Ramkistopore Ghat Road, shall run up to the junction of that road with the Grand Trunk Road. It shall then run along the Grand Trunk Road up to its junction with the Telkul Ghat Road; thence, proceeding by that road eastward to the river bank, shall run along that bank up to the Howrah Ghat; thence

proceed westward by the public road to the Grand Trunk Road *via* Chandmurry Road, New Street, and Tindell Street, and thence in a northerly direction through the station of Howrah to the junction of the Grand Trunk Road with Nuskerparah Road; thence along the north side of the latter road to its termination on the right bank of the river Hooghly; and it shall then pass in a straight course across that river to the Cossipore Ghat.

Tumlook has been excluded from the list of pass stations in the district of Midnapore. The list of the present pass stations in the district is as follows:—

Midnapore.

1. Gewakhalee, at the mouth of the Roopnarain river.
2. Tengrakhalee, on the north bank of the Haldee river, at the mouth of Pertaukhalee Canal.
3. Baitghur, opposite Kaleenuggur, on the Russoolpore river, south bank.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 31st July 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 13.

India—Hindustan—West Coast—Bombay Harbour.

1. POSITION OF RALEIGH ROCK.

THE following information relative to a rock in Bombay Harbour on which Her Majesty's ship *Raleigh* recently touched has been furnished by Captain H. W. Brent, Her Majesty's Flagship *Undaunted*:—

This rock (*Raleigh Rock*) rises abruptly from the general muddy bed of the harbour; it is about 160 feet long E. S. E. and W. N. W., and 90 feet in width; the shoalest part has 22½ feet over it at low water ordinary spring tides, but only 20½ feet at extraordinary low spring. The general level near the rock has a depth of 25 feet over it at the lowest tides.

A conical buoy, painted red, has been placed on the eastern edge of the rock, with—
 Scotch Church steeple in line with Ritchie Steward's cotton
 press chimney (resembling a monument), bearing ... N. by W. ¼ W.
 Dolphin beacon ... N. N. W. ¼ W. 4½ cables
 Oyster Rock Battery (Colaba Observatory just open to the
 northward) ... W. S. W. distance 7 cables.
 It is proposed to remove this rock by blasting.

2. ADDITIONAL BEACONS.

Also that the following additional beacons have been erected:—

A circular stone beacon, painted red and white, on the north and south extremes of Colaba Reef, westward of Dolphin beacon.

A circular stone beacon, painted red and white, on the shoalest part of Ooran Patch.

A large circular white stone tower on the summit of Thull Knob.

[The bearings are Magnetic: Variation 1° Easterly in 1877.]

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr., (late I. N.),

Supdt., Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA,
The 20th July 1877.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Bombay Harbour No. 2621; also Admiralty West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, pages 129, 180, and 156; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 379.

If this notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th July 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the District Committee of Sarun shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be August 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st July 1877.—A plan and estimate, amounting to Rs. 25,000, for widening Grey's Wharf from the Mint to the new Burning Ghât, having been submitted by the Port Commissioners with their Vice-Chairman's letter No. 1204, of the 2nd July 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the execution of the work under the provisions of Section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1877.—Plans and an estimate, amounting to Rs. 36,705, for constructing a jute godown at Ruth Ghât having been submitted by the Port Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta with their Vice-Chairman's letter No. 503, of the 10th May 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the execution of the work under the provisions of Section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 21st July 1877.—The following Notification, issued by the Government of India, is republished for general information:—

No. 150.—Simla, the 12th July 1877.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1875, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt from the whole of the duties of customs to which it is liable under that Act or any other law for the time-being in force all salt imported into the port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal to manufacturers of glazed stone-ware.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 24th July 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following Notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 12.)

HINDOSTAN—WEST COAST.

Position of Cochin Light-house, etc.

Notice is hereby given that the light exhibited at Cochin is incorrectly placed on the present Admiralty Charts.

The light-house is situated on a raised mound which formed a bastion of the old fort, and bears south-west from the Flagstaff and Cochin Church, distant 5.4 cables from the former and 2.8 cables from the latter.

The shallow water at the entrance to this river has shifted about a cable to the E.S.E.; the mark now for leading vessels over the bar is the central or largest of the three churches at Ernakolum in line with Builder's (Vypeen) Point.

The buoys marking the shoal water have been moved—the north buoy 2 cables and the south buoy nearly 3 cables in the same direction.

Note.—During the south-west monsoon these buoys are removed, as vessels anchor at Narrakel, about 5 miles to the northward of Cochin, at which place a small light is exhibited from the Flagstaff.

Position of light-house—lat. $9^{\circ} 57' 47''$ N., long. $76^{\circ} 18' 45''$ E.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr., (Late I. N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 14th July 1877.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Cochin river, No. 65; India West Coast, Sheet 11, No. 749, and Sheet 8, Cochin to Cape Comorin, No. 2738; also Admiralty West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, page 81; the List of Lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., 1877, page 12, and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. 1, page 408.

If this notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a dāk bungalow in Kliooria talook, pergunnah Bykuntapore, zillah Julpigoree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the south by the new station road branching off from the Rungpore road in front of the cemetery to the railway station; on the north by the jote land belonging to two individuals named Gya Nath Koondoo and Nobin Chunder Koondoo; on the east by the same; and on the west by the land already acquired by Government for railway purposes, is required within the aforesaid talook of Khooria.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for constructing a new road from South Colinga Street to European Asylum Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 85, 86, South Colinga Street, No. 31, European Asylum Lane, and No. 4, Comedan Bagan Lane, measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 4 cottahs 12 chittacks and 30 feet, the boundaries of which are as follow:—On the north by European Asylum Lane; on the south by South Colinga Street; on the east partly by No. 31, European Asylum Lane, belonging to Mallikanessa Bibee, partly by No. 4, Comedan Bagan Lane, belonging to Moonshi Golam Sufdar, partly by No. 76, South Colinga Street, belonging to Poorno Chunder and Rajendro Mitter, and partly by No. 85, South Colinga Street, belonging to Hurro Soondery Dabee; and on the west partly by No. 85, South Colinga Street, belonging to Hurro Soondery Dabee, partly by No. 76, South Colinga Street, belonging to Poorno Chunder and Rajendro Mitter, partly by No. 4, Comedan Bagan Lane, belonging to Moonshi Golam Sufdar, and partly by No. 31, European Asylum Lane, belonging to Mallikanessa Bibee, are required within the aforesaid Town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 28th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the completion of the Patkabari road in the villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore, pergunnahs Patkabari and Palasy, zillah Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 6 cottahs and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore:—

Plot I is situated in village Mohomedpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the new road to Patkabari; on the east by the old road; and on the west by Lalmohamed Khan's house and Lalmean's lakhiraj lands: it measures 6 cottahs.

Plot II is situated in village Shakna, and is bounded on the north, south, and east by the road to Patkabari, and on the west by Jiban Shekh's lakhiraj lands: it measures 1 cottah and 14 chittacks.

Plot III is situated in village Idrakpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the road to Patkabari, and on the east and west by the lakhiraj lands of Amulla Churn Panday and Bishnu Chunder Tewary: it measures 18 cottahs and 5 chittacks.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 19th July 1877.—The following amended declaration is published in supersession of that which appeared at page 767, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th July 1877:—

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for extension of Roy Bagan Street, in the Town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 12 chittacks, bounded on the north by a public drain; on the south partly by Roy Bagan Street and partly by No. 72, Cornwallis' Street, belonging to Baboo Tagriney Churn Bose; on the east and west by No. 78, Cornwallis' Street, belonging to Rajah Raj Narain Roy, is required within the aforesaid Town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4111A.

The 28th July 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Ghattal Bench of Magistrates, in the district of Midnapore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Baboo Mohendro Nath Chowdhury, Zemindar.

„ Chundra Koomar Guie, Merchant

„ Narain Chunder Banerjee, Sub-Registrar.

„ Hari Churn Dass, Sub-Inspector of Schools.

The 30th July 1877.—Baboo Suruj Deo Narain, Zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Kumtoul and Nanpur Bench, in the district of Mozufferpore, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, *vice* Moonshi Ruhimula, deceased.

The 2nd August 1877.—Baboo Kali Prosunno Sircar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The 3rd August 1877.—In supersession of the orders of the 20th ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, Baboo Hurkumar Dass is appointed to officiate as Moonsif of Sundeeep, in the district of Noakholly, until further orders.

The 7th August 1877.—The following gentlemen, who have, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors in the divisions mentioned opposite their respective names, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Moulvi Bazlul Karim, Burdwan Division.

Baboo Umesh Chunder Batabyal, Presidency Division.

Moulvi Shah Mahomed Ibrahim, Bhagulpore Division.

ERRATUM.—*The 6th August 1877.*—In the orders of the 24th July last, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, promoting Baboo Kuruna Moy Banerjee to the Second Grade of Moonsifs, *vice* Baboo Judoo Nath Mullick, deceased,—for “Baboo Judoo Nath Mullick,” read “Baboo Judoo Nath Mookerjee.”

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 1st August 1877.*—Baboo Mohendro Nath Mitter, Moonsif of Howla, in the district of Chittagong, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and fifteen days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 9th August 1877, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 4th August 1877.—Baboo Krishto Dhan Chowdhry, Moonsif of Hathasari, in the district of Chittagong, having rejoined his appointment on the 24th July 1877, the unexpired portion of the one month's leave without pay; under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, granted to him on the 21st July 1877, is cancelled.

COLMAN MACAULAY,

Offg. Junior-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Bagjulla, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the imposition from 1st October 1877 by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

				Per quarter.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...				1	8	0
Ditto ditto drawn by one horse or a pair						
of ponies under 13 hands. ...				1	4	0
For every two-wheeled carriage ...				1	0	0
Ditto horse ...				1	0	0
Ditto pony under 13 hands, mule, or donkey ...				0	6	0
Ditto elephant ...				6	0	0
Ditto camel ...				2	0	0

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Joynuggur, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept within the Municipality, and the levy from 1st October 1877 of a fee upon every cart for such registration at the rates mentioned below :—

For every cart kept within the Municipality Rs. 2 per annum, or Rs. 1 per half-year.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Deoghur, in the district of Sonthal Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the imposition from the 1st October next by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

				Per half-year.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...				4	8	0
Ditto by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands. ...				3	0	0
For every two-wheeled carriage ...				2	8	0
Ditto horse ...				2	0	0
Ditto pony under 13 hands and for every mule and donkey ...				0	12	0
Ditto elephant ...				6	0	0
Ditto camel ...				2	0	0

8. The Lieutenant-Governor has been also pleased to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Deoghur Municipality, and the levy, under Section 134, from the 1st October 1877, of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rate mentioned below :—

On every cart ... Rs. 2 per annum.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th August 1877.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the extension of the provisions of Section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the town of Phoolwarree, in the Sudder sub-division of the district of Patna.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

No. 129.

Simla, the 21st July 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 56 of the Indian Emigration Act (VII of 1871), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for Rules 23 and 29 of the Rules relating to emigration from the port of Calcutta, which were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 22nd February 1873:—

RULE 23.—The proportion of female emigrants to be embarked on each ship during the months of August to October, both inclusive, shall be, as nearly as practicable, 25 adult females to every 100 adult males.

23A.—During the period from 1st November to the close of each season, the proportion shall be such number between 40 and 80 adult females to every 100 adult males as the Protector of Emigrants may fix for each ship.

In exercising the discretion given him by this rule, the Protector of Emigrants shall, if practicable, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period last mentioned that the average proportion embarked during each season shall be not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

23B.—If in any such season the average falls below this, the Protector of Emigrants shall, in exercising the discretion given him by the first clause of Rule 23A, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period commencing with the 1st November of the following season up to its close as to bring up the average proportion for the two seasons, if practicable, to not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

RULE 29.—The Emigration Agent shall appoint to each ship about to be despatched by him the staff of attendants specified in scale No 11 of Schedule E, and shall ensure their punctual attendance at the time of embarkation.

When emigrants volunteer to act as topazes or cooks, and the superintending Surgeons are willing to accept their services in this capacity, they may be employed as such.

The compounder-interpreter and the nurses, cooks, sirdars and topazes, whether emigrants or not, shall, whenever practicable, be selected from among those who have been accustomed to a sea life, and have been trained either in an emigration depôt or elsewhere to the kind of work they will be required to perform on board.

One of the nurses appointed shall be a person who possesses the necessary qualifications for the work of supervising and directing under-nurses, and she shall be appointed head nurse.

29A.—The Agent shall provide all persons appointed by him with separate written agreements wherein their respective engagements, including for natives of India a free return passage to India, and in the case of West Indian or African topazes a free passage to their homes shall be clearly provided for; but when such persons are emigrants under engagement to serve in the colony to which they are proceeding, it will not be necessary to provide that a return passage to India should be secured to them by agreement, otherwise than on the same terms provided for other emigrants.

To meet caste prejudices, it shall be arranged so that Brahmins shall cook for Hindus, and Mussulmans for Mahomedans.

29B.—It shall be further provided by such written agreement that all the attendants shall be under the immediate control of the Surgeon Superintendent, and that he shall have the power of disrating or dismissing any of them for misconduct or neglect of duty.

SCHEDULE E.—SCALES.

No. 11.

Scale of attendants to be appointed to emigrant ships proceeding to places either east or west of the Cape of Good Hope:—

(a) *Compounder-interpreter.*—One to each ship, unless the total number of statute adults the ship is licensed to carry exceeds 500, in which case an assistant compounder-interpreter must be provided.

(b) *Extra interpreter.*—One to each ship in all cases when the Surgeon or the Master and third officer are ignorant of the native language; but in the event of an assistant compounder-interpreter being provided, an extra interpreter need not be appointed.

(c) *Female nurses.*—Four to each 100 children under two years of age.

(d) *Sirdars or headmen.*—Four to every 100 statute adults.

(e) *Cooks or bandaries.*

(f) *Topazes or sweepers*

(except in the case of ships bound to the West Indies, as to which see Rule 49).

Two to the first 100 statute adults, and one additional for every additional 100 statute adults.

G. H. M. BATTEN,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—The following description of the boundary of the Jullapahar Cantonment is hereby published for general information.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

List of Pillars defining the Jullapahar Cantonment, Darjeeling.

Number of pillar.	DESCRIPTION OF PILLAR.	Distance in feet.	BEARING.		REMARKS.
			Degree.	Minutes.	
1	Is situated at Jore bungalow in the south-east end of parapet wall between Jullapahar cart road and Darjeeling cart road— Distance, measured along centre of Calcutta road to No. 2 pillar ...	2,240	Not taken	.	The boundary from pillar No. 1 to No. 2 is the west or inner edges of the Calcutta road, the road itself being out of cantonment.
2	Is situated at junction of Calcutta road and Jullapahar bridle road in the west or inner edge of Calcutta road ...	70	63	46	
3	Is situated at junction of Calcutta road and Jullapahar bridle road at end of retaining wall between them— Distance, measured along centre of Calcutta road to No. 4 pillar ...	6,023	Not taken	.	
4	Is situated about 20 feet above the Calcutta road on the spur below the Artillery canteen— Distance and bearing to No. 5 pillar ...	483	322	23	The boundary from pillar No. 2 to pillar No. 3 is the west or inner edge of the Calcutta road, which road is out of cantonment. Distance in direct line up hill.
5	Is situated on foot-path running north-east of Royal Artillery canteen— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	105	323	35	
6	Is situated above No. 5 on hill between Artillery lines and Mount Vernon— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	89	323	35	
7	Is situated on ridge near foot-path from Mount Vernon to cantonment— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	164	323	35	
8	Is situated on west face of hill below No. 7— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	145	323	35	
9	Is situated on inner side of road to Darjeeling in line with 7 and 8— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	135	2	52	
10	Is situated on inner side of road to Darjeeling above police-station— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	147	288	30	
11	Is situated to the west of the road from Darjeeling to Jullapahar at the bend near police-station— Distance and bearing to the next pillar ...	145	233	8	
12	In ravine between Eagle's Nest barrack, and the house known as Point Clear— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	150	309	9	

Number of pillar.	DESCRIPTION OF PILLAR.	Distance in feet.	BEARING.		REMARKS.
			Degrees.	Minutes.	
13	Is situated on rock above the same ravine and to the north of it— Distance and bearing to next pillar	348	817	20	
14	Situated at the bottom of same ravine and on the east side of the road from Darjeeling to Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar	300	206	49	Distance measured on the slope up and down hill.
15	Situated on steep spur between Eagle's Nest barrack and Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar	176	203	35	
16	Situated on the same spur as the last— Distance and bearing to next pillar	154	206	35	
17	Situated between 14 and 16 on the south side of road from Jullapahar Theatre to Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar	782	206	14	Distance from 15 pillar to stream in ravine 195.
18	Situated on side of hill below No. 14 family quarter, near cattle shed— Bearing to north-west corner of Eagle's Nest barrack Bearing to north-west corner of Darjeeling Church porch Bearing to centre of Collinton House Bearing to north-west corner of the west cattle shed Bearing to chimney in west gable of No. 114 barrack Distance and bearing to next pillar	...	39	20	
19	Situated north of cattle shed— Distance and bearing to next pillar	413	285	15	
20	Situated above and to east of the Auckland Road below cattle sheds— Distance to next pillar, measured along centre of Auckland road . N.B. — The boundary of cantonment from No. 20 to No. 21 pillars is the inner or westerly edge of the Auckland road, which road is not in cantonment.	12,231	Not taken.		Distance to first stream across road 640. Distance to junction of Auckland and Cantonment road 825.
21	Situated near Goompahar village at the junction of the path from the Darjeeling cart road to the Auckland road— Distance and bearing to the next pillar	826	153	8	
22	Situated on knoll above cart road near Goompahar village— Distance and bearing to next pillar	162	67	20	
23	Situated on knoll to north of deep cutting on Darjeeling cart road— Distance and bearing to next pillar	407	80	9	
24	Situated between the two cart roads— Distance to No. 1 pillar, measured along centre of military cart road	1,767	Not taken.		From No. 24 to No. 1 the outer or south edge of the Jullapahar cart road and its revetment constitutes the boundary.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—In supersession of the Notification published under the provisions of Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act (VIII, 1871,) in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th December 1873, the following rules, which have been prepared under the provisions of Section 69 of Act III, 1877, and have been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, are hereby published for general information.

2. These rules will have effect in the provinces under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal from and after the 1st January 1878.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rules framed under Section 69 of Act III of 1877 (the Indian Registration Act) and sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.

Leave and Appointments.

1. REGISTRARS and Sub-Registrars, on giving or receiving charge of their respective offices, shall report the fact to the Inspector-General in the form given in Rule 120 below.

In the case of Sub-Registrars, such reports shall be made through the District Registrar.

2. Whenever a District Registrar makes a temporary appointment under section 12, he shall at once report the fact to the Inspector-General.

3. When a Sub-divisional Officer goes on tour, it is usually undesirable that he should carry the sub-registry office about with him. He should ordinarily make over charge to his Sub-Deputy Collector or to the Moonsif: in the latter case, the assent of the Registrar and of the District Judge must first be obtained.

4. The report referred to in section 13 shall be submitted to Government by the Inspector-General at the end of each month.

5. Head-quarter Sub-Registrars having been permanently placed in charge of district registry offices under section 7 of the Act, clause 2, temporary appointments under section 11 need only be reported when some person other than the Special Sub-Registrar is appointed to perform the duties of the Registrar during his absence.

6. When a Sub-Registrar is absent, or his office is temporarily vacant, if the District Registrar is unable to appoint a suitable substitute, he may himself assume charge of the sub-registry office until the return of the Sub-Registrar or appointment of a successor; and in such cases the extra or additional fee chargeable for registration by a Registrar under section 30(a) shall not be charged upon registrations effected during the absence of the Sub-Registrar.

7. Rural Sub-Registrars are not subject to the uncontracted leave rules.

It is a condition of their appointment that they should reside at the headquarters of their jurisdiction; leave should therefore be seldom required, and should be given only in cases of urgent necessity. When the leave asked for does not exceed one month, the Registrar is competent to grant the application and appoint a substitute. All leave exceeding one month, and every extension of leave which will prolong the period of absence beyond one month, must receive the previous sanction of the Inspector-General.

All leave granted to rural Sub-Registrars shall be at once reported to the Inspector General, and

included by him in the monthly report submitted to Government under rule 4.

Seals.

8. The seals of District Registrars and Deputy Registrars made under section 12 of Act XVI of 1864 shall be taken to be seals of Registrars and Sub-Registrars under this Act. The seal shall always remain in the personal custody of the registering officer.

Languages commonly used—(Section 19).

9. The following languages shall be considered to be commonly used in the districts named, viz.—

In the Patna Division and the districts of Bhagulpore and Monghyr—English, Hindi, and Hindustani

In the Chota Nagpore Division, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and in the districts of Purneah, Darjeeling, and Julpigoree—English, Hindi, Hindustani, and Bengali.

In the Burdwan, Presidency, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions, and in the districts of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division not already mentioned—English, Bengali, and Hindustani.

In the Orissa Division—English, Bengali, Hindustani, and Uriya.

10. When a copy of a Bengali, Uriya, or Hindi document is forwarded, under section 65 of the Act, to a Registrar in another presidency, it shall be accompanied by information in English respecting the names and additions of all persons executing and claiming under it, and a description of the property situated in the Registrar's district sufficient for its identification.

11. A power-of-attorney intended for use in another presidency, if authenticated in Bengali, Uriya, or Hindi, by an officer unacquainted with English, may, if the parties desire it, be forwarded by him to the District Registrar for the endorsement on it of an English translation of the authentication.

12. A power-of-attorney authenticated in a language unknown to a registering officer to whom it may be presented may, if the parties desire it, be by him submitted to the Registrar or Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, as the case may be, who will procure an English translation of the authentication.

Maps or Plans—(Section 21).

13. The territorial divisions to be recognized. *Territorial divisions.* under section 21 (b) shall be registration districts, sub-districts, and thanas; also pergunnahs and mouzahs, where they are known, and collectorate districts, if different from registration districts.

14. Copies of maps or plans shall be attested by the signatures of the persons executing the document or their agents, and the original map or plan contained in the document shall at the time of registration be signed and sealed by the registering officer. When, under section 30 (b), the Registrar of Calcutta registers a document accompanied by a map relating to property, no part of which lies within his own district, a copy of the map shall be supplied for record in his own office in addition to the number required by section 21 (c).

15. When a document containing a map or plan is presented for re-registration under the proviso to section 23, it shall not be necessary for the parties to deposit fresh copies of the map or plan under section 21 (c); but the registering officer shall certify against the copy in the register book that the map or plan attached to the document is the same as that which was attached to it on its first presentation.

Commissions (under Sections 33 and 38).

16. A commission shall ordinarily be issued by a registering officer to some salaried member of his establishment, and the order shall be briefly endorsed on the document in words to this effect:—

“A commission is hereby issued under section 33 (or 38) of the Indian Registration Act, 1877, to [name and designation of the officer] for the purpose of inquiring whether the within power (or document) has been executed by A. B., son of C. D., of , by whom it purports to have been executed.”

17. If the person to be examined under section 38 be not resident within the district or sub-district of the registering officer, a commission shall be directed to the Registrar of the district in which such person resides, who may re-direct it to the Sub-Registrar, who may, if he cannot personally attend, re-direct it to any officer of his establishment. The commission fee and travelling allowance will be transferred to the registering officer to whom the commission is addressed.

18. When the commission has been executed, the commissioner shall return the document to the office from which it was issued, with a report, which shall be endorsed upon the document, in the following terms:—“Having visited the residence of A. B., son of C. D., at , I have this day examined the said A. B., who has been identified to my satisfaction by E. F., son of G. H., &c., residents of , and the said A. B. admitted (or denied) the execution of the within power (or document).”

Full signature of executant.

Ditto of witnesses.

Ditto of commissioner.

19. A commissioner may examine witnesses in the same manner as a registering officer; and persons refusing to give testimony to a commissioner, on

being required to do so, shall be subject to the same penalties and punishment which they would incur for the same offence if committed in a registration office.

20. It shall be competent to a registering officer to examine the commissioner personally in his office touching any of the circumstances connected with the discharge of his commission, especially with reference to the voluntary nature of the admission of execution.

21. All applications for visits under sections 31, 33, or 38, or for the issue of commissions under section 33 or 38, shall be accompanied by the amount of fees chargeable, as well as the amount of travelling allowance claimable by the registering officer or commissioner.

22. A separate commission fee shall be charged upon every signature which requires attestation, but travelling allowance shall only be charged for the actual distance travelled: Provided that where two or more persons who execute the same document (or documents relating to the same transaction) reside together, only one commission fee shall be charged, so far as those persons are concerned.

23. The distances for which travelling allowance is charged shall be calculated according to the table which is drawn up in the Collector's office for the service of processes. A copy of this table shall be exhibited in every registration office.

Powers-of-attorney.

24. The form of authentication of powers-of-attorney shall be as follows:—

(1)—When the principal executing the power appears at the registration office—

“Executed in my presence on the day of 18, by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession , who is personally known to me (or whose identity was proved by the testimony of E. F., son of G. H., of), and recorded as No. for 18.”

Full signature of principal.

Ditto of witness or witnesses.

Seal and signature of registering officer.

(2)—When the principal is exempted from appearance—

“Having visited and examined at his (or her) residence the principal, A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession , who is personally known to me (or whose identity was proved by the evidence of E. F., son of G. H., of), I am satisfied that this power-of-attorney has been voluntarily executed by him (or her), and I accordingly authenticate it under section 33 of Act III of 1877, and record it as No. for 187.”

Full signature of principal.

Ditto of witnesses.

Seal and signature of registering officer and date.

When the Sub-Registrar himself does not examine the executant, he should make the following endorsement below the report of the commissioner, as provided for in rule 18:—

“From the above report, I am satisfied, &c.” (as above).

25. All interlineations, blanks, erasures, or alterations in powers-of-attorney authenticated under section 33 should, at the time of authentication, be detailed in a footnote signed by the Sub-Registrar. When there are no interlineations, &c., the fact should be noted in the same way. This note will be copied in every case into the register of powers-of-attorney.

26. General powers-of-attorney are available under this Act if they contain or imply an authority to appear in a registration office, and are executed in accordance with section 33. Powers already executed may be made available by the execution, in accordance with section 33, of an additional clause empowering an attorney to appear in a registry office.

27. If an authority to register be included in a document to be registered, the document must of course bear the additional stamp duty chargeable on the power-of-attorney.

28. Powers which do not contain or imply an authority to appear in a registration office shall not be authenticated under section 33.

29. Whenever a special power-of-attorney is used in a registration office for the purposes of section 32, an endorsement shall be made upon it in the following form, and it shall be returned forthwith:—

Presented this day.

Date. (Sd.) A. B.,

[Seal.] Registrar or Sub-Registrar of

30. For general powers-of-attorney no endorsement is required. They shall be returned after inspection to the parties by whom they were presented.

Issue of Process.

31. Summonses under section 75 will be issued direct by the Registrar acting according to the provisions of Chapter VI of Act X of 1877. The summonses referred to in sections 36 and 37 shall be executed through the Revenue authorities, and the peon's fee shall be regulated according to the rules for the service of processes by such authorities: Provided that when a rural Sub-Registrar's office and a Moonsif's court are located in the same place, the processes shall issue through the Moonsif's court. In such cases the peon's fee shall be regulated by the rules for the service of processes in the civil court.

32. If the summons be addressed to a person who is alleged to have executed the document, it shall require him to attend in person or by agent; if it be addressed to any person whose evidence is required to prove a fact, it shall require him to attend in person.

33. Every application for summons must be accompanied by the amount of expenses payable to the witness, as well as the amount of peon's fees usually chargeable by the revenue authority or civil court through which the summons is to be issued; and in forwarding for compliance an application for summons, the registering officer shall also forward the witnesses' expenses and the peon's fee, together with a draft summons in duplicate ready for signature, and purporting to issue from the civil or revenue court to which the application is forwarded for compliance.

34. In case of a person summoned under section 37 neglecting to appear, or if a summons under that section cannot be served, the register-

ing officer may call upon the revenue officer or civil court through whom his summonses are served to take any further action authorized by the law for the time-being in force for the purpose of securing the attendance of the person whose evidence is required, and such a requisition must be accompanied by the proper fee. It rests with the registering officer to specify the form of action to be taken.

35. No rural Sub-Registrar shall issue a requisition under the preceding rule without the previous sanction of the District Registrar.

Wills, &c.

36. A will shall not be received for deposit Will deposited under otherwise than in the manner laid down in section 42. A will received through the post-office shall be returned to the testator bearing.

37. Every entry made in Register Book V, under the provisions of section 43, shall be signed in full and dated by the Registrar.

38. When a sealed cover is withdrawn, under section 44, the fact shall be noted in Register Book V, and the entry shall be signed by the person by whom the withdrawal is made as well as by the Registrar.

39. When a sealed cover is opened, under section 45, the fact shall be noted in Register Book V and the entry signed by the Registrar. If a cover is opened under order of a civil court, this shall be mentioned in the entry.

40. When a will is forwarded to any court Wills called for by a civil court under section 46, it shall be accompanied by a memorandum of the fee for opening the cover and copying charges, and it shall be the duty of the court to levy and remit such fee and charges to the Registrar.

41. Sealed covers deposited with a Registrar under section 42 shall be Wills to be examined. examined monthly, and their condition reported to the Inspector-General. If there be no sealed cover in custody, this fact must be reported month by month.

Procedure in Registration.

42. On the presentation of a document for registration, the registering officer shall first satisfy himself—

- (1) That it has been presented at the proper office (sections 28, 29, and 30);
- (2) That it bears the proper stamp; and if it purport to be, or is known to be, a counterpart—

That it is "available" under the proviso of Article 16, Schedule II of the General Stamp Act, 1869;

- (3) That it is in the usual language of the district, or is accompanied by a translation and a true copy (section 19);
- (4) That in the case of important interlineations section 20 and rule 136 have been complied with;
- (5) That (if the document refers to immoveable property) the description is sufficient (section 21);
- (6) That it has been presented within the proper time (sections 23, 25, and 26);

(7) That it has been presented by a person authorized to do so (section 32).

43. If the requirements of the law have been complied with in all these particulars, the following certificate shall be entered on the face of the deed:—

"Admissible under rule 42. Correctly stamped under the General Stamp Act, Schedule, No. ."

44. After entry of the certificate under rule 43, the registering officer shall receive the fee or any fine payable under section 24, and enter the amount on the document close to such certificate, and at the same time the requisite entry shall be made in the fee book.

First endorsement.

45. The document shall now be endorsed to the following effect:—

"Presented for registration at A.M. (or P.M.) on the day of 187 , at the sub-registry office (or elsewhere), by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession [or attorney for E. F., one of the claimants under a power (No. for 187) executed in the presence of the Sub-Registrar of]."

(Sd.) A. B.

(Sd.) G. H., Sub-Registrar of

46. The amount of the fee paid shall be entered on the receipt given under section 52.

47. The endorsement under section 58 shall be to the following effect:—

Second endorsement.

"Execution is admitted by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession ."

(Sd.) A. B.

"Identified by E. F., son of G. H., of , by caste , by profession ."

The of 187

(Sd.) E. F.

(Sd.) I. J., Sub-Registrar of

When execution is admitted by an agent, the following words shall be added:—

"Agent for K. L., under a power-of-attorney (No. for 187) executed in the presence of the Sub-Registrar of ."

When the executant or his agent is personally known to the registering officer, the words "personally known to me" should be substituted for the identification clause.

When receipt of consideration is acknowledged, the following clause should be added:—

"The receipt of rupees as consideration is admitted by the above A. B."

48. The endorsement referred to in the preceding rule shall invariably be recorded in the handwriting of the registering officer.

49. When a person who cannot write signs his name by means of a mark, his name shall be recorded at length, and the writer of the name shall also sign his own name in attestation that the said mark was affixed in his presence.

50. Whenever a registering officer administers an oath, he shall record the evidence of the witness examined on a separate sheet of paper, and a note of the fact should be endorsed on the deed itself.

51. When a document is presented which has only been executed by some of the parties to it,

the other executants may attend and execute the document and admit their execution without the payment of any further fee, so long as the certificate of registration under section 60 has not been endorsed thereon; but if the registration of the document has been completed, it must be presented afresh for registration and a second fee shall be payable.

52. When all the persons executing a document, or their representatives, assigns, or agents, have appeared and admitted its execution, the document shall be copied in the register.

53. When two or more copies of the same document are brought for registration at the same time, it shall not be necessary to enter the document more than once in the register, but all the endorsements shall be written upon each copy.

54. All endorsements shall be made in red ink, excepting signatures, which shall be made in black ink.

55. When there is not room on a document for the necessary endorsements, they shall be made on a separate quarter sheet of hand-laid medium paper, which should be supplied by the office, and attached to the document, a note being at the same time made on the document itself and signed by the registering officer. Every piece of paper so added must bear the seal of the registering officer and be signed and dated by him.

56. When a document has been copied and compared, the registering officer shall proceed to make, in the following form, the endorsement required by section 60:—

"Registered in Book , volume , page , being No. for 187 ."

Final endorsement.

Register Books.

57. The register copy of every document shall be compared with the original by some person other than the copyist, and both

the copyist and the comparer shall append their signatures. The registering officer shall authenticate by his initials all corrections in the copy and all notes which may be necessary under section 20 of the Act. He shall also affix his initials to each page, and shall certify with his full signature each copy to be a true one, and shall date such certificate with his own hand. The copier in his signature should use the word "copied;" the comparer will use the word "compared."

58. No erasures shall be made with a knife in any register book, but mistakes shall be corrected when necessary with the pen, and shall invariably be attested by the registering officer. All interlineations and corrections in the register books shall be made in red ink when the entries are in black ink, and in black ink when the entries are made in red ink.

59. The register books shall have two margins. On the left-hand margin shall be copied in red ink the value of the stamp, the certificate of admissibility under rule 43, and all the endorsements made in the office; in the centre shall be copied the deed itself in black ink, and the right-hand margin shall be left vacant for notes under

Copyist and comparer to sign their names.

section 20 and rule 186. The stamp-vendor's endorsement on each document shall be copied in red ink in the registers in the centre of the page below the copy of the document itself.

60. Several volumes of Register Books I and IV may, if necessary, be kept in use simultaneously, when the documents registered are so numerous as to make this course necessary. Register Books II, III, and V shall be continued from year to year until they are full, and in small offices where the number of documents registered is inconsiderable, the same volume of Register Books I and IV may also be used for two or more years.

61. When a book is closed, a certificate to that effect shall be appended at the close of the written portion, and a certificate showing the number of pages written upon shall be entered on the first page.

62. When, owing to omission or error in any document which has been registered, a supplementary document rectifying such mistake or omission is presented for registration, a note of such rectification shall be made in the margin of the register in which the original document is registered.

63. When a document occupies more than one sheet of paper, the seal and the signature of the registering officer shall be attached to every sheet.

Refusal of Registration.

64. If [rule 42 (1)] the deed has not been presented in the proper office, it shall be simply returned to the presenting party. In this case no entry need be made in Book II.

65. If [rule 42 (2)] the stamp is incorrect, the deed shall be impounded and forwarded to the Collector (section 23 of the General Stamp Act).

Note.—If the executant of a deed who is in doubt about the proper stamp consults a registering officer on the subject before formal presentation, the required information may be given to him without impounding the deed. But any deed formally presented with an insufficient stamp must be impounded.

66. If rules 42 (3) to (7) have not been complied with, or if the presenting party refuses to pay the proper fee, the deed must be returned at once to the presenting party with the endorsement—

“Registration refused,”

an entry being made at the same time in Book II.

Note.—Orders under this rule may be deferred at the request of the parties in order to enable them to comply with the requirements of the law, or for a reference to the Registrar under section 24. But in such cases an order of refusal shall be passed if the requirements of the law have not been complied with within eight months from the date of execution.

67. A Sub-Registrar is not authorized by law to refuse to register a document because he is directly or indirectly interested in the transaction to which it relates; but he will always advise the parties to present such a document at some other office. If the document relate to moveable property only, such other office may be the office of any Sub-Registrar under the same local Government at which all the parties may desire the document to be registered. If the document

relate to immoveable property, such other office will (unless the parties prefer to resort to the Registrar of Calcutta) be the office of the Registrar of the district. The latter officer will (as by the note of Article K of the Table of Fees already provided) register such document without charging the usual extra fee. If the parties, thus advised, insist on the Sub-Registrar registering a document in which he is interested, he must do so. In this case he will report the fact for the information of the District Registrar to whom he is subordinate.

68. The circumstances under which a document should at once be refused on presentation are given in rules 64-66. A document duly presented and accepted for the purpose of inquiry will not be admitted to registration under the following circumstances:—

- (1) If one or more of the executing parties deny execution. (Section 35.)
- (2) If one or more of the executing parties fail to appear and to admit execution. (Section 35.)
- (3) If a person by whom the document purports to be executed be dead, and his representative or assign deny execution. (Section 35.)
- (4) If a person purporting to have executed the document appear to be a minor, an idiot, or a lunatic. (Section 35.)
- (5) If the registering officer be not satisfied of the identity of any person appearing before him and alleging that he executed the document. (Section 35.)
- (6) If the registering officer be not satisfied as to the truth of the allegation that a person who executed the document is dead. (Section 35.)
- (7) If the admitting agent's power-of-attorney has not been made in accordance with the Act, or if an alleged representative or assign has failed to prove his status. (Section 35.)

69. In cases (1) and (4) registration must be at once refused. In cases (2), (3), (5), (6), (7) the order of refusal should ordinarily be deferred till eight months have elapsed from the date of execution. But if the parties declare their inability to comply with the requirements of the law, or for any other reason wish that the document should at once be refused and returned to them, this may be done.

70. The reasons of refusal must be recorded by the registering officer with his own hand in Book II, and the particulars should be fully and clearly stated in each case. When one out of several executants declines to comply with the requirements of the law, his name should be given; when the registering officer is doubtful as to the identity of a party admitting execution, the grounds of his suspicion should be stated.

Copies and Memoranda.

71. In addition to the bound volumes of Register Book I, every Sub-Registrar shall keep a file-book, in which he will file the memoranda of registered documents which have been forwarded to his office under sections 64, 65, and 66 of the Act.

Similarly, Registrars shall keep *two* separate file-books—one for memoranda and one for copies under sections 65, 66, and 67 of the Act. These papers shall be bound into a volume, or volumes, of convenient size at the end of the year. They shall be numbered consecutively, but in a series distinct from that of original registrations in Register Book I.

72. Copies shall be made on paper of the same size and description as that of the bound books. Memoranda shall be drawn up in the prescribed form.

73. Memoranda for sub-districts in another district shall be enclosed to the Registrar of that district, together with the copy required for his own office; but no memorandum need make mention of any property, other than that which is situated in the sub-district to which the memorandum is to be sent.

74. When a copy of a document is sent to the Registrar of another district under sections 65-67 of the Act, a memorandum need not be sent to any Sub-Registrar whose office has been amalgamated with that of the Registrar of such district.

75. The date on which copies and memoranda are despatched under the last rule shall be entered in the right-hand margin of the book in which the document has been copied.

76. When a memorandum or copy under sections 64-67 is transmitted from one office to another, it shall be accompanied by a receipt in the prescribed printed form, which shall at once be signed and returned by the receiving officer. If delay occurs in the return of the receipt, the despatching officer should take for it. All such receipts, when returned, should be filed separately.

77. The copies and translations of documents required to be filed under sections 19 and 62 shall be made upon hand-laid medium paper. They shall be kept in a separate file, a reference being made to this in the right-hand margin of the page on which the translation is copied in the register book. The file shall be bound from time to time, when it contains a sufficient number of copies and translations to form a volume. For the purposes of this rule the requisite paper may be sold to the public at one anna per sheet.

Indexes.

Index of persons.

78. The personal index, No. I, shall contain the following headings:—

- (1) Name of person.
- (2) Addition.
- (3) Interest in the transaction, as purchaser, mortgagee, decree-holder, &c.
- (4) Where registered.
- (5) Serial number.
- (6) Book.
- (7) Volume.
- (8) Page.

Index of places.

79. The local index, No. II, shall contain the following headings:—

- (1) Name of property or of mouzah; or, in towns, of street.

- (2) Name of pargunnah or thana.
- (3) Sub-district in which the property is situated.
- (4) Nature of the transaction, as sale of land, decree for possession of house, &c.
- (5) Where registered.
- (6) Serial number.
- (7) Book.
- (8) Volume.
- (9) Page.

80. Index No. III shall contain the following headings:—

- (1) Name of person.
- (2) Addition.
- (3) Interest in will or authority to adopt.
- (4) Where registered.
- (5) Serial number.
- (6) Book.
- (7) Volume.
- (8) Page.

Miscellaneous Index.

81. Index No. IV shall contain the same headings as Index No. I.

82. Except in rural offices in the charge of Sub-Registrars unacquainted with English, all indexes shall be kept in that language, and shall be prepared in accordance with the following rules:—

83. English indexes shall be kept according to the letters of the alphabet, the entries under each letter being arranged according to the vowel of the first syllable if the word begins with a consonant, or according to the second vowel in the word if it begins with a vowel.

84. If the documents to be indexed are written or executed in English, the names of the persons and places shall be spelt in the same way in which they are written in the documents. If the documents are written or executed in a vernacular language, the spelling shall be regulated according to Professor H. H. Wilson's system of transliteration, as modified by the Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

85. In the case of Europeans the surname shall be taken as the index word. All native names shall be indexed according to their first letters as they stand in the deed.

They will be transliterated in the same form in which they are written in the document. Thus in Bengali the same affix may be written, either Bānirjya or Bandopadhyāy, and whichever of these forms is used in the document will be retained and transliterated.

86. When a document is executed on behalf or in favour of Government, the index entry shall be made under *G, Government*, the name of the officer executing the document being entered in the column headed *Addition*; if on behalf or in favour of the Court of Wards, under *W, Wards, Court of*; and in the case of any other Court, under *C*. The names of companies shall be entered as they stand, the article only being omitted; thus *Land Mortgage Bank of India, Limited*, under *L*; *Ganges Steam Navigation Company, Limited*, under *G*.

87. The name of the depositor of a sealed cover shall be entered in Index III, in black ink. The name and addition of persons claiming under

a will or authority to adopt, which will be indexed after the death of the testator or donor, should be entered in red ink.

88. When there are two or more executants

Two or more names in one document to be entered separately.

or claimants, their names shall be separately entered in Index I, III, or IV.

Similarly, when two or more properties are conveyed by a single document, they shall be separately entered in Index II. But no Sub-Registrar need enter in his Index II any property which does not lie in his own sub-district.

89. Copies and memoranda of documents shall be indexed in the same way as original documents, but the entries relating to them shall be made in red ink.

90. In rural offices in the charge of Sub-Registrars unacquainted with English, the indexes shall be kept in the vernacular. The rules given above apply to indexes in the vernacular. In all rural offices one copy of Indexes I, II, III, and IV shall be made for office use in a bound volume, and a duplicate of the entries made each month in Indexes I and II shall be submitted at its close to the Sub-Registrar at sub-divisional head-quarters. In the head-quarters sub-division, and wherever the sub-divisional system has not yet been introduced, the duplicate will be sent direct to the Registrar for record.

91. The Sub-Registrar, on receiving vernacular Indexes I and II from rural Sub-Registrars, shall translate the same and incorporate them in his own indexes, noting the place of registration of each document; English indexes he shall directly incorporate in his own. He shall also at the end of each year, or at such shorter intervals as the Registrar shall direct, prepare on hand-laid medium paper a copy of the incorporated index for all offices in his sub-division, and submit it to the Registrar.

92. Where the office of a Registrar has been

Duplicate indexes of amalgamated offices.

amalgamated with that of a Sub-Registrar, the duplicate copy of the incorporated indexes of the sub-division shall be sent for safe custody to the office of the Registrar of Calcutta.

Fees and Fee-Book.

93. A printed table of fees in English and the vernacular of the district

Table of fees.

shall be suspended in some conspicuous place in every registry office.

94. Columns 1 to 7 and 13 in the fee book

Fee Book.

should be filled up as soon as any document is presented, except in the case of documents presented at the wrong office and returned immediately under rule 64; columns 8 and 9 should be filled up as soon as a document is admitted or refused; columns 10 and 11, as soon as registration has been completed; column 12, as soon as the document has been delivered; and column 14, as soon as the required copies and memoranda have been despatched.

95. Fees levied on documents presented for registration (whether registration has been deferred or not) shall not be retained in the personal custody of any registering officer for any time longer than may be absolutely necessary. They shall be dealt with in the same way as other

public money, and be paid into the nearest treasury. From district and sub-divisional offices the fees shall be remitted to the treasury daily; from rural offices they shall be sent to the treasury at such intervals as the Registrar shall direct. In all cases remittances to the treasury should be accompanied by the chalan book, duly filled up in duplicate. One copy of each chalan will be then kept by the treasury officer and the other returned with his signature.

96. The receipts entered in the fee book need not be entered in detail in the cash book: their daily totals will be sufficient; but all other receipts, and all payments whatsoever, must be entered in full detail in the cash book. All cash received must at once be entered either in the fee book or in the cash book. No money should under any circumstances be kept out of account. The cash book should be balanced every day, and signed after careful examination by the registering officer.

Records.

97. The Registrar's office shall be a central Office of record in each district, and the books and papers of subordinate offices (which are not to be destroyed) shall be transferred to it from time to time.

98. The following records belonging to the period anterior to the enactment of Act XVI of 1864 shall be henceforward permanently preserved in district registry offices:—

All registers of documents and their indexes.

Duplicate copies of documents required to be filed under Regulation XX of 1812.

Registers of powers-of-attorney.

Original powers required to be filed under Regulation XX of 1812.

Kazis' records.

99. Besides Register Books I, II, III, and IV, and Indexes I, II, III, and IV, the following records shall be kept in all registry offices:—

A register of powers-of-attorney in the prescribed form.

A register of visits and commissions in the prescribed form.

A fee book in the prescribed form.

A cash book in the form prescribed by Accountant-General.

A catalogue in the prescribed form.

A chalan book in the prescribed form.

A file of receipts given under section 52 and returned on delivery of registered documents.

A file of receipts for copies and memoranda under rule 76.

A file of daily notices exhibited under rule 141.

100. The following additional books shall be kept in the offices of all District Registrars:—

Register Book No. V.

A register of letters received.

A register of letters despatched.

101. In January of each year the following records for the previous year shall be transferred from sub-registry offices to the district office :—

Transfer of books.

Completed volumes of Register Book I (including the file of memoranda).

Completed volumes of Register Book IV and Index IV.

Copies and translations filed under section 19.

102. Register Books II and III, Index III, and the register of powers-of-attorney shall be transferred to the district office as soon as they are filled.

103. In the case of all rural offices, and wherever the sub-registry office is not a masonry building, each volume of the register books shall be forwarded to the district office as soon as it has been filled and indexed, without waiting till the end of the year.

104. For the period since Act XVI of 1864 came into force, the following records shall be preserved in perpetuity in all district offices :—

Records to be preserved in perpetuity.

All register books and their indexes prescribed by Acts XVI of 1864, XX of 1866, VIII of 1871, and III of 1877, as well those of the district registry offices as those received from the sub-registry offices.

Registers of powers-of-attorney.

Catalogue.

Cash book.

Fee book.

Reports of the destruction of records and lists of the papers destroyed.

105. The following records shall be preserved in perpetuity in all sub-registry offices :—

Register Book III under Act XVI of 1864, and Book V under Act XX of 1866.

The rough indexes under Act XVI of 1864. Original Indexes I and II under Acts XX of 1866, VIII of 1871, and III of 1877.

Catalogue.

Cash book.

Fee book.

106. When a registered document is destroyed under section 85, a note to that effect shall be made in the margin opposite the copy in the book in which it is registered.

Section 85.

107. The following records may be destroyed after the expiration of three full years from the period to which they relate :—

Records to be destroyed after three years.

Registers of visits and commissions.

Chalan books.

The receipts referred to in section 52.

Receipts referred to in rule 76.

All correspondence, whether in English or in the vernacular, which is of an ordinary routine character, and which the Registrar considers may be destroyed.

Monthly returns, petitions, and other records and papers not otherwise specified.

108. No documents, books or papers, what ever shall be destroyed at a sub-registry office without the previous sanction of the Inspector General; and before documents are destroyed an endeavour must always be made to induce the presentants to take them back.

109. The register books and indexes of the general registry offices under Act XVI of 1864 and Act XX of 1866 shall be preserved in the Calcutta registry office.

Applications for Search or Copies.

110. All applications for search or for copies should be made to the registering officer himself. If an application is made in writing, the registering officer should initial it at once, giving the date. If an application is made *verbally*, the registering officer should write on a slip of paper, "Give copy," or some such brief order, adding his initials and date. All such applications and orders should be preserved on a separate file, the date on which a search has been made or copy completed being noted. Applications made through Sub-Registrars for copies from registers deposited in the district office must be in writing, and should be at once transmitted to the Registrar for compliance. No stamp is required on applications for searches or copies.

111. Registrars shall permit search and grant copies of entries in the registers kept up previous to the enactment of Act III of 1877 at the same rate of fees and to the same extent as in the case of registers under that Act.

112. A call for information from any court or revenue authority shall, if it necessitates search in the registers, be accompanied by the necessary fee for search. Officers of Government shall be permitted to inspect the registers without fee; but if the production of a register book in any court is required, it shall be produced by an officer of the registration establishment deputed for that purpose, who will be entitled to claim payment of his expenses like any other witness.

• Indents.

113. Before the 1st of September of each year every Sub-Registrar shall submit to the Registrar to whom he is subordinate an indent in the prescribed form for all register books and other registration forms which will be required in his office during the following calendar year.

114. Every Registrar shall submit to the Inspector-General before the 15th September of each year an indent in triplicate in the prescribed form for all register books and other registration forms which will be required for his own office and those of the Sub-Registrars subordinate to him during the following calendar year. When it is desired that the supply of register books, &c., should be forwarded to any sub-registry office direct instead of being sent through the office of the Registrar to whom he is subordinate, an intimation to that effect should accompany the Registrar's indent, and the indents of such Sub-Registrars should be submitted separately in triplicate with the Registrar's endorsement, instead of being embodied in the Registrar's indent.

115. When delay occurs in supplying register books and other registration forms, reminders should be addressed, not to the Inspector-General of Registration, but to the Superintendent of Stationery, the number of this office order being quoted. Reminders are useless without it.

116. Indents for the forms enumerated below, which have been prescribed by the Accountant-General, should be submitted in duplicate in March of each year direct to the Superintendent of Stationery.

1A.—Accountant-General's form of indent form.

116.—Commission list of Sub-Registrars.

117.—Salary list of gazetted officers of the Registration Department.

118.—Salary list of sanctioned establishments of the Registration Department.

119.—Bill for contingent charges of the Registration Department.

120.—Travelling allowance of Registrars.

121.—Travelling allowance of ministerial officers of the Registration Department.

128.—Bill for refund of registration fee for sub-divisional and rural sub-registry office.

138.—Detailed bill of contingent charges for countersignature.

141.—Leave statement.

151.—Form of acknowledgment of permanent advance.

183.—Cash book of registration.

184.—Acquittance roll of establishment.

117. Rural Sub-Registrars may be supplied with registration ink and other stationery from the district office at cost price, which should be ascertained from the Superintendent of Stationery. The hand-laid medium paper required for copies under sections 64 and 65 will be supplied to them gratis. They are also supplied with registers, index books, and printed forms free of charge.

The cost of sending the registers, &c., from the Stationery Office to the offices of rural Sub-Registrars which are situated at a distance from Calcutta is borne by Government, and the charge met from the provision made in the budget for the Registrar's office contingencies.

118. Before the several dates noted below all District Registrars should send to the Superintendent of Stationery an indent in duplicate in the prescribed form for the stationery (including registration ink) which will be required for the registry offices in their districts during the next twelve months; indents from Sub-Registrars should be submitted to the district office at least fifteen days before these dates. The Registrar's indent should include all ink and other stationery likely to be required by rural Sub-Registrars under rule 117, above.

JUNE.—Patna, Bhagalpore, and Rajshahye Divisions, except the district of Rajshahye.

JULY.—Dacca, and Cooch Behar Divisions.

SEPTEMBER.—Calcutta offices.

OCTOBER.—Chittagong Division.

NOVEMBER.—Presidency and Burdwan Divisions and the Rajshahye district (Rampore Beaulah).

DECEMBER.—Chota Nagpore and Orissa.

Permanent Advance.

119. A permanent advance, not exceeding Rs. 200, will be allowed for each District Registrar on account of (1) contingencies, (2) service postage, and (3) refund of registration fees; but he need not draw the full advance of Rs. 200 where his ordinary expenses fall much below that amount. The Registrar will apportion the amount drawn according to the require-

ments of each subordinate office, care being taken that a sum is allowed sufficient to meet charges for refunds only; because in the case of rural offices contingent charges will be defrayed by the rural Sub-Registrars, and in other sub-registry offices they should be met from the advance for general purposes received from the Accountant-General. In cases of the dismissal or death of rural Sub-Registrars, the District Registrar will be held responsible for the amount of the advances made by him. At the close of each official year the District Registrar will send an acknowledgment of the entire advance to the Accountant-General, Bengal, in A. G. B. form No. 151, of which a supply should be kept at hand.

120. The advance received by a Sub-Registrar will never be repaid into the treasury, but recouped from time to time, when necessary, by the submission to the Registrar of an abstract bill or bills supported by needful vouchers. On the first office day after the 25th March in each year the officer receiving the advance will forward an acknowledgment of its receipt to the District Registrar. Whenever there is a change of incumbency, the relieving officer shall also address to the Registrar an acknowledgment in the following form:—

"To the Registrar of

"We, the undersigned, have the honor to report that we have this day, at o'clock in the forenoon (or afternoon), respectively made over and received charge of the office of

"Relieved Officer.

"Relieving Officer."

"And I, the Relieving Officer, acknowledge to have received Rupees of the permanent advance of Rupees, and that the full amount of such advance is due from and to be accounted for by me.

"Dated the

18 .

"Relieving Officer."

Salary Bills.

121. Registrars and Sub-Registrars who are paid by fixed salaries will draw their pay in Accountant-General's form No. 117, and the bill may be paid without the countersignature of superior authority.

122. Sub-Registrars who are wholly or partly remunerated by a percentage on the fees will draw their commission at the end of each month, in Accountant-General's form No. 116, at such rate as may have been sanctioned by Government, but upon such fees only as shall have been actually paid into the treasury. In calculating commission, the fees levied on documents which are still pending at the close of the month shall be excluded; but if the documents be eventually registered, the fees previously credited in respect of them will be brought into the commission account for the month in which they are registered. No commission is payable on fines, or on the extra fees for registration by a Registrar, or on the receipts for the sale of paper. Commission bills require the Registrar's countersignature before payment.

123. When an officer is temporarily placed in charge of the office of a Special Sub-Registrar during his absence on inspection duty in the interior of his district, he is not entitled to draw

commission, which the Special Sub-Registrar retains.

Establishment Bills.

124. Salary bills for permanent establishments will be drawn in Accountant-General's form No. 118 by the head of the office. They do not require the countersignature of higher authority.

125. Bills for extra establishments paid by salary may be drawn in the same way as those for fixed establishments, the orders sanctioning their entertainment being always quoted in the bill.

126. Bills for wages of extra writers paid at contract rates require the countersignature of the Inspector-General before payment. Whenever special establishments are entertained, whether they are paid by salary or at contract rates, a weekly progress statement must be submitted to the Inspector-General in printed form No. 34A.

Contingent Bills.

127. A register of contingent expenditure shall be kept in each office, and the initials of the head of the office shall be entered against the date of the payment of each item.

128. The disbursing officer, that is the officer who draws a bill for contingent charges and is responsible for the due disbursement of the amount, may be left to deal with vouchers for items not exceeding ten rupees, attaching to his contingent bill a certificate in the following form:—

"I certify that the expenditure charged in this bill could not, with due regard to the interests of the public service, be avoided. I have satisfied myself that the charges entered in this bill have been really paid. Vouchers of all sums above Rs. 10 in amount are attached to the bill. I have, as far as possible, obtained vouchers for smaller sums, and am personally responsible that they have been so destroyed that they cannot be used again, except the vouchers for service postage labels, which are herewith sent."

129. When the bill of a disbursing officer is countersigned, vouchers for sums above Rs. 10 and not exceeding Rs. 100 shall be examined, cancelled, and retained in the office of the countersigning officer.

The following certificate is prescribed for the countersigning officer:—

"I certify that in support of every charge of more than Rs. 10 made in this bill a receipt or other voucher in proper form has been given to me and is now in my possession. The receipts and vouchers for items in excess of Rs. 100 are attached to the bill, and I am personally responsible that the receipts and vouchers for all other items of more than Rs. 10 are in proper form and order, and that they have been so cancelled that they cannot again be used to support claims against the Government, except the vouchers for service postage labels, which are herewith sent."

130. The salary of sweepers cannot be charged to contingencies. The wages of punkah-pullers may be so charged when their employment has been sanctioned.

131. No charges for printing may be incurred without the special sanction of the Inspector-

General. Such printed forms as are necessary will be printed at the Alipore Jail Press under the authority of the Inspector-General.

132. English stationery procurable from the Stationery Office may not be purchased in the local market, but charges for petty articles, such as sealing-ink, paste, thread, country paper, &c., may be included in the monthly contingent bill.

133. Sub-Registrars' contingent bills should be presented for payment at the end of each month, and if the total charge does not exceed Rs. 10, the Registrar's countersignature is sufficient for audit. All charges for service postage labels, however small, must be supported by vouchers, and require the countersignature of the Inspector-General.

134. Registrars' contingent bills not exceeding Rs. 10 in amount do not require countersignature.

135. When the expenditure during any month on account of contingencies, service postage, and refunds in any Registrar's office exceed the amount of the permanent advance, the amount expended may be drawn by an abstract bill or bills (*see* Accountant-General's form No. 119) submitted during the month under the Registrar's signature. But in such cases a detailed bill (*see* Accountant-General's form No. 138), accompanied by vouchers, must also be submitted to the Inspector-General at the end of the month.

Miscellaneous.

136. When the executant of any document appears personally, he shall be required to attest all interlineations, &c. When he appears by agent, &c., the attestation of such agent, &c., shall be accepted, unless the interlineations, &c., are of an important character. A registering officer shall also be at liberty, on due cause being shown, to accept the attestation of an agent, &c., in case of important interlineations, &c.

137. When a document is presented or admitted more than four months after execution, the Registrar may either register it himself, in which case an extra fee under heading K as well as the penalty under heading O shall be levied, or he may direct its registration (on payment of the penalty under heading O) by any Sub-Registrar in whose office it could have been registered if presented within four months. In such cases the date on which the application was made to the Registrar shall be regarded as the date of presentation.

138. Every Sub-Registrar shall sit daily during certain hours which shall be approved by the Registrar and made known to the public by a notice in some conspicuous place outside the office. The holidays to be observed in registration offices shall be the days on which the Bank of Bengal is closed by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

139. Applications for the remission of fines under section 70 may be filed with the registering officer, but no such application shall be received until the fine has been paid. The application shall be forwarded to the Inspector-General with

any remarks which the registering officer may wish to make.

140. Registering officers shall take care that their clerks have no dealings with the public, except in their presence. They shall themselves receive documents which are tendered for registration, and when they are registered shall return them with their own hands.

141. The serial number of the last document completed and ready for return shall be daily exhibited in the prescribed printed form in some conspicuous place outside every office.

142. A catalogue in the prescribed form shall be kept up and permanently preserved in every registry office. On the occasion of every permanent change in the incumbency, the officer receiving charge should compare his books with the catalogue, and certify therein that he has found them correct.

143. All official letters and covers sent by post from any sub-registry or district registry office must be prepaid by service labels. These labels will be supplied to Sub-Registrars (on application) by District Registrars, who will disallow unreasonable and excessive demands. A monthly statement of the distribution of service labels should be submitted by each District Registrar for the information of the Inspector-General. The cost of these labels will be met from the consolidated advance mentioned in rule 119. Service labels will be purchased by District Registrars as they require them, the expenditure being included in their monthly contingent bill, supported by the Treasury Officer's receipts as vouchers.

144. Bills, monthly returns, and regular indents should not be accompanied by covering letters. The envelopes containing them should be marked "Returns." Letters and urgent indents should be separately sent.

145. A duplicate bill should never be submitted unless the original is lost in transit or otherwise, in which case a certificate should be attached to the effect that the bill has not been cashed at the treasury.

146. Travelling allowances of registering officers and their clerks will be drawn in Accountant-General's forms Nos. 120 and 121 respectively; and in both cases they must invariably be submitted to the Inspector-General for countersignature before payment, whatever may be the amount of the bill.

147. When ministerial officers of the department are deputed to give evidence or to produce records before any court, application for the payment of their travelling expenses should be made to the court.

148. House and office rent sanctioned by Government may be drawn by the head of the office without the countersignature of higher authority, the number and date of the Government order being always quoted on the bill.

149. Office furniture must not be purchased without the sanction of the Inspector-General. An estimate of the probable cost should accompany all applications for such sanction.

150. The security bonds of head-clerks should be examined at the close of each financial year, the result being reported to the Inspector-General.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under the powers vested in him by Section 32 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exclude the following portions of the roads within the limits of the Rungpore Municipality from the operation of the Act, and to authorize the transfer of such roads to the charge of the Road Cess Committee of that district:—

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. The Julpigoree road. | 4. Bogra road. |
| 2. Dintagepore road. | 5. Cooch Behar road. |
| 3. Kaligunge and Mahigunge road. | 6. Kurigram road. |

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the ferry at Indupur, on the river Braminee, in the district of Cuttack.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 284 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Bankoora, made at a meeting, to sanction the extension to that Municipality of the provisions of Sections 235 to 256, 271 to 274, 278 to 288, and 292 to 294 of Part VII of the Act.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th July 1877.—THE following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Dinagore at a meeting under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information :—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20 : provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

8. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

9. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation or any place containing waste and stagnant water, or into any other receptacle.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

14. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

15. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part, Rs. 10.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of Public Roads.

16. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-work, fire-arm, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-Laws.

17. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the cost as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

18. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Commissioners, and in any such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

19. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice Rs. 5 daily.

20. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

21. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement Rs. 4 daily.

23. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

24. No person shall let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface of the ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

26. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

29. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

30. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

31. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement Rs. 10.

32. Any person allowing cattle or animals to be at large within the limits of the Municipality without proper attendants shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—The following Notification is published in supersession of that which appeared at page 747 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877:—

It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the two ferries at Achiutola and Jhalmalia, in the district of Rajshahye—the former over the river Narod, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Pubna; and the latter on the Moosakhau-ka-khall, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Nattore.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st July 1877.—It is hereby notified that such portion of the Notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th July 1877 as relates to Section 4 of the Regulations made by the Government under Section 6, Act XX, 1865, for conducting the examination of applicants for admission as pleaders and mookhtars in the mofussil courts subordinate to the High Court, has been cancelled by the Lieutenant-Governor, and that the following has been substituted:—

“The examination of candidates for pleaderships of the higher grade shall be held in Calcutta; the examination for lower grade pleaders shall be held at Calcutta and Cuttack; the examination for mooktarships shall be held at Calcutta, Patna, Dacca, and Cuttack.”

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare the ferry at Mag Bazar, in Nulchitty, in the district of Backergunge, to be a public ferry.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Takee, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality, and the levy from 1st September 1877 of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rates mentioned below.

For every cart kept within the Municipality Rs. 2 per annum, or Re. 1 per half year.

For every cart habitually used within the Municipality Rs. 3 per annum, or Re. 1-8 per half year.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd July 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Deoghur, in the Southal Pergunnahs, at a meeting, under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information :—

For Regulating the Conduct of Business at Meetings.

1. The Office of the Sub-divisional Officer will be the Municipal Office under the provisions of the Act.

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

2. The receipts to be given under Section 110 to be signed by either the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman.

3. Every collecting officer should be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

4. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20: Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

5. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

6. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month, unless discharged at once for misconduct; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

7. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required to do so, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

8. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within six hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within four hours after daylight, remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or, if he is unable to remove the carcass, he may report the animal's death to the Municipal Secretary or overseer, who shall cause it to be removed at his expense; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass. Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

9. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

10. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy with a suitable moveable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

Penalty for infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 10.

11. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or to be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, or excavation, or into any other receptacle but one of the kind described in the next preceding section.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

12. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool into any drain, tank, or water-course, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

14. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

15. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

16. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under fourteen years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part not to exceed Rs. 10.

17. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights, except when in the opinion of the Magistrate there may be sufficient moonlight to render such lights unnecessary.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-works, Fire-balloons, Fire-arms, or any Missile in or near a Public Street.

18. No person shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-works, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

19. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Municipal Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 1 daily.

20. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence after eight days' notice, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5.

21. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement after notice not to exceed Rs. 5; for continued infringement, Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 5; for continued infringement after notice Rs. 1 daily.

23. No person shall let loose, or allow to be loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, street, or public place whatever.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

For Regulating Burial and Burning Grounds.

24. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

26. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

28. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

29. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 10.

30. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning ground, shall completely burn, or cause the same to be completely burnt, within four hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

31. No person when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

32. No person shall open any grave within six months of the burial of any body therein, or shall exhume any corpse, except with the written permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement not to exceed Rs. 20.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 3rd August 1877.

No. 215.—*Transfer.*—The services of Mr. G. P. Prichard, Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Durbhunga Raj, with effect from the 13th June 1877, under the conditions prescribed in the Public Works Code, Chapter 1, IV 5 1 and Civil Pension Code, Chapter VI, 32 4 and VII 38.

The 4th August 1877.

No 216.—*Leave of absence.*—Baboo Mohima Chunder Gupta, Overseer, Third Grade, attached to the Darjeeling Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Civil Leave Code, Supplement F, Section 12, with effect from the 21st June 1877, after noon.

G. A. D. ANLEY, C.E.,
*Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the Public Works Dept.*

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 2nd August.

No. 233.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Bama Churn Paramanic, Sub-Engineer, Second Grade, Balasore Survey Division, is hereby notified to have passed in December 1874 the examination prescribed in Public Works Code, Chapter II IV 18 for promotion from the Third to the Second Grade of Assistant Engineers.

Dated 4th August 1877.

No. 234.—The orders marginally noted, granting Mr. G. T. St. A. Nixon, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Eastern Sone Division, leave for three months to study the native languages, are hereby cancelled.

Dated 6th August 1877.

No. 235.—*Leave.*—Baboo T. T. Naidoo, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, Buxar Division, is granted two months' sick leave in further extension of the sick leave granted him in the orders marginally noted, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 236.—*Transfers.*—Mr. L. A. Mendes, Supervisor, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment to the Cossye Division.

No. 237.—Under instructions from the Government of India, Public Works Department, the undermentioned officers of the Bengal Irrigation Branch are transferred to Madras for six months for employment on famine relief works:—

From the Sone Circle:

Mr. C. J. K. Watson, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
„ G. T. St. A. Nixon, ditto, ditto.

From the South-Western Circle:

Mr. E. A. Parsick, Assistant Engineer, First Grade.
„ J. R. Swinden, ditto, Second Grade.
„ A. Clerke, ditto, ditto.

Dated 7th August 1877.

No. 238.—*Notification.*—Mr. E. A. Parsick, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 1st August 1877 from the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

G. A. SEARLE, Colonel, S.C.,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

RAILWAY.

Darjeeling, the 4th August 1877.

No. 24.—*Notifications.*—*Corrigenda.*—In Joint-Secretary's Notification No. 21, of the 21st July 1877, for "Mr. J. W. A. McMair" read "Mr. J. W. A. McNair."

No. 25.—Mr. T. J. Dumayne, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, is granted three months' leave to study the native languages, under Chapter II, Section 4, paragraph 28 of the Public Works Code, with effect from the 18th July 1877.

No. 26.—Mr. T. J. Dumayne, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, is granted two months' privilege leave in continuation of the three months' language leave granted in Joint-Secretary's Notification No. 25, of the 4th August 1877.

No. 27.—Baboo Shurut Chunder Mookerjee, Accountant, Fourth Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, is granted forty-five days' privilege leave, under Supplement F, Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th July 1877.

No. 28.—With reference to Government of India (Public Works Department) Notification No. 809, of the 4th July 1877 (published on page 854, Part I of the *Gazette of India*), Bahadoor Sedar, Overseer, Third Grade, was relieved of his duties on the Northern Bengal State Railway on the afternoon of the 7th July 1877.

No. 29.—Baboo Buns Gopal, Overseer, Third Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 24th July 1877 from the privilege leave granted in Joint-Secretary's Notification No. 14, of the 7th idem.

F. S. STANTON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D., Railway Branch.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

UNDER section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshiganj will sit again in the latter Court on the dates mentioned below :—

Monday, the 20th August 1877.
 Tuesday, the 21st August 1877.
 Wednesday, the 22nd August 1877.
 Thursday, the 23rd August 1877.

UMRITO LAL CHATTERJEE, *Judge.*

MUNSHIGUNGE, the 31st July 1877.

UNDER section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Narail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below :—

Monday, the 20th August 1877.
 Tuesday, the 21st August 1877.

J. WESTON, *Judge.*

NARAIL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 6th August 1877.

TREASURY NOTICES.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO GOBIND CHUNDER BOSE has been placed in charge of the 24-Pergunnahs treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

R. L. MANGLES, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 1st August 1877.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO UMBICA CHURN ROY CHOWDHURY has been placed in charge of the Jessore Treasury from the 18th instant, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

R. L. MANGLES, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRESY. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 21st July 1877.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO JADUNATH BOSE has been placed in charge of the Shahabad Treasury, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

PATNA COMM'R.'S OFFICE, the 20th July 1877.

E. W. MOLONY, *Commissioner.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The under-mentioned Students have passed the Examination in Engineering :—

B. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

1	Mukhopadhyay, Atulkrishna	...	...	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
2	{ Bisvas, Gaganachandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.
	{ Rajak, Biharilal	...	...	Ditto ditto.

L. C. E.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

1	Pal, Binadwihari	...	...	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
2	" Haricharan	...	...	Ditto ditto.
3	Ghosh, Jogendranath	...	...	Ditto ditto.
4	Sen, Prasannakumar	...	...	Ditto ditto.
5	Mukhopadhyay, Binaykrishna	...	...	Ditto ditto.
6	Chattopadhyay, Purnachandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.
7	Basu, Kunjavihari	...	...	Ditto ditto.
8	Ray, Jagadisachandra	...	...	Ditto ditto.

SENATE HOUSE, the 26th July 1877.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, *Registrar.*

The following alterations in the regulations for the examinations in Medicine having been sanctioned by the Senate, and approved of by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, are published for general information :—

(A) Clauses 8 and 9 of the old regulations of the First M. B. examination, and clauses 4 and 5 of the old regulations for Honours in Medicine, have been omitted.

(B) In clause 2 of the regulations for the First L. M. S. examination, for the words "one course of 40 lectures—Botany," have been substituted the words "one course of 20 lectures—Botany;" and in clause 2 of the regulations for the First M. B. examination, for the words "two courses, each of 40 lectures—Botany," have been substituted the words "two courses, each of 20 lectures—Botany."

It is further notified that the new regulations under paragraph (A) will take effect from the examination of 1877, and the new regulations under paragraph (B) from the examination of 1878.

The following alteration in the form of the certificate appended to the application of candidates for the First Arts and B. A. examinations having been sanctioned by the Senate, and approved of by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, is published for general information :—

The words "that there is, in my opinion, a reasonable probability of his now passing the First Examination in Arts or the B. A. examination" have been omitted.

It is further notified that the above alteration will take effect at the F. A. examination of 1877 and the B. A. examination of 1878.

SENATE HOUSE, the 6th August 1877.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, Registrar.

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 986B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday the 5th September 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,080
Benares	"	...	...	...	1,920
Total					4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th September 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th September 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th September 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Benar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October 1877	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November "	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December "	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	6,240	5,760	12,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 31st July 1877.

SEALED tenders will be received at this office up to noon of Wednesday, the 15th August 1877, for removing all the chests of abkaree and provision opium which may be brought down to the Presidency from the Patna and Ghazipur opium factories by railway during the period of one year, from the 24th August 1877, from the East Indian Railway Company's stations at Howrah and Armenian Ghât (as may be necessary) to the Government opium godowns situated within the Custom House premises, and there stacking them as the Intendant in charge shall from time to time direct.

2. The tenders should state the rate per 100 chests, all charges to be incurred to be included. Security to the amount of one thousand rupees must be deposited by the party whose tender may be accepted.

3. The Board of Revenue does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Officiating Secretary.*

FORT WILLIAM, the 28th July 1877.

No. 988½ B.

UNDER the powers conferred by Sections 82 and 133 of Act VI of 1863, the chief customs authority of the Presidency has fixed Panchparah, the southern limit of the port of Calcutta, as the station or place at which vessels arriving at or departing from the port of Calcutta shall be required to bring to for the boarding or landing of officers of customs.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

FORT WILLIAM, the 30th July 1877.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

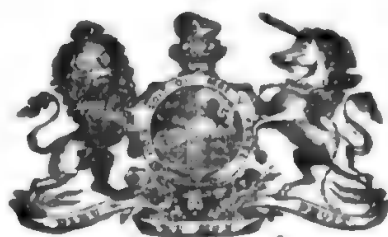
Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on the 31st July 1877.

	Government Golas.	Private Golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga ...	15,84,890	6,78,502	10,11,506	32,74,898
French Kurkutch ...	35,218	4,880	.....	40,098
Italian Punga ...	34,390	.....	.....	34,390
Ditto Kurkutch ...	90,254	9,069	.....	99,323
Bombay ditto ...	16,051	2,873	22,348	41,272
Madras ditto ...	94,342	.....	.....	94,342
Coconada ditto ...	6,833	.....	.....	6,833
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock ...	3,15,701	16,524	.....	3,32,225
Cadiz Kurkutch ...	24,876	.....	.....	24,876
Aden ditto ...	8,356	.....	.....	8,356
Ceylon ditto ...	46,648	.....	.....	46,648
Egyptian ditto ...	25,375	1,15,619	.....	1,40,994
Total ...	22,77,974	8,27,467	10,33,854	41,39,295

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. D. MACLEAN, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 7th August 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1877.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, are republished for general information :—

CORRIGENDUM.—*Notifications.*—In Act No. III of 1877 (published in the *Gazette of India*, Part IV, of 17th and 24th February and 3rd March 1877), in the Table of Contents, Part X, section 50, and in the marginal note to section 50, omit the words "of which registration is optional."

No. 26.—*Simla, the 26th July 1877.*—The following Act is hereby proclaimed by order of the Governor-General in Council, under the provisions of section 3 of the said Act :—

32 and 33 VICTORIA, CAP. XI.

An Act for amending the Law relating to the Coasting Trade and Merchant Shipping in British Possessions.

[13th May 1869.]

Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

Preliminary.

Short title.

I. This Act may be cited as "The Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869."

Definition of terms.

II. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

The term "British possession" means any territory or place situate within Her Majesty's dominions, and not forming part of the United Kingdom, or of the Channel Islands, or Isle of Man; and all territories

and places under one legislature as hereinafter defined are deemed to be one British possession for the purposes of this Act.

The term "Legislature" includes any person or persons who exercise legislative authority in the British possession, and, where there are local legislatures as well as a central legislature, means the central legislature only.

"Legislature."

III. This Act shall be proclaimed in every British possession by the Governor thereof as soon as may be after he receives notice of this Act, and shall come into operation in that British possession on the day

Commencement of Act.

of such proclamation, which day is hereinafter referred to as the commencement of this Act

Coasting Trade.

IV. After the commencement of this Act the legislature of a British possession, by any Act or Ordinance, from time to time, may regulate the coasting trade of that British possession, subject in every case to the following conditions:—

- (1) The Act or Ordinance shall contain a suspending clause, providing that such Act or Ordinance shall not come into operation until Her Majesty's pleasure thereon has been publicly signified in the British possession in which it has been passed.
- (2) The Act or Ordinance shall treat all British ships (including the ships of any British possession) in exactly the same manner as ships of the British possession in which it is made.
- (3) Where, by treaty made before the passing of this Act, Her Majesty has agreed to grant to any ships of any Foreign State any rights or privileges in respect of the coasting trade of any British possession, such rights and privileges shall be enjoyed by such ships for so long as Her Majesty has already agreed or may hereafter agree to grant the same, anything in the Act or Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sections 328 & 163 of 10 & 17 Vic.,
c. 107, repealed.

V. The following sections of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1853, are hereby repealed; namely—

Section three hundred and twenty-eight as from the commencement of this Act.
Section one hundred and sixty-three as from the date, in the case of each British possession, at which either an Act or Ordinance with respect to the coasting trade made within two years after the commencement of this Act in such British possession comes into operation; or, if there is no such Act or Ordinance, at which the said two years expire.

Merchant Shipping.

VI. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty by Order in Council, from time to time to declare, with respect to the British possession mentioned in the order, the description of persons who are to be Registrars of British ships in that British possession, and to revoke any order so made. After the date specified in the order, or, if no date is specified, after the date of the proclamation of the order in the British possession, the order shall have effect as if it were contained in section thirty of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854.

Application of Merchant Shipping
Acts to Canada.

VII. In the construction of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and of the Acts amending the same, Canada shall be deemed to be one British possession.

VIII. Where the legislature of any British possession provides for the examination of, and grant of certificates of competency to, persons intending to act as Masters, Mates, or Engineers on board British ships and the Board of Trade reports to Her Majesty that they are satisfied that the examinations are so conducted as to be equally efficient as the examinations for the same purpose in the United Kingdom under the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping, and that the certificates are granted on such principles as to show the like qualifications and competency as those granted under the said Acts, and are liable to be forfeited for the like reasons and in the like manner, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council—

- (1) To declare that the said certificates shall be of the same force as if they had been granted under the said Acts;
- (2) To declare that all or any of the provisions of the said Acts which relate to certificates of competency granted under those Acts shall apply to the certificates referred to in the said order;
- (3) To impose such conditions and to make such regulations with respect to the said certificates, and to the use, issue, delivery, cancellation, and suspension thereof, as to Her Majesty may seem fit, and to impose penalties not exceeding fifty pounds for the breach of such conditions and regulations.

Upon the publication in the London Gazette of any such Order in Council as last aforesaid, the provisions therein contained shall, from a date to be mentioned for the purpose in such order, take effect as if they had been contained in this Act.

It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to revoke any order made under this section.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

No. 632.—*Simla, the 24th July 1877.—Notifications—Establishments.*—His Excellency Sir Richard Temple, Bart., K.C.S.I., is permitted to resign the Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 1st May last.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 278.—*The 27th July 1877.*—In continuation of Notification No. 388, dated the 4th December 1875, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 11th idem, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following order issued by the Queen in Council, from which it will be seen that the rules in force in the United Kingdom concerning the measurement of tonnage of merchant ships have been accepted by Italy, and that Her Majesty has been pleased to exercise, in favour of the ships of that country, the power conferred by Section 60 of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862 (25 & 26 Vic., c. 63) :—

AT THE COURT AT BALMORAL.

The 30th day of September 1873.

PRESENT :

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862" it is enacted that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the rules concerning the measurement of tonnage of merchant ships, for the time being in force under the principal Act, have been adopted by the Government of any foreign country, and are in force in that country, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty by order in Council to direct that the ships of such foreign country shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificate of registry or other national papers, and thereupon it shall no longer be necessary for such ships to be re-measured in any port or place in Her Majesty's dominions, but such ships shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificate of registry or other papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes in, to, and for which the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of British ships is to be deemed the tonnage of such ships.

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the rules concerning the measurement of tonnage of merchant ships now in force under "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," have been adopted by the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy, and such rules are now in force in that country, having come into operation on the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

Her Majesty is hereby pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to direct as follows :—

1. *As regards sailing ships.*—That merchant sailing ships of the said Kingdom of Italy the measurement whereof, after the said first day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, has been ascertained and denoted in the registers and other national papers of such sailing ships, testified by the date thereof, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in such registers and other national papers, in the same manner, and to the same extent, and for the same purpose, in, to, and for which the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of British sailing ships is deemed to be the tonnage of such ships.

2. *As regards steam ships.*—That merchant ships belonging to the said Kingdom of Italy which are propelled by steam or any other power requiring engine-room, the measurement whereof shall, after the said first day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, have been ascertained, and denoted in the registers and other national papers of such steam-ships, testified by the dates thereof, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in such registers or other national papers, in the same manner, and to the same extent, and for the same purposes, in, to, and for which the tonnage denoted in the certificate of registry of British ships is deemed to be the tonnage of such ships; provided, nevertheless, that if the owner or master of any such Italian steam-ship desires the deduction for engine-room in his ships to be estimated under the rules for engine-room measurement and deduction applicable to British ships, instead of under the Italian rule, the engine-room shall be measured, and the deduction calculated according to the British rules.

No. 129.—*The 21st July 1877.*—*Emigration.*—Under the provisions of Section 56 of the Indian Emigration Act (VII of 1871), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for rules 23 and 29 of the rules relating to emigration from the port of Calcutta, which were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 22nd February 1878 :—

RULE 23. The proportion of female emigrants to be embarked on each ship during the months of August to October, both inclusive, shall be, as nearly as practicable, 25 adult females to every hundred adult males.

23A. During the period from 1st November to the close of each season, the proportion shall be such number between 40 and 80 adult females to every 100 adult males as the Protector of Emigrants may fix for each ship.

In exercising the discretion given him by this rule, the Protector of Emigrants shall, if practicable, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period last mentioned, that the average proportion embarked during each season shall be not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

23B. If in any such season the average falls below this, the Protector of Emigrants shall, in exercising the discretion given him by the first clause of Rule 23A, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period commencing with the 1st

November of the following season up to its close as to bring up the average proportion for the two seasons, if practicable, to not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

RULE 29. The Emigration Agent shall appoint to each ship about to be despatched by him the staff of attendants specified in scale No. 11 of Schedule E, and shall ensure their punctual attendance at the time of embarkation.

When emigrants volunteer to act as topazes or cooks, and the Superintending Surgeons are willing to accept their services in this capacity, they may be employed as such.

The compounder-interpreter and the nurses, cooks, sirdars, and topazes, whether emigrants or not, shall, whenever practicable, be selected from among those who have been accustomed to a sea life, and have been trained either in an emigration depôt or elsewhere to the kind of work they will be required to perform on board.

One of the nurses appointed shall be a person who possesses the necessary qualifications for the work of supervising and directing under nurses, and she shall be appointed head-nurse.

29A. The Agent shall provide all persons appointed by him with separate written agreements wherein their respective engagements, including for natives of India a free return passage to India, and in the case of West Indian or African topazes a free passage to their homes shall be clearly provided for, but when such persons are emigrants under engagement to serve in the colony to which they are proceeding, it will not be necessary to provide that a return passage to India should be secured to them by agreement, otherwise than on the same terms provided for other emigrants.

To meet caste prejudices, it shall be arranged so that Brahmins shall cook for Hindus, and Mussulmans for Mahomedans.

29B. It shall be further provided by such written agreement that all the attendants shall be under the immediate control of the Surgeon Superintendent, and that he shall have the power of disrating or dismissing any of them for misconduct or neglect of duty.

SCHEDULE E.—SCALES.

No. 11.

Scale of attendants to be appointed to emigrant ships proceeding to places either east or west of the Cape of Good Hope :—

(a).—Compounder-interpreter.—One to each ship, unless the total number of statute adults the ship is licensed to carry exceeds 500, in which case an assistant compounder-interpreter must be provided.

(b).—Extra interpreter.—One to each ship in all cases when the Surgeon or the Master and 3rd Officer are ignorant of the native language; but in the event of an assistant compounder-interpreter being provided, an extra interpreter need not be appointed.

(c).—Female nurses.—Four to each hundred children under two years of age.

(d).—Sirdars or headmen.—Four to every hundred statute adults.

(e).—Cooks or bandaries.

(f).—Topazes or sweepers }
(except in the case of ships } Two to the first hundred statute adults, and one additional for every additional 100 statute adults.
(bound to the West Indies, as }
to which see Rule 49).

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 1803P.—Simla, the 26th July 1877.—Notifications.—Political.—With reference to Notification No. 642P., dated 22nd March 1877, Mr. P. F. Eisenlohr, Consul for the German Empire at Calcutta, assumed charge of his office on the 9th July 1877.

No. 2060G.—Simla, the 27th July 1877.—General.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated Friday, the 15th June 1877, is published for general information :—

Foreign Office, June 18, 1877.

The Earl of Deby, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Her Majesty's Consul-General at Odessa the following amended notice of the regulations for the entrance and departure from Russian ports in the Black Sea of neutral vessels, which was communicated to the Foreign Consuls by the Governor-General of Odessa on the 6th June. The notice is the same as that published in the *London Gazette* of May 18th, with the addition of the last paragraph :—

Approved by the Commander of the Odessa Military District.

NOTICE.

From the time of the declaration of war (1st April 1877) the entrance of, and the departure of vessels from, the port of Odessa, from the Liman of the Dnieper, and from the Boug, the Straits of Kertch, and the Bay of Sebastopol is only permitted subject to the following conditions, which are not provided for by Maritime International Law, but which must necessarily arise now that harbours are protected by barring them with mines the passage through which is kept absolutely secret :—

1. Every vessel on arriving must stop outside the line of mines. Russian officers with a crew will go and meet her; they will assume command of the said vessel, navigate her into the harbour, after having satisfied themselves that the ship's papers are in regular order.

2. The Captain of the said vessel shall engage in writing, on behalf of himself and his crew and passengers, that, while passing the line of torpedoes, no person shall remain on the deck, or watch through portholes or other openings the course followed by the ship.

3. The same rule shall be enforced when merchantmen quit the harbour; that is to say, a Russian officer and crew shall, in conformity with Articles 1 and 2, take command of the said vessels.

4. If a man-of-war should make its appearance at a spot whence it would be possible to watch the entry and departure of vessels, the Russian authorities will insist upon its retiring to a certain distance, during a period of time sufficient to navigate a vessel in or out. Until this formality is complied with no vessel will be allowed to enter or leave.

But at the same time Captains are informed that it may happen that the enemy's war cruisers will refuse to pay attention to the above request, and commence hostilities at once. In that case vessels already in the port will be deprived of the possibility of leaving, and be inevitably exposed to all the consequences that may result from the enemy's fire.

No. 2061G.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated Tuesday, the 19th of June 1877, is published for general information:—

Foreign Office, June 19, 1877.

The Earl of Derby, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received a report from the British Acting Consul at Smyrna, stating that some electric torpedoes have been laid at the entrance of the Bay of Smyrna.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 2192.—*Simla, the 27th July 1877.—Notification.—Accounts.—Bills drawn upon India by the Secretary of State, 1877-78.*

	£	Rs.	Average rate.	Loss compared with outturn at an exchange of 2s. the rupee.
			s. d.	
Estimated for the whole year	12,250,000	13,85,00,000	1 9 23	1,60,00,000
In the month of July	919,892	1,00,00,000	1 8 82	14,01,000
To the end of the month of July	4,188,831	4,81,80,939	1 8 86	62,92,629
Remains to make estimate good	8,061,169	9,03,19,061	1 9 42	97,07,371
Estimated expenditure in excess of the cost at 2s. the rupee in raising	£4,188,831	at 1s. 9 23d. Rs.	54,71,136	
Actual ditto ditto	"	" 1 8 86 "	62,92,629	
Expenditure in excess of estimate			Rs. 8,21,566	

PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

No. 2193.—*The 27th July 1877.*—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following addenda and corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department:—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 13 (page 5).

Add the following as a note under this section:—

(NOTE.—The word "Apprentice" in this section does not include Engineer Apprentices in the Public Works Department.)

Chapter VII (page 15).

Substitute the following for the note at the head of this chapter:—

(NOTE.—The rules in this chapter apply to all officers in the service of the British Government.)

Section 38 (page 16).

Add the following to Rule 5:—

"The Government will not ordinarily enter into any direct arrangements with the Native State Municipality, or other body to which the officer may be lent, or make any direct demands upon it."

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

Section 30 (page 129).

Add the following as Rule 4 (A) under this section:—

"The suspension of an officer from office pending enquiry into his conduct interrupts his duty or not as the Local Government may in each case decide. Time passed under suspension does not qualify for privilege leave unless, in any case, the Local Government expressly orders that it shall so qualify."

Supplement F, Section 1 (page 210).

Add the following as a note under Rule 5 :—

(NOTE.—The word "Apprentice" in this rule does not include Engineer Apprentices in the Public Works Department.)

SEPARATE REVENUE—POST OFFICE.

The 27th July 1877.

No. 2196.—Under the powers vested in him by Sections 20 and 22 of the Post Office Act of 1866, the Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to declare that the rates of postage chargeable on inland *parcels* and on inland *packets* of books and other articles shall be those hereunder mentioned, viz.—

On parcels: 8 annas if the parcel does not exceed 40 tolas in weight: and 4 annas additional for every additional 40 tolas or fraction thereof.

On packets: 1 anna if the packet does not exceed 10 tolas in weight, 2 annas if it exceeds 10 tolas and does not exceed 40 tolas, and 2 annas additional for every additional 40 tolas or fraction thereof.

The foregoing rates shall be subject to the existing regulations concerning the compulsory prepayment of *packets* and the packing of them with open ends.

No alteration is made in the present scale of charges* leviable on *packets* transmitted on Her Majesty's Service: but in lieu of the present scale of charges leviable on *parcels* transmitted on Her Majesty's Service, under the official correspondence rules, there shall be charged on every such *service parcel* the same amount as that chargeable on a *service packet* of like weight together with 4 annas for registration. Thus for a *service parcel* exceeding 20 and not exceeding 30 tolas there shall be charged 3 annas (service packet rate) together with 4 annas, or a total of 7 annas. The prepayment of *service packets* shall continue to be compulsory: and that of *service parcels* shall continue to be optional.

This order shall have effect in respect of all *parcels* and *packets* posted on and after the 1st September 1877.

No. 2127.—*The 27th July 1877.—Stamps.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the fee chargeable under the said Act on *plaints* filed in *suits* for possession of immoveable property under Section 9 of the Specific Relief Act No. I of 1877, shall be one-half of the amount prescribed in the scale of fees for *plaints* mentioned in Schedule I, Article I of the Court Fees Act.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 661.—*Simla, the 27th July 1877.—Medical Department.*—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentleman to be a Surgeon in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces in the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the service :—

Surgeon C. H. Beatson,—arrived at Fort William, 2nd July 1877.

Subject to his passing the prescribed examination in drill.

No. 664.—*Volunteer Corps.—East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps*—Color Sergeant John Collins, to be Sub-Lieutenant, vice G. Rae, resigned.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 33 of 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1877.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th August 1877.—The following are the dates fixed for the Lieutenant-Governor's tour:—

Leave Calcutta ...	21st August.
Arrive Kishnaghur ...	22nd "
Kishnaghur ...	23rd, 24th "
Leave Kishnaghur ...	25th "
Arrive Berhampore ...	26th "
Berhampore ...	27th, 28th "
Arrive Jungipore ...	29th "
" Rajmehal ...	30th "
" Bhagulpore ...	1st September.
Bhagulpore ...	2nd, 3rd, 4th "
Arrive Carragola ...	5th "

H. BOILEAU, Captain,
Private Secretary.

No. 4259A.

✓ **GENERAL.**—*The 7th August 1877.*—The three months' privilege leave granted to Mr. E. Grey, Judge of Gya, under the orders of the 20th March 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, is commuted, under Sections 12 and 35 of the Civil Leave Code, to furlough for seven months.

✓ *The 8th August 1877.*—Sir W. J. Herschel, Bart., Magistrate and Collector, Hooghly, is allowed furlough for two years, under Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, from the 1st October 1877, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, together with subsidiary leave not exceeding thirty days, from the 12th September next, under Section 24 of the Code.

✓ Mr. F. H. Pellew, Officiating Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Howrah, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Hooghly during the absence, on furlough, of Sir W. J. Herschel, Bart., or until further orders.

✓ Mr. A. A. Wace, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bhagulpore, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Howrah during the absence, on duty, of Mr. T. J. C. Grant, or until further orders.

✓ Mr. H. J. Newbery, on special duty in Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Bhagulpore during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. V. T. Taylor, or until further orders. This order will have effect on the termination of the special duty on which Mr. Newbery is now employed.

✓ Mr. G. A. Grierson, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rungpore, is transferred to the Bhagulpore Division.

✓ Mr. G. C. M. Smith, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, employed under the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, of this Government, is transferred to the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division on being relieved of his present duties.

✓ Moulvi Ahmed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is allowed furlough for one year, under Section 7, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th instant.

✓ *The 9th August 1877.*—Mr. A. W. Cosserat, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Doonka, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is appointed to have charge of the Arrareah division of the Purneah district during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Kedar Nath Dutt, or until further order.

✓ Baboo Kalipuddo Chuckerbutty is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector in the district of Noakholly during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Rushomoy Dutt, or until further orders.

✓ *The 10th August 1877.*—The orders of the 19th June last, granting Baboo Isser Chunder Mozoomdar, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector, Dinagepore, leave for three months, will have effect from the 29th June 1877, instead of 28th May, as previously notified.

✓ Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sewan and Gopalgunge divisions of the Sarun district, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 in the district of Sarun. Mr. Phillips is also vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871, and with powers under Act II (B.C.) of 1877.

✓ *The 11th August 1877.*—The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has been pleased to grant an extension of furlough for four months and eleven days to Mr. W. Wavell, c.a.

✓ *The 13th August 1877.*—Baboo Umakant Das, Officiating Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Chittagong, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 6th September next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

✓ *The 14th August 1877.*—Mr. H. Lee, c.a., is appointed to act as a member of, and Secretary to, the Committee for the management of the Zoological Gardens at Alipore during the absence, on leave, of Mr. H. M. Tobin.

✓ Mr. F. H. B. Skrine, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Sudder Station of Nuddea.

✓ Mr. H. Lee, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Baraset division of the 24-Pergunnahs district, is transferred to the Sudder Station of that district.

✓ Baboo Bejoy Madhub Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Satkhira division of the 24-Pergunnahs district, is appointed to have charge of the Baraset division of that district.

✓ Baboo Jadab Chunder Gossami, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, is appointed to have charge of the Satkhira division of the 24-Pergunnahs district.

✓ Baboo Ohunder Narain Sing, M.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bhagulpore, is transferred to the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, and is appointed to have charge of the Bagdogra division of the Rungpore district.

Baboo Rutton Lal Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Sudder Station of Bhagulpore.

Mr J. F. K. Hewitt, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 25th July last.

POLICE.—*The 14th August 1877.*—The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has been pleased to grant an extension of furlough for one month to Mr. C. E. Gouldsbury, Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Moonshi Sheik Aulad Ali is appointed to act until further orders as an Assistant Superintendent of Police.

REGISTRATION.—*The 6th August 1877.*—Baboo Chandra Kanta Banerjee, Acting Rural Sub-Registrar of Mirsarai, in the district of Noakholly, will continue to act in that capacity to the end of the current calendar year, *vice* Moulvi Abdul Ali, resigned.

EDUCATION.—*The 13th August 1877.*—Subject to confirmation by the Government of India, Baboo Brohmo Mohon Mullick, Head-Master of the Hooghly Normal School, is appointed to act as an Assistant Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Circle.

The 14th August 1877.—Baboo Kalinath Chaudhuri, Third Grade Deputy Inspector of Schools, Lohardugga, is transferred to Julpigoree.

Baboo Hari Churn Das, First Grade Sub-Inspector of Schools, Midnapore, is appointed to be a Deputy Inspector of Schools in the Third Grade, and is transferred to Lohardugga.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee of Noakholly :—

Commissioner of Chittagong	...	...	President.
Magistrate of Noakholly	...	...	Vice-President.
Inspector of Schools, Eastern Circle	...	...	<i>Ex officio</i>
Deputy Inspector of Schools, Noakholly	...	...	Members.

Baboo Bhairab Chandra Narayan Choudhuri.

„ Golak Chandra Chaudhuri, Rai Bahadoor.

„ Manik Chandra Ray.

„ Chandra Kumar Ray.

„ Tarini Prasad Sen.

„ Kali Nath Basu.

„ Bagola Prasanno Mojumdar.

„ Advait Charan Datta.

„ Raj Kumar Datta.

„ Revati Chandra Bauerji, B.L.

„ Ramdul Sen.

„ Bhairub Chandra Das, B.L.

„ Mahendra Nath Hazra.

Moulvi Abdul Aziz Khan.

„ Basirulla Chaudhuri.

Baboo Bhuvan Mohan Sen, B.A., Member and Secretary.

OPIMUM.—*The 8th August 1877.*—Mr. G. Nicholson, Officiating Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Ghazipore, is appointed to be a temporary Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of the Third Grade, *vice* Mr. C. H. V. Hathorne, on leave.

Mr. N. Gibbs is appointed to officiate until further orders as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, *vice* Mr. G. Nicholson.

The 10th August 1877.—Mr. Reginald Drake, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Tirhoot, is allowed leave for two months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st September next, or such subsequent date as he may be relieved of his present duties.

Mr. C. E. S. Innes, Officiating Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Gya, is appointed to act, on being relieved of his present duties, as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Tirhoot, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. R. Drake, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.—*The 7th August 1877.*—Mr. T. D. Griffith is appointed to be Secretary to the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Colgong.

The 11th August 1877.—The orders of the 5th July 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, granting three months' privilege leave to Assistant Surgeon Mothoora Nath Sen, Deputy Superintendent of Vaccination, Sonthal Pergunnahs, are cancelled.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 4th August 1877.*—Mohamed Serajul Huq, Sub-Deputy Collector of Deoghuz, is appointed to be an *ex officio* Commissioner, for the time being, for the Municipality of that town, *vice* Mr. H. E. Wintle.

The 6th August 1877.—Moonshi Chaturbhooj Sahai is appointed to be a Commissioner for the Municipality of Mudhoobunnee, in the district of Durbhunga.

The 7th August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners for the Municipality of Midnapore:—

Mr. Beatty, Civil Engineer, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. D. Swayne, transferred.
 „ J. B. Birch, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, *vice* Major C. T. Hitchins, transferred.
 Baboo Kartick Chunder Mitter, Pleader, *vice* Baboo Nobin Chunder Nag, deceased.

ROAD CESS.—*The 8th August 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Gya:—

The District Officer of Gya	...	Chairman.
The Senior Covenanted Assistant	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
The Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	
Mr. A. H. Giles, District Superintendent of Police.	...	
„ C. A. Mills, Assistant Engineer, Gya sub-division of Public Works.	...	
„ W. B. Chardon, Indigo Planter.	...	
Maharajah Sir Joy Prokash Sing, Bahadoor, K.C.S.I.	...	
Baboo Balkissen Doss, Trader.	...	
„ Gokhul Chand Purohit, Trader.	...	
Moonshi Rewat Lal, Dewan.	...	
Baboo Run Bahadoor Singh, Zemindar.	...	
Mirza Dost Mohamed,	ditto.	
Moonshi Ekhal Ali,	ditto.	
Rai Sham Lal Mitter,	ditto.	
Synd Abu Said,	ditto.	
„ Abu Salah,	ditto.	
Baboo Jehangir Bux Khan,	ditto.	
„ Ramesshur Pershad Singh,	ditto.	
„ Din Doyal Lal,	ditto.	
„ Bhupsen Singh, Pleader and Zemindar.	...	
Deela Mahton Koire, of mouzah Jarro, pergunnah Sonout, Cultivator.	...	
Thakoor Pershad, of mouzah Ranna, pergunnah Sonout,	ditto.	

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Patna:—

District Officer	...	Chairman.
Opium Agent of Behar	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
Joint-Magistrate	...	
Executive Engineer	...	
Road Cess Deputy Collector	...	
Synd Lootfally Khan,	Zemindar.	
Wallayet Ally Khan,	ditto.	
Koowar Sukraj, Bahadoor,	ditto.	
Baboo Sheonundun Singh,	ditto.	
Synd Aboo Said, Khan Bahadoor,	ditto.	
„ Fuzloor Ruhmun,	ditto.	
Moonshi Eusuf Hossein,	ditto.	
Mohamed Ameer,	ditto.	
Mr. W. B. Chardon, Zemindar and Indigo Planter.	...	
Baboo Jadu Roy, Banker and Merchant.	...	
Sookhanund Marwaree,	ditto ditto.	
Hurruck Chowdhri, Cultivator.	...	
Shew Prasan Singh,	ditto.	

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Aurungabad:—

The Sub-Divisional Officer	...	Chairman, <i>ex officio.</i>
Baboo Hitnarain Singh,	Zemindar.	
„ Balbhadur Protap Singh,	ditto.	
„ Thakur Singh,	ditto.	
Abibaru Singh, of mouzah Manjoorahi, pergunnah Seris, Cultivator.	...	

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Jehanabad:—

The Sub-Divisional Officer	...	Chairman, <i>ex officio.</i>
Shaikh Azmat Ali, Zemindar.	...	
Mallik Fazaloolla,	ditto.	
Baboo Thakoor Pershad Singh, Zemindar and Pleader.	...	
Kharag Mahton Kurmee, of mouzah Moornanu, Katowli, pergunnah Ookri, Cultivator.	...	

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Nowadah :—

The Sub-Divisional Officer, Chairman, *ex officio*.
 Baboo Gurbun Lal, Zemindar.
 Toral Narain, ditto.
 Dhoond Lall, ditto.
 Shaikh Abzal Ali, ditto.
 Degan Singh, of mouzah Ganawa, pergunnah Samai, Cultivator.

The 11th August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Bagirhat, in the district of Jessore :—

Baboo Madhub Chunder Roy, Zemindar.
 „ Judoo Nath Chuckerbutty, Talookdar.
 „ Denobundhoo Sandyal, Manager of the Ramnuggur attached estate.

The 14th August 1877.—The Road Cess Deputy Collector of the Sarun District for the time being is appointed to be an *ex officio* member of the Road Cess Committee of that district.

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 29.—The 26th July 1877.—Mr H. F. Matthews, c.s., Assistant-Commissioner, transferred from Golághát to Nowgong, under orders of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, assumed charge of his office in the latter station on the forenoon of the 9th July 1877.

No. 30.—Mr. G. Godfrey, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, transferred from Lakhimpur to the district of the Khúsi and Jaintia Hills, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, reported his arrival at Shillong on the 2nd July 1877.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th August 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to sanction that “Rangonea,” which is at present an independent outpost in the district of Chittagong, shall be made subordinate to thana “Roujan,” of that district, with effect from the 1st September 1877.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF BANKOORA.

The 13th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Bankoora have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st October 1877 at the following rates :—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Parts II and III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
„	500, „ 1,000	...	3	0 0
„	1,000, „ 2,000	...	4	8 0
„	2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof	of the estimated present value.		

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Rules for the Zemindari Dák under Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862.

The 11th August 1877.—The primary object of the zemindari dák is the conveyance of letters between police officers and police-stations and the magisterial officers of the district. Where, however, zemindari dák establishments exist, there can be no objection to making further use of them for the conveyance and delivery of private correspondence, so long as no extra charge is thrown thereby upon the zemindars or Government farmers. Throughout Bengal, moreover, it has been found convenient to entrust to the Postal authorities the general control and direction of the district dák lines, to ensure their proper working in connection with the lines of the imperial post. The following rules have been framed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under Section 11, Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862, for the purpose of defining the duties and relations of the Magistrates and the Postal authorities, and for giving proper effect to the provisions of the Act.

Preamble.

1. It is the duty of the Magistrate of the district to determine the stations between which communication is required for police purposes.

2. The Post-Master-General will then, in communication with the Magistrate, arrange all questions connected with routes, stages, timing, strength and cost of establishment and the like, any difference of opinion between them being referred for the orders of the Commissioner, which shall be final.

3. No charges on account of delivery peons or rural messengers can be included in the zemindari dāk budget; but the cost of all establishments necessary for the collection and proper keeping of the accounts of the zemindari dāk cessa, as well as for the punctual conveyance of the district mails, and all reasonable charges for contingencies, including boats, huts, common post-office furniture, stationery and the like, must be defrayed from the funds raised under the provisions of the Act.

4. The Sub-Inspector of Post-Offices will annually, on or before the 15th of November, prepare, under the instructions of the Magistrate, an estimate of the total cost of the establishments and contingencies required for the year commencing on the 1st April following. The Magistrate, after including in this the cost of his own office establishment and any extra provision necessary for keeping up communications with his own camp while on tour, will forward the budget to the Post-Master-General, who will, after passing or modifying it (in communication with the Magistrate) return it to the Magistrate for insertion in the budget of the estimated balance at the close of the current year, and the total sum necessary to be levied with reference to the provisions of Section 10 of the Act, with a note of the rate at which he proposes to levy the cessa.

Having thus completed the budget estimate, the Magistrate will forward it for the approval and sanction of the Commissioner, who, after passing it, will forward it to the Accountant-General.

5. The monthly pay-bills of the zemindari dāk establishments will be drawn by the Post-Master disbursing the amounts, and be paid at the treasury on the countersignature of the Magistrate. The pay-bills of the Magistrate's own office will be paid on his signature. The monthly contingent bills will be passed only on the countersignature of the Post-Master-General. Charges for boats in the rains, though provided in the budget, will not be incurred without the previous sanction of the Post-Master-General. The Magistrate shall be at liberty to draw against the special provision for dāks to his camp on tour without any reference to the Post-Master-General.

6. All nominations for posts of dāk munshis, overseers, and other subordinate officers of the superior grade will be made by Inspectors, subject to the Magistrate's approval; and all proposals for the fine, suspension, or dismissal of men of this class must also be submitted to the Magistrate. Appeals from the Magistrate's orders will lie to the Commissioner. The Magistrate will appoint his own office establishment. The appointment and dismissal of runners will lie with the Inspector, subject to an appeal to the Magistrate. Applications for leave will be submitted through the Inspector to the Magistrate.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Under Section 10 of the Provincial Public Works Act, II (B.C.) of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to declare that works of the following description may be deemed provincial public works for the purposes of the Act:—

Works appertaining to provincial State railways.
Ditto to irrigation and canals.
Ditto to communications.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act [Act II (B.C.) of 1869].

The 6th August 1877.—It is hereby notified that the registers of bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnah of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the Division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the Division on the 31st July 1877.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the Division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein, and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of bhuinhari or manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Patna District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be August 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Durbhunga District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be September 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF DACCA.

The 4th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act); that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Dacca have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year commencing from 1st October 1877 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pice, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
" 500, " 1,000	...	3	0	0
" 1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8	0
" 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.				

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee. If valued at Rs. 100 or more, to pay according to the rates above shewn.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF NUDDEA.

The 6th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Nuddea have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the ensuing cess year commencing from 1st October 1877 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pice, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
" 500, " 1,000	...	3	0	0
" 1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8	0
" Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.				

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF CUTTACK.

The 7th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Cuttack have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act at the maximum rates for the ensuing road cess year. The cesses payable in the Cuttack district for the year beginning with the 1st of October 1877 will therefore be at the following rates:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act, and on the annual net profits of mines, &c., under Part III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops.

Dwelling houses estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0	0
„ 500, „ 1,000	...	3	0	0
„ 1,000, „ 2,000	...	4	8	0
„ 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.	•			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th August 1877.—Rules 3 and 4 of the Notification dated 22nd February 1869, regarding the limits within which the possession and transport of salt shall be regulated, have been modified as follows:—

Rule 3.—The whole tract of country, with the exception noted below, included between the sea-board of the Bay of Bengal, and a continuous line drawn from the southernmost point of the coast of Chittagong to the southernmost point of the coast of Cuttack, so as to include the following districts and parts of districts.

The district of Chittagong, except thanas Futtickcherry, Raojan, and Satkania, and outpost Ramgoonea.

The district of Noakholly, except thanas Ramgunge, Begumgunge, Fenny, and Chagulnaya.

The district of Backergunge, except the Sudder sub-division, the sub-division of Madareepore, and thana Sharupkati, in the Perozepore sub-division.

The sub-divisions of Khulna and Bagirhat, in the district of Jessore.

The district of the 24-Pergunnahs, except the sub-divisions of Baraset and Barrackpore, and thanas Kalara, Satkhira, Magra, and Baduria.

The thanas Bally, Golahbarree, Howrah, Seebpore, Doomjor (including Sankrail), Oolobarya, and Shampore, in the district of Howrah.

The thanas Raghunathpore, Contai, Kedgerree, Bhugwanpore, Nundigram, Soottahatee, and Muslundpore, in the district of Midnapore.

The districts of Balasore and Cuttack (including the whole of the Cuttack Municipality), excepting those portions which lie to the west of the Grand Trunk Road.

Rule 4.—Within the above limits the tract in and about Calcutta and Howrah, lying within a ring-fence as defined below, shall not be included, and the rules prescribed under Sections 11 and 13, Act VII (B.C.) of 1864, shall not apply thereto, except in regard to such premises as are occupied by saltpetre refineries as specially defined by the Board of Revenue, and in regard to the premises occupied by the salt pass stations at the Sulkea siding platform of the East Indian Railway at Howrah, and at Chitpore at the terminus of the Eastern Bengal Railway. The boundary of the tract thus excluded shall run from Cossipore Ghât, on the left bank of the river Hooghly, following the Gun Foundry Road and the Barrackpore Trunk Road, up to the Barrackpore Bridge over the Circular Canal; thence along the right bank of that canal to its junction with the Narkuldangah Suspension Bridge; thence along the Narkuldangah Main Road up to its junction with the Circular Road. The line shall thence follow the Circular Road to its junction with the Bhowanipore Road, and from that point shall follow the latter road to Halliday Bridge over Tolly's Canal. From that point it shall follow the Calcutta bank of the said Tolly's Canal to its mouth at Hastings' Bridge, and shall thence cross the river Hooghly in a straight course to the Ramkistopore Ghât on the Howrah bank, and, proceeding westward by the Ramkistopore Ghât Road, shall run up to the junction of that road with the Grand Trunk Road. It shall then run along the Grand Trunk Road up to its junction with the Telkul Ghât Road; thence, proceeding by that road eastward to the river bank, shall run along that bank up to the Howrah Ghât; thence

proceed westward by the public road to the Grand Trunk Road *via* Chandmarry Road, New Street, and Tindell Street, and thence in a northerly direction through the station of Howrah to the junction of the Grand Trunk Road with Nuskerparah Road; thence along the north side of the latter road to its termination on the right bank of the river Hooghly; and it shall then pass in a straight course across that river to the Cossipore Ghât.

Tumlook has been excluded from the list of pass stations in the district of Midnapore. The list of the present pass stations in the district is as follows:—

Midnapore.

1. Gewakhalee, at the mouth of the Roopnarsin river.
2. Tengrakhalee, on the north bank of the Haldee river, at the mouth of Pertaubkhalee Canal.
3. Baitghur, opposite Kuleenuggur, on the Russoolpore river, south bank.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 7th August 1877.—The following order of the Government of India in the Financial Department, Accounts, is published for general information:—

No. 2055, SIMLA, THE 25TH JULY 1877.

READ AGAIN—

The proceedings in this department for the month of January 1876, Nos. 11 to 13 (Accounts), sanctioning the investment of the sale proceeds of certain nuzzool lands in the Punjab, but declining to recognise any general right on the part of local Governments to invest local fund balances.

Read—

A letter from the Accountant-General, Madras, No. 3126, dated the 20th June 1877, bringing to the notice of the Government of India certain proceedings of the Madras Government authorising the investment in Government securities of Rs. 10,77,400 out of the balance at credit of the "Village Service Fund" in that Presidency.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council confirms the proceedings of the Government of Madras in this particular instance.

2. His Excellency in Council desires, however, to remind all local Governments and Administrations that no public money should be removed from the public treasury for *investment* without the sanction of the Government of India, and that this applies to local fund balances as much as to provincial funds.

ORDERED that this resolution be communicated for information and guidance to all local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller-General, and to the several Accountants-General and Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 31st July 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 13.

India—Hindustan—West Coast—Bombay Harbour.

1. POSITION OF RALEIGH ROCK.

THE following information relative to a rock in Bombay Harbour on which Her Majesty's ship *Raleigh* recently touched has been furnished by Captain H. W. Brent, Her Majesty's Flagship *Undaunted*:—

This rock (*Raleigh Rock*) rises abruptly from the general muddy bed of the harbour; it is about 160 feet long E. S. E. and W. N. W., and 90 feet in width; the shoalest part has

22½ feet over it at low water ordinary spring tides, but only 20½ feet at extraordinary low spring. The general level near the rock has a depth of 25 feet over it at the lowest tides.

A conical buoy, painted red, has been placed on the eastern edge of the rock, with—
 Scotch Church steeple in line with Ritchie Steward's cotton
 press chimney (resembling a monument), bearing ... N. by W. ¼ W.
 Dolphin beacon ... N. N. W. ¼ W. 4½ cables.
 Oyster Rock Battery (Colaba Observatory just open to the
 northward) ... W. S. W. distance 7 cables.
 It is proposed to remove this rock by blasting.

2. ADDITIONAL BEACONS.

Also that the following additional beacons have been erected :—

A circular stone beacon, painted red and white, on the north and south extremes of Colaba Reef, westward of Dolphin beacon.

A circular stone beacon, painted red and white, on the shoalest part of Ooran Patch.

A large circular white stone tower on the summit of Thull Knob.

[The bearings are Magnetic : Variation 1° Easterly in 1877.]

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr., (late I. N.),

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA,
 The 20th July 1877.

Supdt., Marine Survey of India.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart :—Bombay Harbour No. 2621 ; also Admiralty West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, pages 129, 130 and 136 ; and Taylor's Sailing Directory. Vol. I, page 379.

If this notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th August 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the extension of the Dacca College premises, in the town of Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose the piece of land whereon the present Pogose School building stands, measuring, more or less, 5 beeghas 8 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the Lakhmibazar Road ; south by a lane leading to Lakhmibazar ; east by the houses occupied by the Revd. T. A. Macdonald and by the Adult Female School ; and west by the Digbazar Road, is required within the aforesaid town of Dacca.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a dāk bungalow in Khooria talook, pergunnah Bykuntapore, zillah Julpigoree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the south by the new station road branching off from the Rungpore road in front of the cemetery to the railway station ; on the north by the jote land belonging to two individuals named Gya Nath Koondoo and Nobin Chunder Koondoo ; on the east by the same ; and on the west by the land already acquired by Government for railway purposes, is required within the aforesaid talook of Khooria.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th August 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for constructing a new road from South Colinga Street to European Asylum Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 85, 86, South Colinga Street, No. 31, European Asylum Lane, and No. 4, Comedap Bagan Lane, measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 4 cottahs 12 chittacks and 30 feet, the boundaries of which

are as follow:—On the north by European Asylum Lane; on the south by South Colinga Street; on the east partly by No. 81, European Asylum Lane, belonging to Mallikanessa Bibee, partly by No. 4, Comedan Bagan Lane, belonging to Moonshi Golam Sufdar, partly by No. 76, South Colinga Street, belonging to Poorno Chunder and Rajendro Mitter, and partly by No. 85, South Colinga Street, belonging to Hurro Soondery Dabee; and on the west partly by No. 85, South Colinga Street, belonging to Hurro Soondery Dabee, partly by No. 76, South Colinga Street, belonging to Poorno Chunder and Rajendro Mitter, partly by No. 4, Comedan Bagan Lane, belonging to Moonshi Golam Sufdar, and partly by No. 81, European Asylum Lane, belonging to Mallikanessa Bibee, are required within the aforesaid Town of Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 28th July 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the completion of the Patkabari road in the villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore, pergunnahs Patkabari and Palasy, zillah Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose three plots of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 6 cottahs and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, are required within the aforesaid villages of Mohomedpore, Shakna, and Idrakpore:—

Plot I is situated in village Mohomedpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the new road to Patkabari; on the east by the old road; and on the west by Lalmohamed Khan's house and Lalmean's lakhiraj lands: it measures 6 cottahs.

Plot II is situated in village Shakna, and is bounded on the north, south, and east by the road to Patkabari, and on the west by Jiban Shekh's lakhiraj lands: it measures 1 cottah and 14 chittacks.

Plot III is situated in village Idrakpore, and is bounded on the north and south by the road to Patkabari, and on the east and west by the lakhiraj lands of Amulla Churn Panday and Bishnu Chunder Tewary: it measures 18 cottahs and 5 chittacks.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4260A.

The 1st August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Julpigoree Bench of Magistrates, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

- Baboo Kalee Krishna Dutt, Pleader.
- „ Hurrish Chunder Dass, Pleader.
- „ Beharee Lall Gangooly, Merchant.
- „ Durgagoti Sein, late Head Clerk of the Judge's office.
- „ Kalee Mohun Roy, ditto ditto.

Moonshi Buzli Ali, late Inspector of Police.

The 3rd August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Diamond Harbour Bench of Magistrates, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

- Baboo Hem Chunder Banerjee, Pleader.
- Mr. J. M. Brachis, Telegraph Master.
- Baboo Kedar Nath Banerjee, Head Master, Hatoogunge H. C. E. School.

Under the provisions of Section 521 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to empower Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee and Baboo Jogeshur Mookerjee, M.A. and B.L., Deputy Magistrates exercising the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Hooghly, to order the removal of nuisances within the limits of the said district.

The 4th August 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Narail Bench of Magistrates, in the district of Jessore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

- Baboo Rajonee Kanto Ghose, a Second Grade Pleader.
- „ Radha Kanto Banerjee, Sub-Manager, Narail estate.
- „ Koonjo Lall Mookerjee, Manager, Hatheria estate.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Durbhunga Bench of Magistrates, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class :—

Major R. C. Money, Manager, Raj Durbhunga.

Mr. G. Llewellyn, Assistant Manager, Raj Durbhunga.

Baboo Parow Jha, Resident Cultivator.

Moonshee Beharoe Lall, Vakeel.

Nizamudin Chowdhry, Zemindar.

Mitra Lall Chowdhry, ditto.

Rai Goburdhun Lall, Merchant.

The 8th August 1877.—Mr. D. Norton, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Contai division of the Midnapore district, is vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The 9th August 1877.—Baboo Bhoobun Chundra Mookerjee, B.L., Subordinate Judge of Dinagore and Rungpore, is vested, under Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Court Act, VI of 1871, with the powers of a Small Cause Court Judge for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts up to the amount of Rs. 50, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Sudder Moonsif of Dinagore.

The 13th August 1877.—Mr. A. W. Scanlan, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pakour, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with powers equivalent to those of a Moonsif.

In supersession of the orders of the 30th ultimo, Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdry, Officiating Subordinate Judge, Moorsshedabad, is appointed to officiate as Subordinate Judge of Sarun.

This cancels the orders appointing Baboo Rampershad, Second Subordinate Judge of Patna, to be Subordinate Judge of Sarun.

H. A. COCKERELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 14th August 1877.—In the Notification dated the 17th July 1877, published at page 922 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 25th idem, sanctioning the appointment of certain gentlemen to be Honorary Magistrates in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, for "Mr. Charles Blackburn" read "Mr. James Blackburn."

H. A. COCKERELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Kendrapara, in the district of Cuttack, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of Act V (B.O.) of 1876, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality, and the levy from 1st October 1877 of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rates mentioned below :—

For every cart kept within the municipality Re. 1 per annum.

Ditto habitually used within the municipality Re. 1 per annum.

H. A. COCKERELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th July 1877.—Descriptive Roll of Prosunno Chandra Das, late Tax Darogah of Syedpore Union, district Furreedpore :—

Name.	Occupation.	Description.	Age.	Religion and caste.	Crime.
Prosunno Chandra Das, son of Raghu Nath Das.	Late Tax Darogah of Syedpore Union.	Of medium height, complexion rather dark, hair black, round face, eyes large, and middling stature; eyebrows rather far apart, one mark of inoculation on the right fore arm.	About 35 years	Hindu, caste Baidya.	Absconded from his post with money and papers belonging to the union on the 6th February 1877.

H. A. COCKERELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Bagjulla, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the imposition from 1st October 1877 by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

			Per quarter.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	...	...	1	8	0
Ditto ditto drawn by one horse or a pair	...	...	...	...	...
of ponies under 13 hands ...	...	...	1	4	0
For every two-wheeled carriage ...	...	...	1	0	0
Ditto horse ...	...	...	1	0	0
Ditto pony under 13 hands, mule, or donkey ...	...	...	0	6	0
Ditto elephant ...	...	...	6	0	0
Ditto camel ...	...	...	2	0	0

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Joynuggur, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept within the Municipality, and the levy from 1st October 1877 of a fee upon every cart for such registration at the rates mentioned below :—

For every cart kept within the Municipality Rs. 2 per annum, or Re. 1 per half-year.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Deoghur, in the district of Sonthal Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction the imposition from the 1st October next by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

			Per half-year.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	...	...	4	8	0
Ditto by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands...	...	...	3	0	0
For every two-wheeled carriage ...	...	...	2	8	0
Ditto horse ...	...	...	2	0	0
Ditto pony under 13 hands and for every mule and donkey	...	...	0	12	0
Ditto elephant ...	...	...	6	0	0
Ditto camel ...	...	...	2	0	0

3. The Lieutenant-Governor has been also pleased to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Deoghur Municipality, and the levy, under Section 134, from the 1st October 1877, of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rate mentioned below :—

On every cart ... Rs. 2 per annum.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th August 1877.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the extension of the provisions of Section 84 of Act V of 1861 to the town of Phoolwarree, in the Sudder sub-division of the district of Patna.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

No. 129.

Simla, the 21st July 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 56 of the Indian Emigration Act (VII of 1871), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for Rules 23 and 29 of the Rules relating to emigration from the port of Calcutta, which were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 22nd February 1873 :—

RULE 23.—The proportion of female emigrants to be embarked on each ship during the months of August to October, both inclusive, shall be, as nearly as practicable, 25 adult females to every 100 adult males.

23A.—During the period from 1st November to the close of each season, the proportion shall be such number between 40 and 80 adult females to every 100 adult males as the Protector of Emigrants may fix for each ship.

In exercising the discretion given him by this rule, the Protector of Emigrants shall, if practicable, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period last mentioned that the average proportion embarked during each season shall be not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

23B.—If in any such season the average falls below this, the Protector of Emigrants shall, in exercising the discretion given him by the first clause of Rule 23A, so fix the proportion for the several ships despatched during the period commencing with the 1st November of the following season up to its close as to bring up the average proportion for the two seasons, if practicable, to not less than 40 adult females to every 100 adult males.

RULE 29.—The Emigration Agent shall appoint to each ship about to be despatched by him the staff of attendants specified in scale No. 11 of Schedule E, and shall ensure their punctual attendance at the time of embarkation.

When emigrants volunteer to act as topazes or cooks, and the superintending Surgeons are willing to accept their services in this capacity, they may be employed as such.

The compounder-interpreter and the nurses, cooks, sirdars and topazes, whether emigrants or not, shall, whenever practicable, be selected from among those who have been accustomed to a sea life, and have been trained either in an emigration depot or elsewhere to the kind of work they will be required to perform on board.

One of the nurses appointed shall be a person who possesses the necessary qualifications for the work of supervising and directing under-nurses, and she shall be appointed head nurse.

29A.—The Agent shall provide all persons appointed by him with separate written agreements wherein their respective engagements, including for natives of India a free return passage to India, and in the case of West Indian or African topazes a free passage to their homes shall be clearly provided for; but when such persons are emigrants under engagement to serve in the colony to which they are proceeding, it will not be necessary to provide that a return passage to India should be secured to them by agreement, otherwise than on the same terms provided for other emigrants.

To meet caste prejudices, it shall be arranged so that Brahmins shall cook for Hindus, and Mussulmans for Mahomedans.

29B.—It shall be further provided by such written agreement that all the attendants shall be under the immediate control of the Surgeon Superintendent, and that he shall have the power of disrating or dismissing any of them for misconduct or neglect of duty.

SCHEDULE E.—SCALES.

No. 11.

Scale of attendants to be appointed to emigrant ships proceeding to places either east or west of the Cape of Good Hope :—

(a) *Compounder-interpreter.*—One to each ship, unless the total number of statute adults the ship is licensed to carry exceeds 500, in which case an assistant compounder-interpreter must be provided.

(b) *Extra interpreter.*—One to each ship in all cases when the Surgeon or the Master and third officer are ignorant of the native language; but in the event of an assistant compounder-interpreter being provided, an extra interpreter need not be appointed.

(c) *Female nurses.*—Four to each 100 children under two years of age.

(d) *Sirdars or headmen.*—Four to every 100 statute adults.

(e) *Cooks or bandaries.*

(f) *Topazes or sweepers*

(except in the case of ships bound to the West Indies, as to which see Rule 49).

Two to the first 100 statute adults, and one additional for every additional 100 statute adults.

G. H. M. BATTEN,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

S. O. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th August 1877.—The following description of the boundary of the Jullapahar Cantonment is hereby published for general information.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

List of Pillars defining the Jullapahar Cantonment, Darjeeling.

Number of pillar.	DESCRIPTION OF PILLAR.	Distance in feet.	BEARING.		REMARKS.
			Degree.	Minutes.	
1	Is situated at Jore bungalow in the south-east end of parapet wall between Jullapahar cart road and Darjeeling cart road— Distance, measured along centre of Calcutta road to No. 2 pillar ...	2,240	Not taken		The boundary from pillar No. 1 to No. 2 is the west or inner edges of the Calcutta road, the road itself being out of cantonment.
2	Is situated at junction of Calcutta road and Jullapahar bridle road in the west or inner edge of Calcutta road ...	70	63	46	
3	Is situated at junction of Calcutta road and Jullapahar bridle road at end of retaining wall between them— Distance, measured along centre of Calcutta road to No. 4 pillar	6,023	Not taken		The boundary from pillar No. 2 to pillar No. 3 is the west or inner edge of the Calcutta road, which road is out of cantonment. Distance in direct line up hill.
4	Is situated about 20 feet above the Calcutta road on the spur below the Artillery canteen— Distance and bearing to No. 5 pillar	483	322	23	
5	Is situated on foot-path running north-east of Royal Artillery canteen— Distance and bearing to next pillar	105	323	35	
6	Is situated above No. 5 on hill between Artillery lines and Mount Vernon— Distance and bearing to next pillar	89	323	35	
7	Is situated on ridge near foot-path from Mount Vernon to cantonment— Distance and bearing to next pillar	164	323	35	
8	Is situated on west face of hill below No. 7— Distance and bearing to next pillar	145	323	35	
9	Is situated on inner side of road to Darjeeling in line with 7 and 8— Distance and bearing to next pillar	135	2	52	
10	Is situated on inner side of road to Darjeeling above police-station— Distance and bearing to next pillar	147	288	30	
11	Is situated to the west of the road from Darjeeling to Jullapahar at the bend near police-station— Distance and bearing to the next pillar ...	145	233	8	
12	In ravine between Eagle's Nest barrack, and the house known as Point Clear— Distance and bearing to next pillar	150	309	9	

Number of pillar.	DESCRIPTION OF PILLAR.	Distance in feet.	BEARING.		REMARKS.
			Degrees.	Minutes.	
13	Is situated on rock above the same ravine and to the north of it— Distance and bearing to next pillar	348	317	20	
14	Situated at the bottom of same ravine and on the east side of the road from Darjeeling to Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar	300	206	49	Distance measured on the slope up and down hill.
15	Situated on steep spur between Eagle's Nest barrack and Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	176	203	35	
16	Situated on the same spur as the last— Distance and bearing to next pillar ...	154	206	35	
17	Situated between 14 and 16 on the south side of road from Jullapahar Theatre to Collinton— Distance and bearing to next pillar	782	206	14	Distance from 15 pillar to stream in ravine 195.
18	Situated on side of hill below No. 14 family quarter, near cattle shed— Bearing to north-west corner of Eagle's Nest barrack ... Bearing to north-west corner of Darjeeling Church porch ... Bearing to centre of Collinton House ... Bearing to north-west corner of the west cattle shed ... Bearing to chimney in west gable of No. 114 barrack ... Distance and bearing to next pillar	...	39 15 357 258 127 285	20 7 47 13 36 15	
19	Situated north of cattle shed— Distance and bearing to next pillar	413	285	15	
20	Situated above and to east of the Auckland Road below cattle sheds— Distance to next pillar, measured along centre of Auckland road. N.B.—The boundary of cantonment from No. 20 to No. 21 pillars is the inner or westerly edge of the Auckland road, which road is not in cantonment.	12,231	Not taken.		Distance to first stream across road 640. Distance to junction of Auckland and Cantonment road 825.
21	Situated near Goompahar village at the junction of the path from the Darjeeling cart road to the Auckland road— Distance and bearing to the next pillar ...	326	153	8	
22	Situated on knoll above cart road near Goompahar village— Distance and bearing to next pillar	162	67	20	
23	Situated on knoll to north of deep cutting on Darjeeling cart road— Distance and bearing to next pillar	407	89	9	
24	Situated between the two cart roads— Distance to No. 1 pillar, measured along centre of military cart road	1,767	Not taken.		From No. 24 to No. 1 the outer or south edge of the Jullapahar cart road and its revetment constitutes the boundary.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th July 1877.—In supersession of the Notification published under the provisions of Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act (VIII, 1871,) in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th December 1873, the following rules, which have been prepared under the provisions of Section 69 of Act III, 1877, and have been approved by the Lieutenant-Governor, are hereby published for general information.

2. These rules will have effect in the provinces under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal from and after the 1st January 1878.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rules framed under Section 69 of Act III of 1877 (the Indian Registration Act) and sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.

Leave and Appointments.

1. REGISTRARS and Sub-Registrars, on giving or receiving charge of their respective offices, shall report the fact to the Inspector-General in the form given in Rule 120 below.

Changes of incumbency to be reported.

In the case of Sub-Registrars, such reports shall be made through the District Registrar.

2. Whenever a District Registrar makes a temporary appointment under section 12, he shall at once report the fact to the Inspector-General.

Temporary appointments to be reported.

3. When a Sub-divisional Officer goes on tour, it is usually undesirable that he should carry the sub-registry office about with him. He should ordinarily make over charge to his Sub-Deputy Collector or to the Moonsif: in the latter case, the assent of the Registrar and of the District Judge must first be obtained.

4. The report referred to in section 13 shall be submitted to Government by the Inspector-General at the end of each month.

5. Head-quarter Sub-Registrars having been permanently placed in charge of district registry offices under section 7 of the Act, clause 2, temporary appointments under section 11 need only be reported when some person other than the Special Sub-Registrar is appointed to perform the duties of the Registrar during his absence.

6. When a Sub-Registrar is absent, or his office is temporarily vacant, if the District Registrar is unable to appoint a suitable substitute, he may himself assume charge of the sub-registry office until the return of the Sub-Registrar or appointment of a successor; and in such cases the extra or additional fee chargeable for registration by a Registrar under section 30(a) shall not be charged upon registrations effected during the absence of the Sub-Registrar.

Registrar may assume charge of the office of absent Sub-Registrar.

7. Rural Sub-Registrars are not subject to the leave to rural Sub-Registrars. It is a condition of their appointment that they should reside at the headquarters of their jurisdiction; leave should therefore be seldom required, and should be given only in cases of urgent necessity. When the leave asked for does not exceed one month, the Registrar is competent to grant the application and appoint a substitute. All leave exceeding one month, and every extension of leave which will prolong the period of absence beyond one month, must receive the previous sanction of the Inspector-General.

All leave granted to rural Sub-Registrars shall be at once reported to the Inspector General, and

included by him in the monthly report submitted to Government under rule 4.

Seals.

8. The seals of District Registrars and Deputy Registrars made under section 12 of Act XVI of 1864 shall be taken to be seals of Registrars and Sub-Registrars under this Act. The seal shall always remain in the personal custody of the registering officer.

Languages commonly used—(Section 19).

9. The following languages shall be considered to be commonly used in the districts named, viz.—

In the Patna Division and the districts of Bhagulpore and Monghyr—English, Hindi, and Hindustani

In the Chota Nagpore Division, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and in the districts of Purneah, Darjeeling, and Julpigoree—English, Hindi, Hindustani, and Bengali.

In the Burdwan, Presidency, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions, and in the districts of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division not already mentioned—English, Bengali, and Hindustani.

In the Orissa Division—English, Bengali, Hindustani, and Uriya.

10. When a copy of a Bengali, Uriya, or Hindi document is forwarded, under section 65 of the Act, to a Registrar in another presidency, it shall be accompanied by information in English respecting the names and additions of all persons executing and claiming under it, and a description of the property situated in the Registrar's district sufficient for its identification.

11. A power-of-attorney intended for use in another presidency, if authenticated in Bengali, Uriya, or Hindi, by an officer unacquainted with English, may, if the parties desire it, be forwarded by him to the District Registrar for the endorsement on it of an English translation of the authentication.

12. A power-of-attorney authenticated in a language unknown to a registering officer to whom it may be presented may, if the parties desire it, be by him submitted to the Registrar or Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal, as the case may be, who will procure an English translation of the authentication.

Maps or Plans—(Section 21).

13. The territorial divisions to be recognized under section 21 (b) shall be registration districts, sub-districts, and thanas; also pergunnahs and mouzahs, where they are known, and collectorate districts, if different from registration districts.

14. Copies of maps or plans shall be attested by the signatures of the persons executing the document or their agents, and the original map or plan contained in the document shall at the time of registration be signed and sealed by the registering officer. When, under section 30 (b), the Registrar of Calcutta registers a document accompanied by a map relating to property, no part of which lies within his own district, a copy of the map shall be supplied for record in his own office in addition to the number required by section 21 (c).

15. When a document containing a map or plan is presented for re-registration under the proviso to section 23, it shall not be necessary for the parties to deposit fresh copies of the map or plan under section 21 (c); but the registering officer shall certify against the copy in the register book that the map or plan attached to the document is the same as that which was attached to it on its first presentation.

Commissions (under Sections 33 and 38).

16. A commission shall ordinarily be issued by a registering officer to some salaried member of his establishment, and the order shall be briefly endorsed on the document in words to this effect:—

“A commission is hereby issued under section 33 (or 38) of the Indian Registration Act, 1877, to [name and designation of the officer] for the purpose of inquiring whether the within power (or document) has been executed by A. B., son of C. D., of , by whom it purports to have been executed.”

17. If the person to be examined under section 38 be not resident within the district or sub-district of the registering officer, a commission shall be directed to the Registrar of the district in which such person resides, who may re-direct it to the Sub-Registrar, who may, if he cannot personally attend, re-direct it to any officer of his establishment. The commission fee and travelling allowance will be transferred to the registering officer to whom the commission is addressed.

18. When the commission has been executed, the commissioner shall return the document to the office from which it was issued, with a report, which shall be endorsed upon the document, in the following terms:—“Having visited the residence of A. B., son of C. D., at , I have this day examined the said A. B., who has been identified to my satisfaction by E. F., son of G. H., &c., residents of , and the said A. B. admitted (or denied) the execution of the within power (or document).”

Full signature of executant.

Ditto of witnesses.

Ditto of commissioner.

19. A commissioner may examine witnesses in the same manner as a registering officer; and persons refusing to give testimony to a commissioner, on

Sections 33 and 38 of the Registration Act and section 392 of Act X of 1877.

being required to do so, shall be subject to the same penalties and punishment which they would incur for the same offence if committed in a registration office.

20. It shall be competent to a registering officer to examine the commissioner personally in his office touching any of the circumstances connected with the discharge of his commission, especially with reference to the voluntary nature of the admission of execution.

21. All applications for visits under sections 31, 33, or 38, or for the issue of commissions under section 33 or 38, shall be accompanied by the amount of fees chargeable, as well as the amount of travelling allowance claimable by the registering officer or commissioner.

22. A separate commission fee shall be charged upon every signature which requires attestation, but travelling allowance shall only be charged for the actual distance travelled: Provided that where two or more persons who execute the same document (or documents relating to the same transaction) reside together, only one commission fee shall be charged, so far as those persons are concerned.

23. The distances for which travelling allowance is charged shall be calculated according to the table which is drawn up in the Collector's office for the service of processes. A copy of this table shall be exhibited in every registration office.

Powers-of-attorney.

24. The form of authentication of powers-of-attorney shall be as follows:—

(1)—When the principal executing the power appears at the registration office—

“Executed in my presence on the day of 18, by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession , who is personally known to me (or whose identity was proved by the testimony of E. F., son of G. H., of), and recorded as No. 18.”

Full signature of principal.

Ditto of witness or witnesses.

Seal and signature of registering officer.

(2)—When the principal is exempted from appearance—

“Having visited and examined at his (or her) residence the principal, A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession , who is personally known to me (or whose identity was proved by the evidence of E. F., son of G. H., of), I am satisfied that this power-of-attorney has been voluntarily executed by him (or her), and I accordingly authenticate it under section 33 of Act III of 1877, and record it as No. 187.”

Full signature of principal.

Ditto of witnesses.

Seal and signature of registering officer and date.

When the Sub-Registrar himself does not examine the executant, he should make the following endorsement below the report of the commissioner, as provided for in rule 18:—

“From the above report, I am satisfied, &c.” (as above).

25. All interlineations, blanks, erasures, or alterations in powers-of-attorney authenticated under section 33 should, at the time of authentication, be detailed in a footnote signed by the Sub-Registrar. When there are no interlineations, &c., the fact should be noted in the same way. This note will be copied in every case into the register of powers-of-attorney.

26. General powers-of-attorney are available under this Act if they contain or imply an authority to appear in a registration office, and are executed in accordance with section 33. Powers already executed may be made available by the execution, in accordance with section 33, of an additional clause empowering an attorney to appear in a registry office.

27. If an authority to register be included in a document to be registered, the document must of course bear the additional stamp duty chargeable on the power-of-attorney.

28. Powers which do not contain or imply an authority to appear in a registration office shall not be authenticated under section 33.

29. Whenever a special power-of-attorney is used in a registration office for the purposes of section 32, an endorsement shall be made upon it in the following form, and it shall be returned forthwith:—

Presented this day.

Date. (Sd.) A. B.,
[Seal.] Registrar or Sub-Registrar of

30. For general powers-of-attorney no endorsement is required. They shall be returned after inspection to the parties by whom they were presented.

Issue of Process.

31. Summonses under section 75 will be issued direct by the Registrar acting according to the provisions of Chapter VI of Act X of 1877. The summonses referred to in sections 36 and 37 shall be executed through the Revenue authorities, and the peon's fee shall be regulated according to the rules for the service of processes by such authorities: Provided that when a rural Sub-Registrar's office and a Moonsif's court are located in the same place, the processes shall issue through the Moonsif's court. In such cases the peon's fee shall be regulated by the rules for the service of processes in the civil court.

32. If the summons be addressed to a person who is alleged to have executed the document, it shall require him to attend in person or by agent; if it be addressed to any person whose evidence is required to prove a fact, it shall require him to attend in person.

33. Every application for summons must be accompanied by the amount of expenses payable to the witness, as well as the amount of peon's fees usually chargeable by the revenue authority or civil court through which the summons is to be issued; and in forwarding for compliance an application for summons, the registering officer shall also forward the witnesses' expenses and the peon's fee, together with a draft summons in duplicate ready for signature, and purporting to issue from the civil or revenue court to which the application is forwarded for compliance.

34. In case of a person summoned under section 37 neglecting to appear, or if a summons under that section cannot be served, the register-

ing officer may call upon the revenue officer or civil court through whom his summonses are served to take any further action authorized by the law for the time-being in force for the purpose of securing the attendance of the person whose evidence is required, and such a requisition must be accompanied by the proper fee. It rests with the registering officer to specify the form of action to be taken.

35. No rural Sub-Registrar shall issue a requisition under the preceding rule without the previous sanction of the District Registrar.

Wills, &c.

36. A will shall not be received for deposit Will deposited under otherwise than in the manner laid down in section 42. A will received through the post-office shall be returned to the testator bearing.

37. Every entry made in Register Book V, under the provisions of section 43, shall be signed in full and dated by the Registrar.

38. When a sealed cover is withdrawn, under section 44, the fact shall be noted in Register Book V, and the entry shall be signed by the person by whom the withdrawal is made as well as by the Registrar.

39. When a sealed cover is opened, under section 45, the fact shall be noted in Register Book V and the entry signed by the Registrar. If a cover is opened under order of a civil court, this shall be mentioned in the entry.

40. When a will is forwarded to any court Will called for by a civil under section 46, it shall be court under section 46. accompanied by a memorandum of the fee for opening the cover and copying charges, and it shall be the duty of the court to levy and remit such fee and charges to the Registrar.

41. Sealed covers deposited with a Registrar Will to be examined. under section 42 shall be examined monthly, and their condition reported to the Inspector-General. If there be no sealed cover in custody, this fact must be reported month by month.

Procedure in Registration.

42. On the presentation of a document for registration, the registering officer shall first satisfy himself—

- (1) That it has been presented at the proper office (sections 28, 29, and 30);
- (2) That it bears the proper stamp; and if it purport to be, or is known to be, a counterpart—
That it is "available" under the proviso of Article 16, Schedule II of the General Stamp Act, 1869;
- (3) That it is in the usual language of the district, or is accompanied by a translation and a true copy (section 19);
- (4) That in the case of important interlineations section 20 and rule 136 have been complied with;
- (5) That (if the document refers to immovable property) the description is sufficient (section 21);
- (6) That it has been presented within the proper time (sections 23, 25, and 26);

(7) That it has been presented by a person authorized to do so (section 32).

43. If the requirements of the law have been complied with in all these particulars, the following certificate shall be entered on the face of the deed:—

Certificate of admissibility.

"Admissible under rule 42. Correctly stamped under the General Stamp Act, Schedule , No. ."

44. After entry of the certificate under rule 43, the registering officer shall receive the fee or any fine payable under section 24, and enter the amount on the document close to such certificate, and at the same time the requisite entry shall be made in the fee book.

First endorsement.

45. The document shall now be endorsed to the following effect:—

"Presented for registration at A.M. (or p.m.) on the day of 187 , at the sub-registry office (or elsewhere), by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession [or attorney for E. F., one of the claimants under a power (No. for 187) executed in the presence of the Sub-Registrar of]"

(Sd.) A. B.

(Sd.) G. H., Sub-Registrar of

46. The amount of the fee paid shall be entered on the receipt given under section 52.

47. The endorsement under section 58 shall be to the following effect:—

Second endorsement.

"Execution is admitted by A. B., son of C. D., of , by caste , by profession of , by profession ."

(Sd.) A. B.

"Identified by E. F., son of G. H., of , by caste , by profession ."

The of 187

(Sd.) E. F.

(Sd.) I. J., Sub-Registrar of

When execution is admitted by an agent, the following words shall be added:—

"Agent for K. L., under a power-of-attorney (No. for 187) executed in the presence of the Sub-Registrar of ."

When the executant or his agent is personally known to the registering officer, the words "personally known to me" should be substituted for the identification clause.

When receipt of consideration is acknowledged, the following clause should be added:—

"The receipt of rupees as consideration is admitted by the above A. B."

48. The endorsement referred to in the preceding rule shall invariably be recorded in the handwriting of the registering officer.

49. When a person who cannot write signs his name by means of a mark, his name shall be recorded at length, and the writer of the name shall also sign his own name in attestation that the said mark was affixed in his presence.

50. Whenever a registering officer administers an oath, he shall record the evidence of the witness examined on a separate sheet of paper, and a note of the fact should be endorsed on the deed itself.

51. When a document is presented which has only been executed by some of the parties to it,

the other executants may attend and execute the document and admit their execution without the payment of any further fee, so long as the certificate of registration under section 60 has not been endorsed thereon; but if the registration of the document has been completed, it must be presented afresh for registration and a second fee shall be payable.

52. When all the persons executing a document, or their representatives, assigns, or agents, have appeared and admitted its execution, the document shall be copied in the register.

53. When two or more copies of the same document are brought for registration at the same time, it shall not be necessary to enter the document more than once in the register, but all the endorsements shall be written upon each copy.

54. All endorsements shall be made in red ink, excepting signatures, which shall be made in black ink.

55. When there is not room on a document for the necessary endorsements, they shall be made on a separate quarter sheet of hand-laid medium paper, which should be supplied by the office, and attached to the document, a note being at the same time made on the document itself and signed by the registering officer. Every piece of paper so added must bear the seal of the registering officer and be signed and dated by him.

56. When a document has been copied and compared, the registering officer shall proceed to make, in the following form, the endorsement required by section 60:—

Final endorsement.

"Registered in Book , volume , page , being No. for 187 ."

Register Books.

57. The register copy of every document shall be compared with the original by some person other than the copyist, and both the copyist and the comparer shall append their signatures. The registering officer shall authenticate by his initials all corrections in the copy and all notes which may be necessary under section 20 of the Act. He shall also affix his initials to each page, and shall certify with his full signature each copy to be a true one, and shall date such certificate with his own hand. The copier in his signature should use the word "copied;" the comparer will use the word "compared."

58. No erasures shall be made with a knife in any register book, but mistakes shall be corrected when necessary with the pen, and shall invariably be attested by the registering officer. All interlineations and corrections in the register books shall be made in red ink when the entries are in black ink, and in black ink when the entries are made in red ink.

59. The register books shall have two margins. On the left-hand margin shall be copied in red ink the value of the stamp, the certificate of admissibility under rule 43, and all the endorsements made in the office; in the centre shall be copied the deed itself in black ink, and the right-hand margin shall be left vacant for notes under

section 20 and rule 136. The stamp-vendor's endorsement on each document shall be copied in red ink in the registers in the centre of the page below the copy of the document itself.

60. Several volumes of Register Books I and IV may, if necessary, be kept in use simultaneously, when the documents registered are so numerous as to make this course necessary. Register Books II, III, and V shall be continued from year to year until they are full, and in small offices where the number of documents registered is inconsiderable, the same volume of Register Books I and IV may also be used for two or more years.

61. When a book is closed, a certificate to that effect shall be appended at the close of the written portion, and a certificate showing the number of pages written upon shall be entered on the first page.

62. When, owing to omission or error in any document which has been registered, a supplementary document rectifying such mistake or omission is presented for registration, a note of such rectification shall be made in the margin of the register in which the original document is registered.

63. When a document occupies more than one sheet of paper, the seal and the signature of the registering officer shall be attached to every sheet

Refusal of Registration.

64. If [rule 42 (1)] the deed has not been presented in the proper office, it shall be simply returned to the presenting party. In this case no entry need be made in Book II.

65. If [rule 42 (2)] the stamp is incorrect, the deed shall be impounded and forwarded to the Collector (section 23 of the General Stamp Act).

Note.—If the executant of a deed who is in doubt about the proper stamp consults a registering officer on the subject before formal presentation, the required information may be given to him without impounding the deed. But any deed formally presented with an insufficient stamp must be impounded.

66. If rules 42 (3) to (7) have not been complied with, or if the presenting party refuses to pay the proper fee, the deed must be returned at once to the presenting party with the endorsement—

“Registration refused,”

an entry being made at the same time in Book II.

Note.—Orders under this rule may be deferred at the request of the parties in order to enable them to comply with the requirements of the law, or for a reference to the Registrar under section 24. But in such cases an order of refusal shall be passed if the requirements of the law have not been complied with within eight months from the date of execution.

67. A Sub-Registrar is not authorized by law to refuse to register a document because he is directly or indirectly interested in the transaction to which it relates; but he will always advise the parties to present such a document at some other office. If the document relate to moveable property only, such other office may be the office of any Sub-Registrar under the same local Government at which all the parties may desire the document to be registered. If the document

relate to immoveable property, such other office will (unless the parties prefer to resort to the Registrar of Calcutta) be the office of the Registrar of the district. The latter officer will (as by the note of Article K of the Table of Fees already provided) register such document without charging the usual extra fee. If the parties, thus advised, insist on the Sub-Registrar registering a document in which he is interested, he must do so. In this case he will report the fact for the information of the District Registrar to whom he is subordinate.

68. The circumstances under which a document should at once be refused on presentation are given in rules 64-66. A document duly presented and accepted for the purpose of inquiry will not be admitted to registration under the following circumstances:—

- (1) If one or more of the executing parties deny execution. (Section 35.)
- (2) If one or more of the executing parties fail to appear and to admit execution. (Section 35.)
- (3) If a person by whom the document purports to be executed be dead, and his representative or assign deny execution. (Section 35.)
- (4) If a person purporting to have executed the document appear to be a minor, an idiot, or a lunatic. (Section 35.)
- (5) If the registering officer be not satisfied of the identity of any person appearing before him and alleging that he executed the document. (Section 35.)
- (6) If the registering officer be not satisfied as to the truth of the allegation that a person who executed the document is dead. (Section 35.)
- (7) If the admitting agent's power-of-attorney has not been made in accordance with the Act, or if an alleged representative or assign has failed to prove his status. (Section 35.)

69. In cases (1) and (4) registration must be at once refused. In cases (2), (3), (5), (6), (7) the order of refusal should ordinarily be deferred till eight months have elapsed from the date of execution. But if the parties declare their inability to comply with the requirements of the law, or for any other reason wish that the document should at once be refused and returned to them, this may be done.

70. The reasons of refusal must be recorded by the registering officer with his own hand in Book II, and the particulars should be fully and clearly stated in each case. When one out of several executants declines to comply with the requirements of the law, his name should be given; when the registering officer is doubtful as to the identity of a party admitting execution, the grounds of his suspicion should be stated.

Copies and Memoranda.

71. In addition to the bound volumes of Register Book I, every Sub-Registrar shall keep a file-book, in which he will file the memoranda of registered documents which have been forwarded to his office under sections 64, 65, and 66 of the Act.

Similarly, Registrars shall keep *two* separate file-books—one for memoranda and one for copies under sections 65, 66, and 67 of the Act. These papers shall be bound into a volume, or volumes, of convenient size at the end of the year. They shall be numbered consecutively, but in a series distinct from that of original registrations in Register Book I.

72. Copies shall be made on paper of the same size and description as that of the bound books. Memoranda shall be drawn up in the prescribed form.

73. Memoranda for sub-districts in another district shall be enclosed to the Registrar of that district, together with the copy required for his own office; but no memorandum need make mention of any property other than that which is situated in the sub-district to which the memorandum is to be sent.

74. When a copy of a document is sent to the Registrar of another district under sections 65-67 of the Act, a memorandum need not be sent to any Sub-Registrar whose office has been amalgamated with that of the Registrar of such district.

75. The date on which copies and memoranda are despatched under the last rule shall be entered in the right-hand margin of the book in which the document has been copied.

76. When a memorandum or copy under sections 64-67 is transmitted from one office to another, it shall be accompanied by a receipt in the prescribed printed form, which shall at once be signed and returned by the receiving officer. If delay occurs in the return of the receipt, the despatching officer should take care for it. All such receipts, when returned, should be filed separately.

77. The copies and translations of documents required to be filed under sections 19 and 62 shall be made upon hand-laid medium paper. They shall be kept in a separate file, a reference being made to this in the right-hand margin of the page on which the translation is copied in the register book. The file shall be bound from time to time, when it contains a sufficient number of copies and translations to form a volume. For the purposes of this rule the requisite paper may be sold to the public at one anna per sheet.

Receipts for copies and memoranda.

Copies and translations of documents in foreign language.

Indexes.

Index of persons.

78. The personal index, No. I, shall contain the following headings:—

- (1) Name of person.
- (2) Addition.
- (3) Interest in the transaction, as purchaser, mortgagee, decree-holder, &c.
- (4) Where registered.
- (5) Serial number.
- (6) Book.
- (7) Volume.
- (8) Page.

Index of places.

79. The local index, No. II, shall contain the following headings:—

- (1) Name of property or of mouzah; or, in towns, of street.

- (2) Name of pargunnah or thana.
- (3) Sub-district in which the property is situated.
- (4) Nature of the transaction, as sale of land, decree for possession of house, &c.
- (5) Where registered.
- (6) Serial number.
- (7) Book.
- (8) Volume.
- (9) Page.

80. Index No. III shall contain the following headings:—

Index of wills, &c.

- (1) Name of person.
- (2) Addition.
- (3) Interest in will or authority to adopt.
- (4) Where registered.
- (5) Serial number.
- (6) Book.
- (7) Volume.
- (8) Page.

Miscellaneous Index.

81. Index No. IV shall contain the same headings as Index No. I.

82. Except in rural offices in the charge of Sub-Registrars unacquainted with English, all indexes shall be kept in that language, and shall be prepared in accordance with the following rules:—

83. English indexes shall be kept according to the letters of the alphabet, the entries under each letter being arranged according to the vowel of the first syllable if the word begins with a consonant, or according to the second vowel in the word if it begins with a vowel.

84. If the documents to be indexed are written or executed in English, the names of the persons and places shall be spelt in the same way in which they are written in the documents. If the documents are written or executed in a vernacular language, the spelling shall be regulated according to Professor H. H. Wilson's system of transliteration, as modified by the Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

85. In the case of Europeans the surname shall be taken as the index word. All native names shall be indexed according to their first letters as they stand in the deed.

They will be transliterated in the same form in which they are written in the document. Thus in Bengali the same affix may be written, either Bânirjya or Bandopadhyây, and whichever of these forms is used in the document will be retained and transliterated.

86. When a document is executed on behalf or in favour of Government, the index entry shall be made under *G, Government*, the name of the officer executing the document being entered in the column headed *Addition*; if on behalf or in favour of the Court of Wards, under *W, Wards, Court of*; and in the case of any other Court, under *C*. The names of companies shall be entered as they stand, the article only being omitted; thus *Land Mortgage Bank of India, Limited*, under *L*; *Ganges Steam Navigation Company, Limited*, under *G*.

87. The name of the depositor of a sealed cover shall be entered in Index III, in black ink. The name and addition of persons claiming under

a will or authority to adopt, *which will be indexed after the death of the testator or donor*, should be entered in red ink.

88. When there are two or more executants or claimants, their names shall be separately entered in Index I, III, or IV.

Similarly, when two or more properties are conveyed by a single document, they shall be separately entered in Index II. But no Sub-Registrar need enter in his Index II any property which does not lie in his own sub-district.

89. Copies and memoranda of documents shall be indexed in the same way as original documents, but the entries relating to them shall be made in red ink.

90. In rural offices in the charge of Sub-Registrars unacquainted with English, the indexes shall be kept in the vernacular. The rules given above apply to indexes in the vernacular. In all rural offices one copy of Indexes I, II, III, and IV shall be made for office use in a bound volume, and a duplicate of the entries made each month in Indexes I and II shall be submitted at its close to the Sub-Registrar at sub-divisional head-quarters. In the head-quarters sub-division, and wherever the sub-divisional system has not yet been introduced, the duplicate will be sent direct to the Registrar for record.

91. The Sub-Registrar, on receiving vernacular Indexes I and II from rural Sub-Registrars, shall translate the same and incorporate them in his own indexes, noting the place of registration of each document; English indexes he shall directly incorporate in his own. He shall also at the end of each year, or at such shorter intervals as the Registrar shall direct, prepare on hand-laid medium paper a copy of the incorporated index for all offices in his sub-division, and submit it to the Registrar.

92. Where the office of a Registrar has been amalgamated with that of a Sub-Registrar, the duplicate copy of the incorporated indexes of the sub-division shall be sent for safe custody to the office of the Registrar of Calcutta.

Fees and Fee-Book.

93. A printed table of fees in English and the vernacular of the district shall be suspended in some conspicuous place in every registry office.

94. Columns 1 to 7 and 13 in the fee book should be filled up as soon as any document is presented, except in the case of documents presented at the wrong office and returned immediately under rule 64; columns 8 and 9 should be filled up as soon as a document is admitted or refused; columns 10 and 11, as soon as registration has been completed; column 12, as soon as the document has been delivered; and column 14, as soon as the required copies and memoranda have been despatched.

95. Fees levied on documents presented for registration (whether registration has been deferred or not) shall not be retained in the personal custody of any registering officer for any time longer than may be absolutely necessary. They shall be dealt with in the same way as other

public money, and be paid into the nearest treasury. From district and sub-divisional offices the fees shall be remitted to the treasury daily; from rural offices they shall be sent to the treasury at such intervals as the Registrar shall direct. In all cases remittances to the treasury should be accompanied by the chalan book, duly filled up in duplicate. One copy of each chalan will be then kept by the treasury officer and the other returned with his signature.

96. The receipts entered in the fee book need not be entered in detail in the cash book: their daily totals will be sufficient; but all other receipts, and all payments whatsoever, must be entered in full detail in the cash book. All cash received must at once be entered either in the fee book or in the cash book. No money should under any circumstances be kept out of account. The cash book should be balanced every day, and signed after careful examination by the registering officer.

Records.

97. The Registrar's office shall be a central office of record in each district, and the books and papers of subordinate offices (which are not to be destroyed) shall be transferred to it from time to time.

98. The following records belonging to the period anterior to the enactment of Act XVI of 1864 shall be henceforward permanently preserved in district registry offices:—

- All registers of documents and their indexes.
- Duplicate copies of documents required to be filed under Regulation XX of 1812.
- Registers of powers-of-attorney.
- Original powers required to be filed under Regulation XX of 1812.
- Kazis' records.

99. Besides Register Books I, II, III, and IV, and Indexes I, II, III, and IV, the following records shall be kept in all registry offices:—

- A register of powers-of-attorney in the prescribed form.
- A register of visits and commissions in the prescribed form.
- A fee book in the prescribed form.
- A cash book in the form prescribed by Accountant-General.
- A catalogue in the prescribed form.
- A chalan book in the prescribed form.
- A file of receipts given under section 52 and returned on delivery of registered documents.
- A file of receipts for copies and memoranda under rule 76.
- A file of daily notices exhibited under rule 141.

100. The following additional books shall be kept in the offices of all District Registrars:—

- Register Book No. V.
- A register of letters received.
- A register of letters despatched.

101. In January of each year the following records for the previous year shall be transferred from sub-registry offices to the district office :—

Transfer of books.

Completed volumes of Register Book I (including the file of memoranda).

Completed volumes of Register Book IV and Index IV.

Copies and translations filed under section 19.

102. Register Books II and III, Index III, and the register of powers-of-attorney shall be transferred to the district office as soon as they are filled.

103. In the case of all rural offices, and wherever the sub-registry office is not a masonry building, each volume of the register books shall be forwarded to the district office as soon as it has been filled and indexed, without waiting till the end of the year.

104. For the period since Act XVI of 1864 came into force, the following records shall be preserved in perpetuity in all district offices :—

Records to be preserved in perpetuity.

All register books and their indexes prescribed by Acts XVI of 1864, XX of 1866, VIII of 1871, and III of 1877, as well those of the district registry offices as those received from the sub-registry offices.

Registers of powers-of-attorney.

Catalogue.

Cash book.

Fee book.

Reports of the destruction of records and lists of the papers destroyed.

105. The following records shall be preserved in perpetuity in all sub-registry offices :—

Register Book III under Act XVI of 1864, and Book V under Act XX of 1866.

The rough indexes under Act XVI of 1864.

Original Indexes I and II under Acts XX of 1866, VIII of 1871, and III of 1877.

Catalogue.

Cash book.

Fee book.

106. When a registered document is destroyed under section 85, a note to that effect shall be made in the margin opposite the copy in the book in which it is registered.

Section 85.

107. The following records may be destroyed after the expiration of three full years from the period to which they relate :—

Records to be destroyed after three years.

Registers of visits and commissions.

Chalan books.

The receipts referred to in section 52.

Receipts referred to in rule 76.

All correspondence, whether in English or in the vernacular, which is of an ordinary routine character, and which the Registrar considers may be destroyed.

Monthly returns, petitions, and other records and papers not otherwise specified.

108. No documents, books or papers whatever shall be destroyed at a sub-registry office, without the previous sanction of the Inspector-General; and before documents are destroyed an endeavour must always be made to induce the presentants to take them back.

109. The register books and indexes of the general registry offices under Act XVI of 1864 and Act XX of 1866 shall be preserved in the Calcutta registry office.

Applications for Search or Copies.

110. All applications for search or for copies should be made to the registering officer himself. If an application is made in writing, the registering officer should initial it at once, giving the date. If an application is made *word voce*, the registering officer should write on a slip of paper, "Give copy," or some such brief order, adding his initials and date. All such applications and orders should be preserved on a separate file, the date on which a search has been made or copy completed being noted. Applications made through Sub-Registrars for copies from registers deposited in the district office must be in writing, and should be at once transmitted to the Registrar for compliance. No stamp is required on applications for searches or copies.

111. Registrars shall permit search and grant copies of entries in the registers kept up previous to the enactment of Act III of 1877 at the same rate of fees and to the same extent as in the case of registers under that Act.

112. A call for information from any court or revenue authority shall, if it necessitates search in the registers, be accompanied by the necessary fee for search. Officers of Government shall be permitted to inspect the registers without fee; but if the production of a register book in any court is required, it shall be produced by an officer of the registration establishment deputed for that purpose, who will be entitled to claim payment of his expenses like any other witness.

Indents.

113. Before the 1st of September of each year every Sub-Registrar shall submit to the Registrar to whom he is subordinate an indent in the prescribed form for all register books and other registration forms which will be required in his office during the following calendar year.

114. Every Registrar shall submit to the Inspector-General before the 15th September of each year an indent in triplicate in the prescribed form for all register books and other registration forms which will be required for his own office and those of the Sub-Registrars subordinate to him during the following calendar year. When it is desired that the supply of register books, &c., should be forwarded to any sub-registry office direct instead of being sent through the office of the Registrar to whom he is subordinate, an intimation to that effect should accompany the Registrar's indent, and the indents of such Sub-Registrars should be submitted separately in triplicate with the Registrar's endorsement, instead of being embodied in the Registrar's indent.

115. When delay occurs in supplying register books and other registration forms, reminders should be addressed, not to the Inspector-General of Registration, but to the Superintendent of Stationery, the number of this office order being quoted. Reminders are useless without it.

116. Indents for the forms enumerated below, which have been prescribed by the Accountant-General, should be submitted in duplicate in March of each year direct to the Superintendent of Stationery.

1A.—Accountant-General's form of indent form.

116.—Commission list of Sub-Registrars.

117.—Salary list of gazetted officers of the Registration Department.

118.—Salary list of sanctioned establishments of the Registration Department.

119.—Bill for contingent charges of the Registration Department.

120.—Travelling allowance of Registrars.

121.—Travelling allowance of ministerial officers of the Registration Department.

128.—Bill for refund of registration fee for sub-divisional and rural sub-registry office.

138.—Detailed bill of contingent charges for countersignature.

141.—Leave statement.

151.—Form of acknowledgment of permanent advance.

183.—Cash book of registration.

184.—Acquittance roll of establishment.

117. Rural Sub-Registrars may be supplied with registration ink and other stationery from the district office at cost price, which should be ascertained from the Superintendent of Stationery. The hand-laid medium paper required for copies under sections 64 and 65 will be supplied to them gratis. They are also supplied with registers, index books, and printed forms free of charge.

The cost of sending the registers, &c., from the Stationery Office to the offices of rural Sub-Registrars which are situated at a distance from Calcutta is borne by Government, and the charge met from the provision made in the budget for the Registrar's office contingencies.

118. Before the several dates noted below all District Registrars should send to the Superintendent of Stationery an indent in duplicate in the prescribed form for the stationery (including registration ink) which will be required for the registry offices in their districts during the next twelve months; indents from Sub-Registrars should be submitted to the district office at least fifteen days before these dates. The Registrar's indent should include all ink and other stationery likely to be required by rural Sub-Registrars under rule 117, above.

JUNE.—Patna, Bhagalpore, and Rajshahye Divisions, except the district of Rajshahye.

JULY.—Dacca, and Cooch Behar Divisions.

SEPTEMBER.—Calcutta offices.

OCTOBER.—Chittagong Division.

NOVEMBER.—Presidency and Burdwan Divisions and the Rajshahye district (Rampore Benaulah).

DECEMBER.—Chota Nagpore and Orissa.

Permanent Advance.

119. A permanent advance, not exceeding Rs. 200, will be allowed for each District Registrar on account of (1) contingencies, (2) service postage, and (3) refund of registration fees; but he need not draw the full advance of Rs. 200 where his ordinary expenses fall much below that amount. The Registrar will appropriate the amount drawn according to the require-

ments of each subordinate office, care being taken that a sum is allowed sufficient to meet charges for refunds only; because in the case of rural offices contingent charges will be defrayed by the rural Sub-Registrars, and in other sub-registry offices they should be met from the advance for general purposes received from the Accountant-General. In cases of the dismissal or death of rural Sub-Registrars, the District Registrar will be held responsible for the amount of the advances made by him. At the close of each official year the District Registrar will send an acknowledgment of the entire advance to the Accountant-General, Bengal, in A. G. B. form No. 151, of which a supply should be kept at hand.

120. The advance received by a Sub-Registrar will never be repaid into the treasury, but recouped from time to time, when necessary, by the submission to the Registrar of an abstract bill or bills supported by needful vouchers. On the first office day after the 25th March in each year the officer receiving the advance will forward an acknowledgment of its receipt to the District Registrar. Whenever there is a change of incumbency, the relieving officer shall also address to the Registrar an acknowledgment in the following form:—

"To the Registrar of

"We, the undersigned, have the honor to report that we have this day, at _____ o'clock in the forenoon (or afternoon), respectively made over and received charge of the office of

"Relieved Officer.

"Relieving Officer."

"And I, the Relieving Officer, acknowledge to have received Rupees _____ of the permanent advance of Rupees _____, and that the full amount of such advance is due from and to be accounted for by me.

"Dated the

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"Relieving Officer."

Salary Bills.

121. Registrars and Sub-Registrars who are paid by fixed salaries will draw their pay in Accountant-General's form No. 117, and the bill may be paid without the countersignature of superior authority.

122. Sub-Registrars who are wholly or partly remunerated by a percentage on the fees will draw their commission at the end of each month, in Accountant-General's form No. 116, at such rate as may have been sanctioned by Government, but upon such fees only as shall have been actually paid into the treasury. In calculating commission, the fees levied on documents which are still pending at the close of the month shall be excluded; but if the documents be eventually registered, the fees previously credited in respect of them will be brought into the commission account for the month in which they are registered. No commission is payable on fines, or on the extra fees for registration by a Registrar, or on the receipts for the sale of paper. Commission bills require the Registrar's countersignature before payment.

123. When an officer is temporarily placed in charge of the office of a Special Sub-Registrar during his absence on inspection duty in the interior of his district, he is not entitled to draw

commission, which the Special Sub-Registrar retains.

Establishment Bills.

124. Salary bills for permanent establishments will be drawn in Accountant-General's form No. 118 by the head of the office. They do not require the countersignature of higher authority.

125. Bills for extra establishments paid by salary may be drawn in the same way as those for fixed establishments, the orders sanctioning their entertainment being always quoted in the bill.

126. Bills for wages of extra writers paid at contract rates require the countersignature of the Inspector-General before payment. Whenever special establishments are entertained, whether they are paid by salary or at contract rates, a weekly progress statement must be submitted to the Inspector-General in printed form No. 34A.

Contingent Bills.

127. A register of contingent expenditure shall be kept in each office, and the initials of the head of the office shall be entered against the date of the payment of each item.

128. The disbursing officer, that is the officer who draws a bill for contingent charges and is responsible for the due disbursement of the amount, may be left to deal with vouchers for items not exceeding ten rupees, attaching to his contingent bill a certificate in the following form:—

"I certify that the expenditure charged in this bill could not, with due regard to the interests of the public service, be avoided. I have satisfied myself that the charges entered in this bill have been really paid. Vouchers of all sums above Rs. 10 in amount are attached to the bill. I have, as far as possible, obtained vouchers for smaller sums, and am personally responsible that they have been so destroyed that they cannot be used again, except the vouchers for service postage labels, which are herewith sent."

129. When the bill of a disbursing officer is countersigned, vouchers for sums above Rs. 10 and not exceeding Rs. 100 shall be examined, cancelled, and retained in the office of the countersigning officer.

The following certificate is prescribed for the countersigning officer:—

"I certify that in support of every charge of more than Rs. 10 made in this bill a receipt or other voucher in proper form has been given to me and is now in my possession. The receipts and vouchers for items in excess of Rs. 100 are attached to the bill, and I am personally responsible that the receipts and vouchers for all other items of more than Rs. 10 are in proper form and order, and that they have been so cancelled that they cannot again be used to support claims against the Government, except the vouchers for service postage labels, which are herewith sent."

130. The salary of sweepers cannot be charged to contingencies. The wages of punkah-pullers may be so charged when their employment has been sanctioned.

131. No charges for printing may be incurred without the special sanction of the Inspector-

General. Such printed forms as are necessary will be printed at the Alipore Jail Press under the authority of the Inspector-General.

132. English stationery procurable from the Stationery Office may not be purchased in the local market, but charges for petty articles, such as sealing-ink, paste, thread, country paper, &c., may be included in the monthly contingent bill.

133. Sub-Registrars' contingent bills should be presented for payment at the end of each month, and if the total charge does not exceed Rs. 10, the Registrar's countersignature is sufficient for audit. All charges for service postage labels, however small, must be supported by vouchers, and require the countersignature of the Inspector-General.

134. Registrars' contingent bills not exceeding Rs. 10 in amount do not require countersignature.

135. When the expenditure during any month on account of contingencies, service postage, and refunds in any Registrar's office exceed the amount of the permanent advance, the amount expended may be drawn by an abstract bill or bills (*see* Accountant-General's form No. 119) submitted during the month under the Registrar's signature. But in such cases a detailed bill (*see* Accountant-General's form No. 138), accompanied by vouchers, must also be submitted to the Inspector-General at the end of the month.

Miscellaneous.

136. When the executant of any document appears personally, he shall be required to attest all interlineations, &c. When he appears by agent, &c., the attestation of such agent, &c., shall be accepted, unless the interlineations, &c., are of an important character. A registering officer shall also be at liberty, on due cause being shown, to accept the attestation of an agent, &c., in case of important interlineations, &c.

137. When a document is presented or admitted more than four months after execution, the Registrar may either register it himself, in which case an extra fee under heading K as well as the penalty under heading O shall be levied, or he may direct its registration (on payment of the penalty under heading O) by any Sub-Registrar in whose office it could have been registered if presented within four months. In such cases the date on which the application was made to the Registrar shall be regarded as the date of presentation.

138. Every Sub-Registrar shall sit daily during certain hours which shall be approved by the Registrar and made known to the public by a notice in some conspicuous place outside the office. The holidays to be observed in registration offices shall be the days on which the Bank of Bengal is closed by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

139. Applications for the remission of fines under section 70 may be filed with the registering officer, but no such application shall be received until the fine has been paid. The application shall be forwarded to the Inspector-General with

any remarks which the registering officer may wish to make

140. Registering officers shall take care that their clerks have no dealings with the public, except in their presence. They shall themselves receive documents which are tendered for registration, and when they are registered shall return them with their own hands.

141. The serial number of the last document completed and ready for return shall be daily exhibited in the prescribed printed form in some conspicuous place outside every office.

142. A catalogue in the prescribed form shall be kept up and permanently preserved in every registry office. On the occasion of every permanent change in the incumbency, the officer receiving charge should compare his books with the catalogue, and certify therein that he has found them correct.

143. All official letters and covers sent by post from any sub-registry or district registry office must be prepaid by service labels. These labels will be supplied to Sub-Registrars (on application) by District Registrars, who will disallow unreasonable and excessive demands. A monthly statement of the distribution of service labels should be submitted by each District Registrar for the information of the Inspector-General. The cost of these labels will be met from the consolidated advance mentioned in rule 119. Service labels will be purchased by District Registrars as they require them, the expenditure being included in their monthly contingent bill, supported by the Treasury Officer's receipts as vouchers.

144. Bills, monthly returns, and regular indents should not be accompanied by covering letters. The envelopes containing them should be marked "Returns." Letters and urgent indents should be separately sent.

145. A duplicate bill should never be submitted unless the original is lost in transit or otherwise, in which case a certificate should be attached to the effect that the bill has not been cashed at the treasury.

146. Travelling allowances of registering officers and their clerks will be drawn in Accountant-General's forms Nos. 120 and 121 respectively; and in both cases they must invariably be submitted to the Inspector-General for countersignature before payment, whatever may be the amount of the bill.

147. When ministerial officers of the department are deputed to give evidence or to produce records before any court, application for the payment of their travelling expenses should be made to the court.

148. House and office rent sanctioned by Government may be drawn by the head of the office without the countersignature of higher authority, the number and date of the Government order being always quoted on the bill.

149. Office furniture must not be purchased without the sanction of the Inspector-General. An estimate of the probable cost should accompany all applications for such sanction.

150. The security bonds of head-clerks should be examined at the close of each financial year, the result being reported to the Inspector-General.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under the powers vested in him by Section 32 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exclude the following portions of the roads within the limits of the Rungpore Municipality from the operation of the Act, and to authorize the transfer of such roads to the charge of the Road Cess Committee of that district:—

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. The Julpigoree road. | 4. Bogra road. |
| 2. Dinagepore road. | 5. Cooch Behar road. |
| 3. Kaligunge and Mahigunge road. | 6. Kurigram road. |

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th July 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the ferry at Indupur, on the river Braminee, in the district of Cuttack.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Bankoora, made at a meeting, to sanction the extension to that Municipality of the provisions of Sections 235 to 256, 271 to 274, 278 to 288, and 292 to 294 of Part VII of the Act.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th July 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Dinapore at a meeting under Section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information :—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate, if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20 : provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners whose services may be no longer required shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated, and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

8. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

9. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any well-privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation or any place containing waste and stagnant water, or into any other receptacle.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle, of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

14. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

15. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part, Rs. 10.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of Public Roads.

16. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-work, fire-arm, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-Laws.

17. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the cost as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

18. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of, the Commissioners, and in any such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

19. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice Rs. 5 daily.

20. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

21. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

22. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any nullah or water-course, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement Rs. 4 daily.

23. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

24. No person shall let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface of the ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

26. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

27. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

29. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

30. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

31. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement Rs. 10.

32. Any person allowing cattle or animals to be at large within the limits of the Municipality without proper attendants shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th July 1877.—The following Notification is published in supersession of that which appeared at page 747 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877:—

It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare as public the two ferries at Achintola and Jhalmalia, in the district of Rajshahye—the former over the river Narod, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Pubna; and the latter on the Moosakhan-ka-khali, where it intersects the road from Bauleah to Nattore.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st July 1877.—It is hereby notified that such portion of the Notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th July 1877 as relates to Section 4 of the Regulations made by the Government under Section 6, Act XX, 1865, for conducting the examination of applicants for admission as pleaders and mookhtars in the mofussil courts subordinate to the High Court, has been cancelled by the Lieutenant-Governor, and that the following has been substituted:—

“The examination of candidates for pleaderships of the higher grade shall be held in Calcutta; the examination for lower grade pleaders shall be held at Calcutta and Cuttack; the examination for mooktarships shall be held at Calcutta, Patna, Dacca, and Cuttack.”

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 10th August 1877.

No. 217.—Notifications.—Mr. A. F. Watson, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Second Grade, Dinagore Division, availed himself of the privilege leave granted * to him from the 28th July 1877, before noon.

* Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 200, dated 9th July 1877.

No. 218 —Mr. J. Patterson, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Third Grade, assumed charge of the Dinagore Division on the 27th July 1877, after noon.

G. A. D. ANLEY, C.E.,

*Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the Public Works Dept.*

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 13th August 1877.

No. 239.—Notifications.—Captain E. C. Elliston, s.c., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Brahminee Division, availed himself on the afternoon of the 26th July 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 240.—In accordance with the orders marginally noted, Mr. T. R. Roberts, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade (temporary rank), received charge of the Brahminee Division from Captain Elliston, s.c., on the afternoon of the 26th July 1877.

No. 241.—Mr. H. D. Pearsall, Officiating Executive Engineer, Dehree Workshop Division, availed himself on the forenoon of the 2nd August 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 242.—Mr. C. K. Curry, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Dehree Workshop Division as a temporary measure, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Mr. H. D. Pearsall, or until further orders.

2. Mr. Curry received charge of the Dehree Workshop Division from Mr. Pearsall on the forenoon of the 2nd August 1877.

No. 243.—Transfers.—Under instructions from the Government of India, Public Works Department, the undermentioned officers of the Bengal Irrigation Branch are transferred to Madras for six months for employment on famine relief works:—

From the Orissa Circle:

Mr. A. C. C. Rogers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.

From the South-Western Circle:

Mr. F. Taylor, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade.

„ E. E. A. Küster, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.

„ A. Hayes, ditto ditto.

„ G. A. G. Shawe, ditto ditto.

The 14th August 1877.

No. 244.—Baboo Mohesh Chunder Bose, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment to the Lower Gunduck Embankment Division.

No. 245.—Baboo Kally Oommar Ooondoo, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment to the Cossye Division.

F. T. HALE, Col., R.E.,

*Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.*

RAILWAY.

Darjeeling, the 11th August 1877.

No. 30.—*Notifications.*—With reference to Joint-Secretary's (Railway Branch) Notification No. 22, of 21st July 1877, Mr. J. Barron, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, joined the Southern Division, Northern Bengal State Railway, on the afternoon of the 6th July.

No. 31.—Mr. T. W. Grant, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, availed himself on the afternoon of the 11th July 1877 of the six months' special leave granted to him in Director of State Railway's Notification (published in Part II of *Gazette of India*) No. 65, of 5th April 1877.

No. 32.—Mr. J. A. Anderson, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, availed himself on the forenoon of the 25th July 1877 of the six months' leave on urgent private affairs granted in Joint-Secretary's (Railway Branch) Notification No. 2, of 25th June 1877.

No. 33.—With reference to Joint-Secretary's Notification No. 6, of 25th June 1877, Mr. E. Byrne, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, joined the Northern Bengal State Railway on the afternoon of the 25th July, and is posted to the Southern Division.

No. 34.—Privilege leave for one month is granted to Mr. C. D. Berril, Supervisor, Second Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the forenoon of the 28th July 1877.

No. 35.—Mr. M. N. S. Hequet, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, Tirhoot State Railway, is granted twenty days' privilege leave, of which he availed himself from the 28th July 1877.

No. 36.—Mr. P. Bradley, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, Tirhoot State Railway, is granted three months' privilege leave from the 15th August 1877, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

F. S. STANTON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. D., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5816, dated 2nd August 1877.—Surgeon Gordon Price made over charge of the Pooree Jail to Surgeon B. Gupta on the forenoon of the 26th July 1877.

S. S. LYNCH,
Dy. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Orders issued by Authority of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

(CIVIL.)

No. 15, dated the 21st July 1877.

PARAGRAPH 1 of Circular Order No. 3, dated 9th February 1874, is cancelled.

2. The Court, however, desires to impress upon all Judicial Officers the importance of getting the best available evidence placed upon the record of a suit.

Original Side.

Dated 9th August 1877.

THE following rules, passed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, are published for general information.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

The following rules, made pursuant to section 51 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, are to come into effect, as the rules of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, from the first day of September 1877:—

1. Every application under section 45 of "the Specific Relief Act, 1877," shall be made to the Judge or one of the Judges exercising the original civil jurisdiction of this Court.

2. If a rule or alternative order be granted or made under section 46 of the said Act, the matter shall, unless otherwise ordered, be set down for hearing at the head of the peremptory list of contested suits for the day fixed by such rule or order for showing cause or making an answer, or such other day or days to which it may be adjourned.

8. If cause be shown or answer made upon affidavit putting in issue any material question of fact, the Court may adjourn the matter to some early day for hearing upon the testimony of witnesses to be examined in like manner as in a suit.

4. When a matter is adjourned for hearing upon the testimony of witnesses, either party may obtain summonses to witnesses, and the procedure in all other respects shall be similar to that followed in a suit.

5. Every application, affidavit, rule, order or other proceeding under the 8th chapter of the said Act shall be entitled in this Court and in the matter of the Act and of the applicant.

6. Unless otherwise ordered, every rule under section 46 of the said Act shall call not only on the public servant, corporation, or inferior Court, but also on any person other than the applicant, who may be affected by the act to be done or forbore, to show cause.

7. The service of every rule or order under the 8th chapter of the said Act shall be made in like manner as the service of the orders made by the Court in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction.

RICHARD GARTH.	R. C. MITTER.
LOWIS S. JACKSON.	W. F. McDONELL.
A. G. MACPHERSON.	J. PITT KENNEDY.
W. MARKBY.	H. T. PRINSEP.
W. AINSLIE.	H. B. LAWFORD.
J. SEWELL WHITE.	

Sheriff's Office, the 15th August 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the tenth day of September next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

সরিস আদালত, সম ১৮৭৭ সাল ১৫ই আগস্ট।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে পুরে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম হাউসের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোর্টদারী বিচার মিল্পত্ব জমা আগামি সম ১৮৭৭ সালের ১০ই সেপ্টেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ালের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগম আদালত হইবে সম ১৮৭৭ সালের অষ্টম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়াল বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম কয়েদীর বিকল্পে কোর্টদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া যোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 14 of Act XI of 1865, that the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Kooshtea, Pubna, and Ochoadanga will, in the months of September and October 1877, subject to the orders of Government, hold sittings on the dates below:—

Kooshtea	...	1st to 15th September and 3rd and 4th October 1877.
Ochoadanga	...	17th to 23rd " and 5th " "
Pubna	...	24th to 30th " and 1st and 2nd " "

KALLY PROSONNO MOOKERJEE, Offg. Judge.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

THE REVEREND JAMES DICKSON CUNNINGHAM, B.A., of Trinity College, Dublin, A. C. S. Chaplain, has been appointed by the Lord Bishop Surrogate in this diocese for granting episcopal licenses of marriage.

CHARLES SANDBERSON, Registrar and Secretary.

CALCUTTA, the 14th August 1877.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO RASH BEHARI BOSE, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Loharduggah treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

V. T. TAYLOR, *Offg. Commr. of Chota Nagpore.*

CHOTA NAGPORE, the 4th August 1877.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO GORIND CHUNDER BOSE has been placed in charge of the 24-Pergunnahs treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

R. L. MANGLES, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, PRES. DIVN., CALCUTTA, the 1st August 1877.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The following alterations in the regulations for the examinations in Medicine having been sanctioned by the Senate, and approved of by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, are published for general information:—

(A) Clauses 8 and 9 of the old regulations of the First M. B. examination, and clauses 4 and 5 of the old regulations for Honours in Medicine, have been omitted.

(B) In clause 2 of the regulations for the First I. M. S. examination, for the words "one course of 40 lectures—Botany," have been substituted the words "one course of 20 lectures—Botany;" and in clause 2 of the regulations for the First M. B. examination, for the words "two courses, each of 40 lectures—Botany," have been substituted the words "two courses, each of 20 lectures—Botany."

It is further notified that the new regulations under paragraph (A) will take effect from the examination of 1877, and the new regulations under paragraph (B) from the examination of 1878.

The following alteration in the form of the certificate appended to the application of candidates for the First Arts and B. A. examinations having been sanctioned by the Senate, and approved of by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, is published for general information:—

The words "that there is, in my opinion, a reasonable probability of his now passing the First Examination in Arts or the B. A. examination" have been omitted.

It is further notified that the above alteration will take effect at the F. A. examination of 1877 and the B. A. examination of 1878.

SENATE HOUSE, the 6th August 1877.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY, *Registrar.*

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 986B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday the 5th September 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

						Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	...	2,080
Benares	"	...	...	...	...	1,920
Total						4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th September 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th September 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th September 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.		Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October 1877	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November "	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December "	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	...	6,240	5,760	12,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 31st July 1877.

No. 983½B.

UNDER the powers conferred by Sections 32 and 133 of Act VI of 1863, the chief customs authority of the Presidency has fixed Panchparah, the southern limit of the port of Calcutta, as the station or place at which vessels arriving at or departing from the port of Calcutta shall be required to bring to for the boarding or landing of officers of customs.

(CUSTOMS.
C. T. BUCKLAND, Esq.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

FORT WILLIAM, the 30th July 1877.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1877.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 1461.—Simla, the 31st July 1877.—Notifications.—Public.—In the rules published under Home Department Notification No. 3742, dated the 21st August 1867, to regulate the submission, receipt, and transmission of memorials addressed to Her Majesty's Government, the following Rule VIII has been substituted for the rule bearing the same number, and is published for general information:—

VIII.—No limit is fixed to the time within which an appeal from an act or order of the Governments in India must be preferred to the Home Government except in the case of appeals from a judicial decision in which the Judge is a political officer and in which the appeal ordinarily lies to Government in the Political Department. Such appeals* must be preferred within a period of twelve months from the date of communication to the persons concerned of the order to which objection is taken.

* When a judicial decision of the nature referred to has been communicated to the party or parties concerned before the date of this notification, he or they may appeal from such decision within 18 months from the date of this notification.

No. 648.—The 2nd August 1877.—Establishment.—The Hon'ble E. G. Birch, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, availed himself, on the afternoon of the 17th ultimo, of the privilege leave granted to him in Home Department Notification No. 492, dated the 6th June last.

No. 649.—The Hon'ble H. B. Lawford took his seat as an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 13th ultimo.

No. 250.—The 3rd August 1877.—Ecclesiastical.—The Reverend J. A. Mackay, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State to retire from the service with effect from the 25th May last.

No. 252.—The Reverend J. H. Taylor, B.A., of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival in Calcutta on the 13th ultimo.

The services of Mr. Taylor are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 23rd idem.

No. 253.—The services of the Reverend W. MacCarthy, Chaplain of Rangoon Town, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 26th ultimo, or the subsequent date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, are republished for general information :—

COMMERCE AND TRADE.

Simla, the 3rd August 1877.

No. 14 of 1877.—The following Notice to Mariners is published for general information :—

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

CEYLON, SOUTH COAST.

Buoy marking Gindurah Rock.

The Master Attendant, Galle, has given notice that an iron buoy, printed *red*, has been laid in 11 fathoms about two cables to the southward of Gindurah rock, from which Edward's pillar is just open south of the lighthouse.

Gindurah rock, on which the sea does not always break, is highly dangerous, having only 9 feet water over its shoalest part; between it and the buoy the ground is foul.

Vessels making for Galle harbour from the westward and northward will, by keeping the light-house on an E. by N. bearing, pass nearly 2 miles south of Gindurah rock and clear of the Whale rocks; southward of this bearing the ground is clear.

Vessels requiring a Pilot should heave to with the lighthouse bearing from N. E. to N. N. E. distant about one mile, thus avoiding the Cadda rocks off the entrance to the Port.

The outer Cadda rock is marked by *red* buoy. Should the buoy be out of its place, the danger which it marks will be avoided by keeping Eriminia Galle point well open of Oonawutty point: these points in line lead on the Cadda rocks.

The present Admiralty chart of the Approaches to Galle harbour, No. 819, must be used with caution, as the points abovementioned, delineated thereon, are three-quarters of a point out of bearing.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, }
The 27th July 1877.

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.)
Supdt., Marine Survey of India.

By Order,

G. H. M. BATTEN,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Approaches to Point de Galle harbour, No. 819; Ceylon Island, No. 813; and Bay of Bengal, No. 70a: also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 430.

If this Notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

No. 293.—*The 4th August 1877.*—Under Section 8 of Act VIII of 1876 (the Native Passenger Ships' Act, 1876,) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall come into force from the date of this notification.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 2144.—*Simla, the 30th July 1877.*—*Notifications—Accounts.—Resolution.*—The Governor-General in Council deems it important that in all accounts of expenditure on public works undertaken by the State for the relief of distress caused by famine, a clear distinction should be maintained between the cost of materials and skilled labour, and the outlay on unskilled labour.

2. It will often be impossible to avoid some expenditure on such works for materials (the purchase and carriage of which can seldom, if ever, contribute much to the relief of the distressed population, which is the first object of the works), or for skilled labour, the employment of which might not be required immediately for relief purposes; if it is so required, the wages paid should, as a rule, be at unskilled rates only.

3. But it is the paramount duty of all authorities responsible for the expenditure on such works to reduce to a minimum the expenditure which is thus accessory to the large outlay for direct relief which, at such times, strains the resources of the State. The accounts should be so constructed as to show plainly the proportion of the whole expenditure absorbed in such accessories.

4. His Excellency in Council is accordingly pleased to decide that whenever any public work is undertaken for purpose of famine relief, the expenditure thereon shall be classified as follows :—

- (1) For materials.
- (2) For labour paid at the rates fixed by the Government for unskilled labour upon relief works.
- (3) For labour paid, for whatever reason, at any higher rates divided into (a) skilled labour, (b) supervision of labourers, skilled and unskilled.

5. Explanation will be expected by the Supreme Government whenever the proportion of the whole expenditure which falls under headings (1) and (3) bears any substantial proportion to the whole expenditure on the work.

6. These instructions should, as far as possible, be applied retrospectively in the case of the works undertaken since the beginning of the existing famine in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies and in Mysore; and all future estimates of works to be thus undertaken should be classified in the manner thus prescribed.

ORDERED that this resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* and distributed for information and guidance as follows:—

- 1.—To the Revenue and Public Works Departments of the Government of India.
- 2.—To the several Local Governments and Administrations.
- 3.—To the Comptroller-General and to the several Accountants-General and Deputy Accountants General in independent charge.

No. 2380.—*The 8th August 1877.—Pensions, Gratuities, &c.*—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department:—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 6 (page 4).

INSERT THE FOLLOWING AS RULE 2:—

2. Saving as provided in Exception (4), a soldier whether attached or unattached cannot count service for civil pension till he takes his discharge from the army.

Section 55, Rule 1 (page 29).

Substitute for the words

“below the rank of Head Constable”

the words

“whose pay does not exceed twenty rupees a month, and”

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 688.—*Simla, the 3rd August 1877*—Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces:—

To be Captains.

* * * * *

Lieutenant Alexander Evans Gordon. Dated 18th April 1877.

No. 689.—*Medical Department.*—Supernumerary Surgeons-Major * * * * * Edmund John Hoskins, M.D., are brought on the establishment of Surgeons-Major to fill existing vacancies.

H. A. COCKRELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1877.

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Parts IA, V, and VI are not sent to officers receiving the Gazette of India.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th August 1877.—The following are the dates fixed for the Lieutenant-Governor's tour:—

Leave Calcutta	...	...	21st August.
Arrive Kishnaghur	...	...	22nd "
Kishnaghur	...	...	23rd, 24th "
Leave Kishnaghur	...	...	25th "
Arrive Berhampore	...	...	26th "
Berhampore	...	...	27th, 28th "
Arrive Jungipore	...	...	29th "
" Rajmehal	...	...	30th "
" Bhagulpore	...	...	1st September.
Bhagulpore	...	...	2nd, 3rd, 4th "
Arrive Carragola	...	...	5th "

H. BOILEAU, Captain,
Private Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st August 1877.—The following general instructions are notified for the guidance, of officers corresponding directly with the Government of Bengal, during the time His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor is at Darjeeling:—

As a general rule, all communications should be sent, as usual, to the Secretary's Office in Calcutta; but communications which are urgent, and which can be made complete in themselves, so as not to require reference to papers at the Presidency, may be sent direct to the Secretary with the Lieutenant-Governor at Darjeeling.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 4378A.

✓ **GENERAL.**—*The 15th August 1877.*—Mr. T. E. Coxhead, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

✓ Mr. F. Wyer, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. E. Coxhead, or until further orders.

✓ *The 16th August 1877.*—Baboo Huro Kali Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Moonsheegunge division of the Dacca district, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Furreedpore. This cancels the orders of the 23rd July 1877, transferring Baboo Huro Kali Mookerjee to the Sudder Station of Pooree.

✓ Mr. T. E. Dempster, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sonthal Pergunnahs, was on privilege leave from the 4th to the 20th May last.

✓ Mr. E. B. Godfrey, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagapore, was on privilege leave from 20th June to 1st August 1877.

✓ *The 18th August 1877.*—Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee, Special Deputy Collector employed on road cess work in Darjeeling, is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Seventh Grade, *vice* Mr. R. D. Hare.

✓ Baboo Nobin Chunder Sen, late Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Chittagong, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Pooree.

✓ *The 20th August 1877.*—Moulvi Shah Mahomed Ibrahim, who was recently appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Bhagulpore Division, is posted to the Sudder Station of Monghyr.

Baboo Umesh Chunder Batabyal, who was recently appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Presidency Division, is posted to the Sudder Station of the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The leave granted to Moulvi Ahmed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, for one year, under Section 7, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, under orders of the 8th August 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, will have effect from the 9th instead of from the 15th August 1877, as previously notified.

✓ Mr. G. M. Currie, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is appointed to act in the Second Grade of Magistrates and Collectors during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. C. Price, or until further orders.

✓ Mr. H. W. Mackenzie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in connection with the settlement of the Burkagurh Estate, in Lohardugga, is appointed to act until further orders in the Third Grade of Assistant Commissioners. Mr. Mackenzie will continue to be employed in his present duties.

✓ Mr. J. B. Worgan, District and Sessions Judge of Dinagapore, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Judges during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. Drummoud, or until further orders.

✓ Mr. C. M. W. Brett, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Serajgunge division of the Pubna district, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd September next.

✓ Mr. C. J. S. Faulder, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Pubna, is appointed to have charge of the Serajgunge division of the Pubna district during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. M. W. Brett, or until further orders.

✓ Mr. J. T. Jarbo, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave for one month, under Section 12—2, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 27th instant.

✓ *The 21st August 1877.*—Mr. E. R. Henry, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Rajmehal division of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for six weeks, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th September next, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

✓ Mr. A. W. Cosserat, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Doomka, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is appointed to have charge of the Rajmehal division of that district during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. R. Henry, or until further orders. This cancels the orders of the 9th August 1877, appointing Mr. Cosserat to have charge of the Arrareah division of the Barneah district.

✓ The orders of the 14th August 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem, transferring Baboo Chunder Narain Singh, M.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bhagulpore, to the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, and Baboo Rutten Lal Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, from Bagdogra, in Rungpore, to the Sudder Station of Bhagulpore, are cancelled.

✓ **POLICE.**—*The 16th August 1877.*—Mr. M. B. Rochfort, Assistant Inspector-General of Railway Police, is placed in the Fourth Grade of District Superintendents, and is posted to Backergunge.

Mr. C. Jennins, District Superintendent of Police, Durbhunga, is appointed to be Assistant Inspector-General of Railway Police in that portion of the East Indian Railway which lies within the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *vice* Mr. M. B. Rochfort.

Mr. A. Blair, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Nuddea, is appointed temporarily to act as Assistant Inspector-General of Railway Police in that portion of the East Indian Railway which lies within the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, until relieved by Mr. C. Jennins.

Mr. W. D. Pratt, District Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, on leave, is promoted from the Fourth to the Third Grade of District Superintendents, *vice* Mr. M. B. Rochfort.

Mr. Pratt is also appointed to act as Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, during the absence, on furlough, of Captain A. R. Wilkinson, or until further orders.

Mr. H. Munro, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Burdwan, is transferred to Durbhunga.

Mr. H. N. Harris, District Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is transferred to Burdwan.

Mr. G. D. Graham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Nuddea.

The 21st August 1877.—Mr. C. H. C. Sevenoaks, who was, under orders of the 2nd August 1877 appointed to act as an Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to the 24-Pergunnahs district.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 21st August 1877.*—The Revd. W. MacCarthy is appointed to be Junior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral and Chaplain of the Presidency Jail, with effect from the forenoon of the 15th instant.

REGISTRATION.—*The 10th August 1877.*—Munshi Farashatoollah, Rural Sub-Registrar of Nitrokonah, in the district of Mymensingh, on probation, is confirmed in that post.

The 16th August 1877.—Baboo Aubinash Chunder Mitter, Special Sub-Registrar, Rungpore, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 5th September next.

EDUCATION.—*The 17th August 1877.*—Baboo Bhuan Lall, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Shahabad, is allowed leave for six months, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 16th February 1877.

The 20th August 1877.—Mr. A. S. Phillips, B.A., Head Master, Patna Collegiate School, is allowed leave for four months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. F. LeFeuvre, Officiating Second Master, Patna Collegiate School, is appointed to officiate as Head Master of that institution during the absence, on leave, of Mr. A. S. Phillips, or until further orders.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 17th August 1877.*—Baboo Lolit Mohun Singh is appointed to be a member of the Economic Museum Committee of Hooghly.

PORT TRUST.—*The 17th August 1877.*—Mr. Duncan Mackinnon is appointed to be a Commissioner for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta under Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

ROAD CESS.—*The 21st August 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of the Darjeeling Terai :—

The Deputy Commissioner, <i>Chairman</i>	...	...	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
The Tehsildar of the Terai, <i>Vice-Chairman</i>	...	...
The Officer in charge of the Kurseong and Terai sub-divisions,	...	...
Moonshi Ahmed Mahomed, Jotedar and Government Pensioner.	...	...
„ Ahmed Hossein, Pleader.	...	...
Baboo Becharam Chuckerbutty, Tea Planter.	...	...
Mr. O. D. Johnson,	ditto.	...	
Mr. E. P. Tod,	ditto.	...	
Baboo Pahar Sing Chowdry, Jotedar.	...	...

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Darjeeling :—

The Deputy Commissioner, <i>Chairman</i>	} <i>Ex officio.</i>
The Assistant Commissioner	...	...
The Conservator of Forests	...	...
The Executive Engineer of Civil Works	...	...
The Officer in local charge of the Cinchona Garden	...	...
Mr. C. W. Bagshawe	} <i>Tea Planters.</i>
„ T. B. Curtis	...	...
„ G. W. Christison	...	...
„ Forbes Hall	...	...
„ J. Johnston	...	...
„ J. Munro	...	...
„ J. Riddell	...	...
„ B. Southby	...	...
„ J. Stalkartt	...	...
„ A. Wernicke	...	...
„ W. Lloyd, Landholder and Banker.	
Baboo Mohendrolall Dass, Agent to the Maharajah of Burdwan.	
Tindook, Tehsildar and Landholder.	

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 20th August 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 15.)

Sindh Coast—Kurrachee.

1.—ALTERATION IN MANORA POINT LIGHT.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 1, of 20th March 1877, on the intended alteration in Manora Point light,—

The Harbour Authorities at Kurrachee have further notified that, on the 15th August 1877, the present light will be discontinued and the new *revolving* light exhibited, which will attain its greatest brilliancy every two minutes, and be visible from a distance of 20 miles in every direction seaward.

Position.—Lat. $24^{\circ} 47' 21''$ N. ; long. $66^{\circ} 58' 15''$ E.

Red Sea—Coast of Arabia.

2.—DISCOVERY OF A BANK NEAR TOWAK ISLAND.

The *Hydrografische Nachricht* No. 6 of 1877, announces that the Master of the Austrian Lloyd's steamer *Oreste* reports having touched on a bank, not shown on the Admiralty Charts, which, according to his statement, lies about two miles north-east of Towak Island in the Red Sea in lat. $16^{\circ} 19' 30''$ N., and long. $42^{\circ} 38'$ E. The bank extends one cable in an east and west direction, and has a depth of 13 feet over it.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, Calcutta, 8th August 1877.

(1) This notice will affect the following Admiralty Charts:—Kurrachee harbour, No. 40; Indus tidal channels from Manora Point to Kaha river, No. 41; Sindh and Kutch coasts, No. 42; Maskat to Kurrachee, No. 38; Kurrachee to Vingorla, No. 826; and Indian Ocean, northern portion, No. 748b: also Admiralty list of lights in South Africa, East Indies, &c., 1877; the West Coast of Hindostan Pilot, page 237; the Supplement to the Persian Gulf Pilot, page 24; the Indian Marine Survey Light List, 1877, No. 10; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., pages 309 and 334.

(2) Red Sea, Khor Nowarat, &c., No. 8d; Red Sea, No. 2523; and Juba Islands to Maskat, &c., No. 98: also Admiralty Red Sea Pilot, page 190; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 177.

If this notice is received on board ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the charts affected by it, and introduced into the sailing directions to which it relates.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Gya District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be August 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th August 1877.—Under Section 70 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the Chumparun District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be September 1877, in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th August 1877.—Under Section 2 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the cesses leviable under the said Act shall take effect in the district of Lohardugga from the 1st October 1877.

Under Section 70 of the aforesaid Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the District Committee shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year commencing on the 1st October 1877, as in the said section provided, shall be September 1877 in the said district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF POOREE.

The 20th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Pooree have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act at the maximum rates for the ensuing road cess year. The cesses payable in the Pooree district for the year beginning with the 1st October 1877 will therefore be at the following rates:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act and on the annual net profits of mines, &c., under Part III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops:—

Dwelling-houses estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
"	500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
"	1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
"	Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF JALPIGOREE.

The 20th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Jalpigoree have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the ensuing cess year beginning with the 1st October 1877 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
"	500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
"	1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
"	2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

A. MACKENZIE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF BANKOORA.

The 13th August 1877.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Bankoora have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year beginning on the 1st October 1877 at the following rates:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Parts II and III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs.	100, but less than Rs. 500	...	1	0 0
"	500, " 1,000	...	3	0 0
"	1,000, " 2,000	...	4	8 0
"	2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof of the estimated present value.			

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

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[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Rules for the Zemindari Dāk under Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862.

The 11th August 1877.—The primary object of the zemindari dāk is the conveyance of letters between police officers and police-stations and the magisterial officers of the district. Where, however, zemindari dāk establishments exist, there can be no objection to making further use of them for the conveyance and delivery of private correspondence, so long as no extra charge is thrown thereby upon the zemindars or Government farmers. Throughout Bengal, moreover, it has been found convenient to entrust to the Postal authorities the general control and direction of the district dāk lines, to ensure their proper working in connection with the lines of the imperial post. The following rules have been framed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under Section 11, Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862, for the purpose of defining the duties and relations of the Magistrates and the Postal authorities, and for giving proper effect to the provisions of the Act.

1. It is the duty of the Magistrate of the district to determine the stations between which communication is required for police purposes.

2. The Post-Master-General will then, in communication with the Magistrate, arrange all questions connected with routes, stages, timing, strength and cost of establishment and the like, any difference of opinion between them being referred for the orders of the Commissioner, which shall be final.

3. No charges on account of delivery peons or rural messengers can be included in the zemindari dāk budget; but the cost of all establishments necessary for the collection and proper keeping of the accounts of the zemindari dāk cess, as well as for the punctual conveyance of the district mails, and all reasonable charges for contingencies, including boats, huts, common post-office furniture, stationery and the like, must be defrayed from the funds raised under the provisions of the Act.

4. The Sub-Inspector of Post-Offices will annually, on or before the 15th of November prepare, under the instructions of the Magistrate, an estimate of the total cost of the establishments and contingencies required for the year commencing on the 1st April following. The Magistrate, after including in this the cost of his own office establishment and any extra provision necessary for keeping up communications with his own camp while on tour, will forward the budget to the Post-Master-General, who will, after passing or modifying it (in communication with the Magistrate) return it to the Magistrate for insertion in the budget of the estimated balance at the close of the current year, and the total sum necessary to be levied with reference to the provisions of Section 10 of the Act, with a note of the rate at which he proposes to levy the cess.

Having thus completed the budget estimate, the Magistrate will forward it for the approval and sanction of the Commissioner, who, after passing it, will forward it to the Accountant-General.

5. The monthly pay-bills of the zemindari dāk establishments will be drawn by the Post-Master disbursing the amounts, and be paid at the treasury on the countersignature of the Magistrate. The pay-bills of the Magistrate's own office will be paid on his signature. The monthly contingent bills will be passed only on the countersignature of the Post-Master-General. Charges for boats in the rains, though provided in the budget, will not be incurred without the previous sanction of the Post-Master-General. The Magistrate shall be at